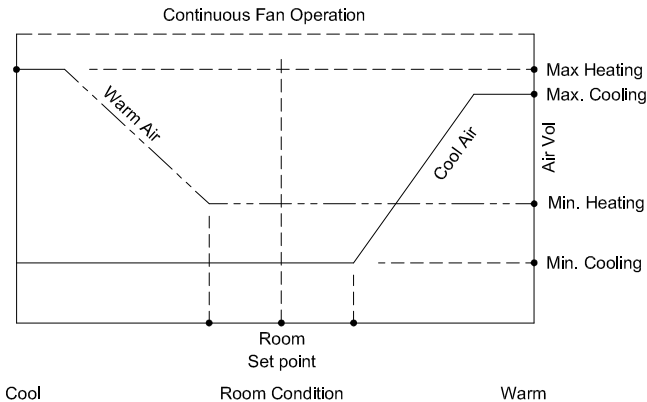


LEGEND

- FACTORY FLOW SENSOR TUBING
- FACTORY ELECTRICAL WIRING
- FIELD ELECTRICAL WIRING

CONTROL GRAPH



Sequence of Operation -- Constant Volume Heat/cool changeover OR cooling only - Pressure Independent

On power up the damper will calibrate closed for 2 minutes.

****If no SAT sensor is present, the controller assumes Cool supply air at all times****

While the space is occupied, the unit fan operates continuously supplying a constant volume of supply air.

Cool supply air: On an increase in space temperature the controller regulates the actuator to open the VAV damper and increase the flow of cool air. On an increase of space temperature greater than the cooling proportional band, the airflow is maintained at its pre-selected maximum setting.

On a decrease in space temperature the controller regulates the actuator to close the VAV damper and reduce the flow of cool air. If the space temperature decreases to less than the cooling proportional band, the airflow is maintained at the pre-selected minimum setting.

Warm supply air: On a decrease in space temperature the controller regulates the actuator to open the VAV damper and increase the flow of warm air. On a decrease of space temperature greater than the heating proportional band, the airflow is maintained at its pre-selected maximum setting.

On an increase in space temperature the controller regulates the actuator to close the VAV damper and reduce the flow of warm air. If the space temperature increases above the heating proportional band, the airflow is maintained at the pre-selected minimum setting.

PROJECT:

ENGINEER:

CUSTOMER:

SUBMITTAL DATE:

SPEC. SYMBOL:

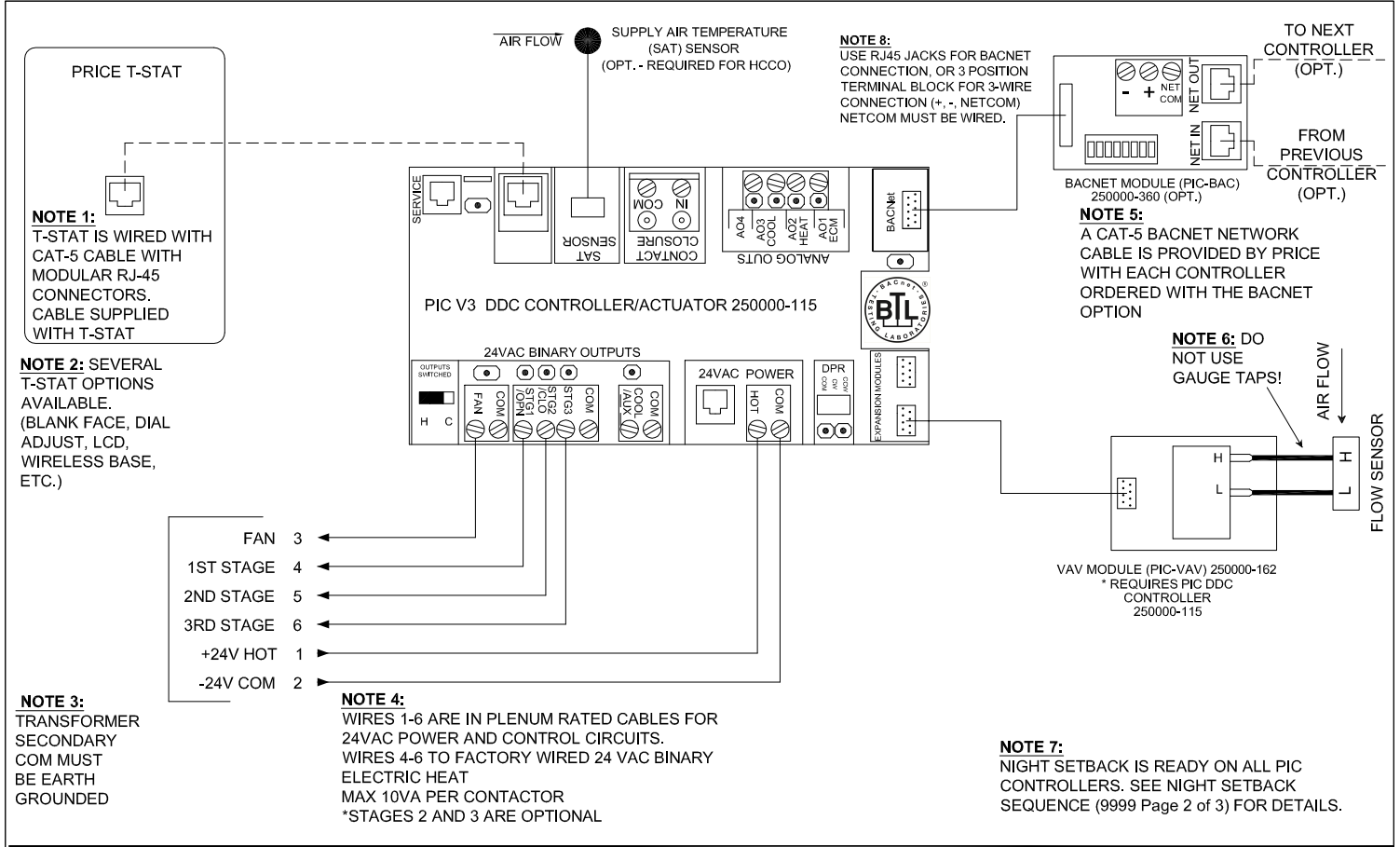
BE MB

249505

2017/06/30



FAN POWERED CONSTANT VOLUME SERIES FLOW
PIC - PRESSURE INDEPENDENT
HEAT/COOL CHANGEOVER
OR COOLING ONLY
NO LOCAL REHEAT CONTROL



Calibration note: Suitable min and max heating flows must be selected in order to maintain flow through energized electric coils of at least 200 fpm and at least 70 cfm/kW throughout the entire operating range.

Sequence of Operation -- Constant Volume Heat/cool changeover OR cooling With up to 3 stage binary reheat - Pressure Independent

On power up the damper will calibrate closed for 2 minutes.
 If no SAT sensor is present, the controller assumes Cool supply air at all times
 While the space is occupied, the unit fan operates continuously supplying a constant volume of supply air.
Cool supply air: On an increase in space temperature the controller regulates the actuator to open the VAV damper and increase the flow of cool air. On an increase of space temperature greater than the cooling proportional band, the airflow is maintained at its pre-selected maximum setting.
 On a decrease in space temperature the controller regulates the actuator to close the VAV damper and reduce the flow of cool air. If the space temperature decreases to less than the cooling proportional band, the airflow is maintained at the pre-selected minimum setting.
Warm supply air: On a decrease in space temperature the controller regulates the actuator to open the VAV damper and increase the flow of warm air. On a decrease of space temperature greater than the heating proportional band, the airflow is maintained at its pre-selected maximum setting.
 On an increase in space temperature the controller regulates the actuator to close the VAV damper and reduce the flow of warm air. If the space temperature increases above the heating proportional band, the airflow is maintained at the pre-selected minimum setting.
Reheat Operation: On a decrease in space temperature into the heating proportional band, the 1st stage binary 24VAC reheat output will energize. Upon further decreases, the 2nd then 3rd stages of reheat (if used) will energize.

PROJECT:

ENGINEER:

CUSTOMER:

SUBMITTAL DATE:

SPEC. SYMBOL:

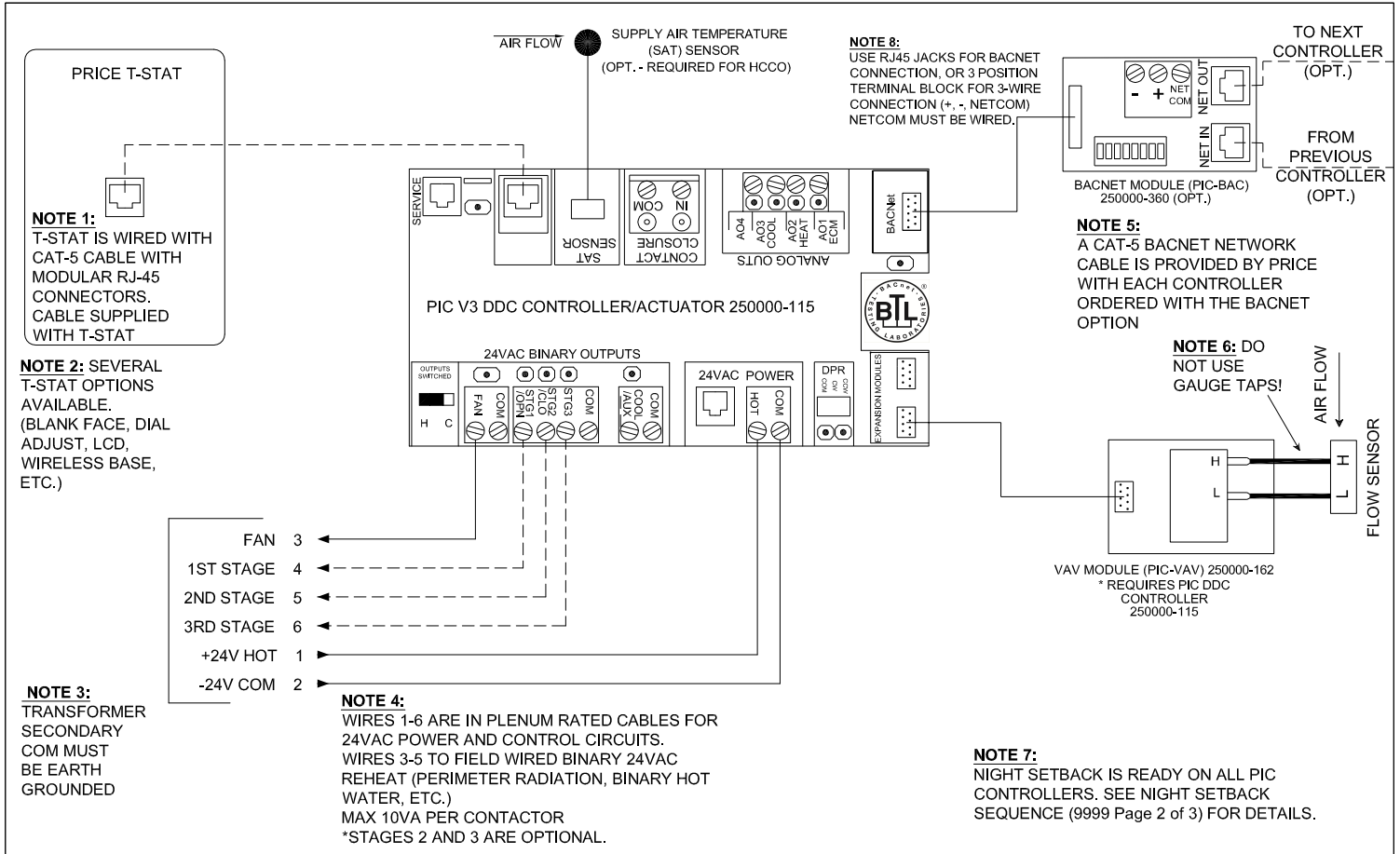
PRICE[®]

BE MB

FAN POWERED CONSTANT VOLUME SERIES FLOW
 PIC - PRESSURE INDEPENDENT HEAT/COOL C/O OR COOLING WITH UP TO 3 STG BINARY REHEAT FACTORY WIRED

249506

2017/08/11



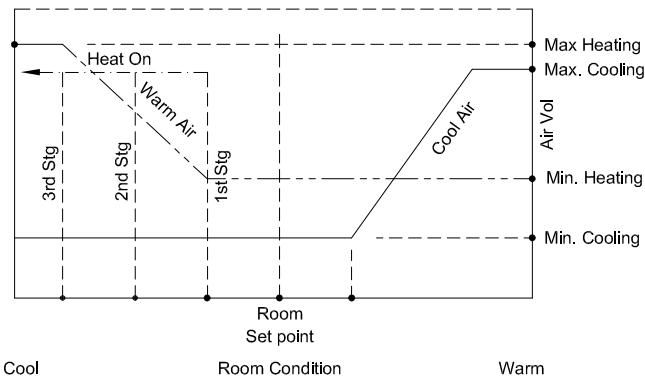
Calibration note: Suitable min and max heating flows must be selected in order to maintain flow through energized electric coils of at least 200 fpm and at least 70 cfm/kW throughout the entire operating range.

LEGEND

- FACTORY FLOW SENSOR TUBING
- FACTORY ELECTRICAL WIRING
- FIELD ELECTRICAL WIRING

CONTROL GRAPH

Continuous Fan Operation



Sequence of Operation -- Constant Volume Heat/Cool changeover OR cooling With up to 3 stage binary reheat - Pressure Independent

On power up the damper will calibrate closed for 2 minutes.

****If no SAT sensor is present, the controller assumes Cool supply air at all times****

While the space is occupied, the unit fan operates continuously supplying a constant volume of supply air.

Cool supply air: On an increase in space temperature the controller regulates the actuator to open the VAV damper and increase the flow of cool air. On an increase of space temperature greater than the cooling proportional band, the airflow is maintained at its pre-selected maximum setting.

On a decrease in space temperature the controller regulates the actuator to close the VAV damper and reduce the flow of cool air. If the space temperature decreases to less than the cooling proportional band, the airflow is maintained at the pre-selected minimum setting.

Warm supply air: On a decrease in space temperature the controller regulates the actuator to open the VAV damper and increase the flow of warm air. On a decrease of space temperature greater than the heating proportional band, the airflow is maintained at its pre-selected maximum setting.

On an increase in space temperature the controller regulates the actuator to close the VAV damper and reduce the flow of warm air. If the space temperature increases above the heating proportional band, the airflow is maintained at the pre-selected minimum setting.

Reheat Operation: On a decrease in space temperature into the heating proportional band, the 1st stage binary 24VAC reheat output will energize. Upon further decreases, the 2nd then 3rd stages of reheat (if used) will energize.

PROJECT:

ENGINEER:

CUSTOMER:

SUBMITTAL DATE:

SPEC. SYMBOL:



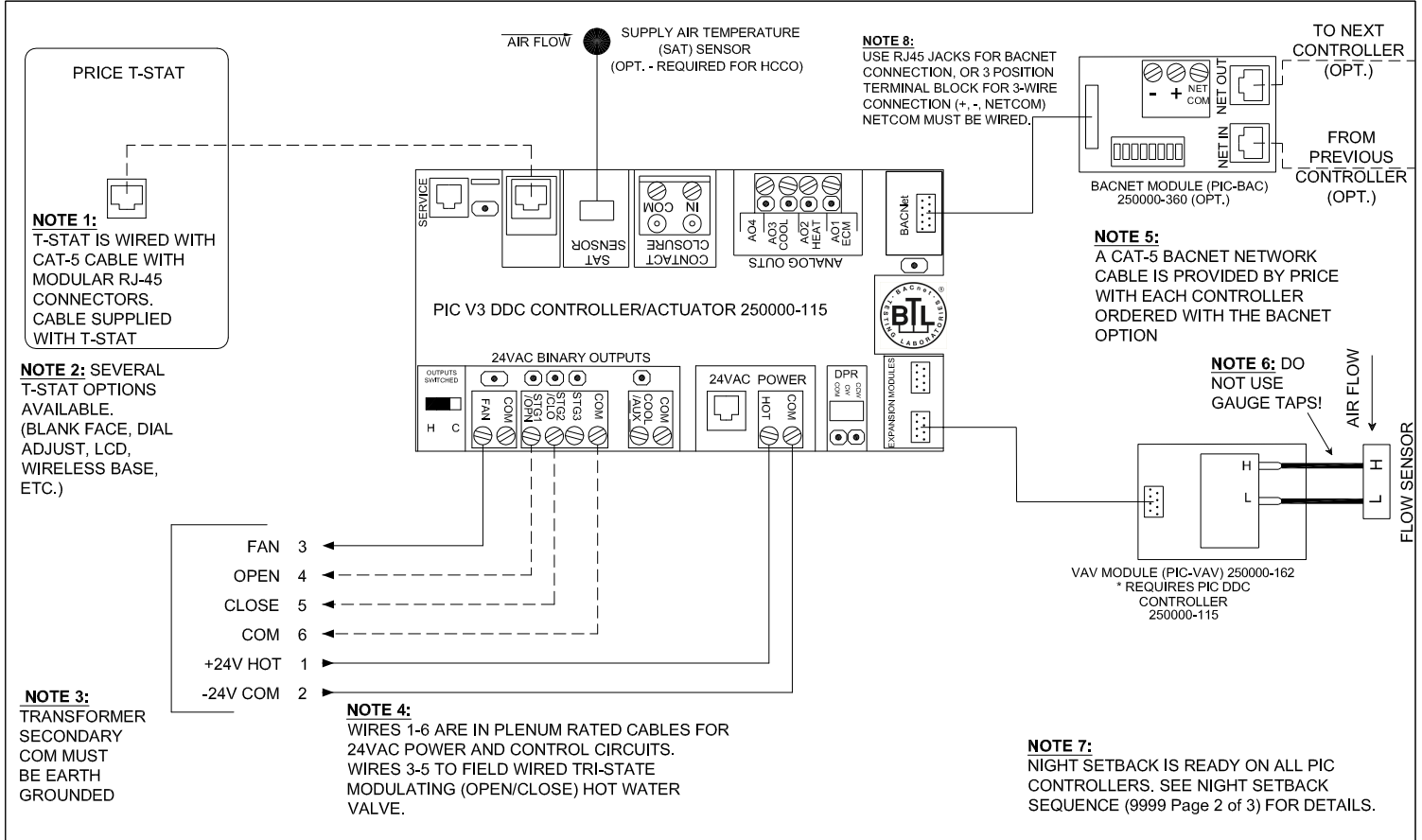
BE MB

FAN POWERED CONSTANT VOLUME SERIES FLOW

PIC - PRESSURE INDEPENDENT HEAT/COOL C/O OR COOLING WITH UP TO 3 STG BINARY REHEAT FIELD WIRED

249507

2017/08/11



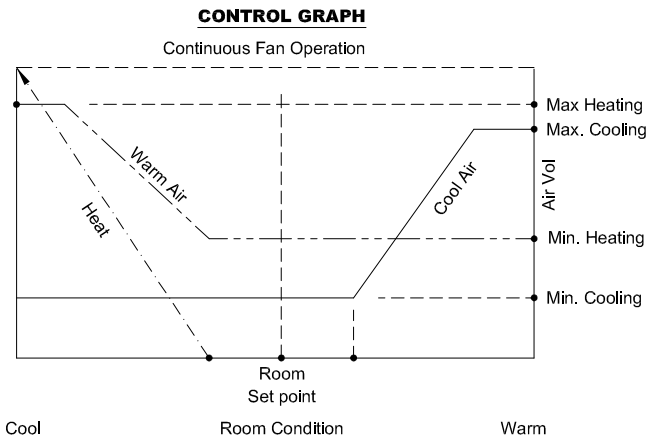
Sequence of Operation – Constant Volume Heat/cool changeover OR Cooling With Tri-State modulating HW reheat - Pressure Independent

On power up the damper will calibrate closed for 2 minutes.
 If no SAT sensor is present, the controller assumes Cool supply air at all times
 While the space is occupied, the unit fan operates continuously supplying a constant volume of supply air.

Cool supply air: On an increase in space temperature the controller regulates the actuator to open the VAV damper and increase the flow of cool air. On an increase of space temperature greater than the cooling proportional band, the airflow is maintained at its pre-selected maximum setting.
 On a decrease in space temperature the controller regulates the actuator to close the VAV damper and reduce the flow of cool air. If the space temperature decreases to less than the cooling proportional band, the airflow is maintained at the pre-selected minimum setting.

Warm supply air: On a decrease in space temperature the controller regulates the actuator to open the VAV damper and increase the flow of warm air. On a decrease of space temperature greater than the heating proportional band, the airflow is maintained at its pre-selected maximum setting.
 On an increase in space temperature the controller regulates the actuator to close the VAV damper and reduce the flow of warm air. If the space temperature increases above the heating proportional band, the airflow is maintained at the pre-selected minimum setting.

Reheat Operation: On a decrease in space temperature, the heating valve is modulated to increase heat proportionally to the room demand.



PROJECT:

ENGINEER:

CUSTOMER:

SUBMITTAL DATE:

SPEC. SYMBOL:

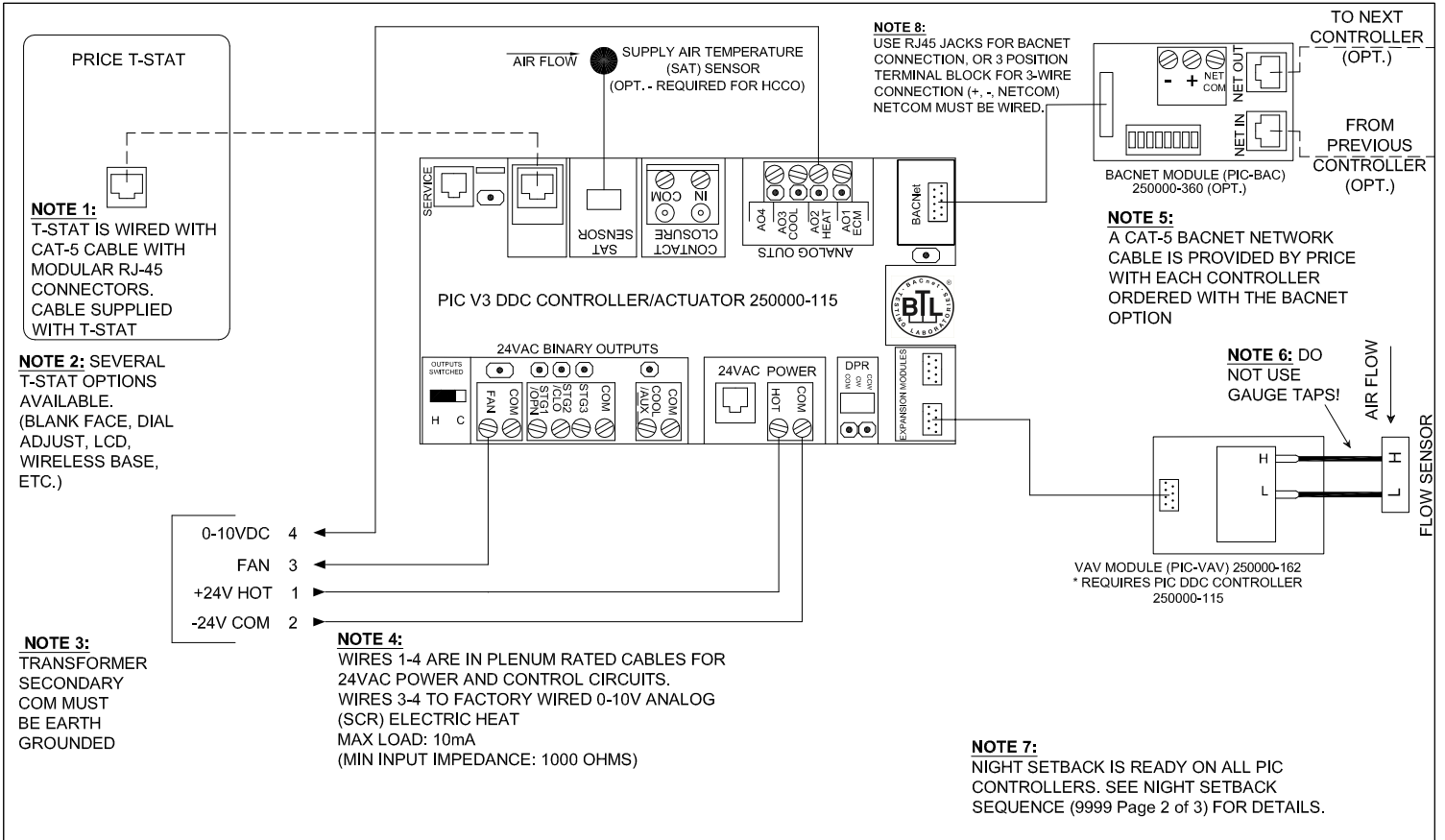


BE MB

FAN POWERED CONSTANT VOLUME SERIES FLOW
 C.V. PRESSURE INDEPENDENT HEAT/COOL C/O OR COOLING WITH TRI-STATE MODULATING HOT WATER REHEAT, FIELD WIRED

249508

2017/08/11

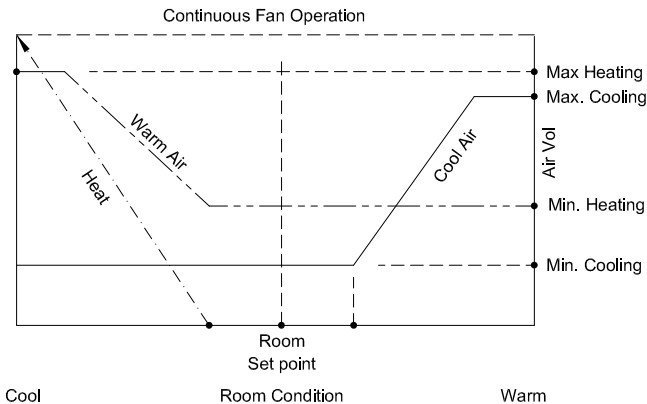


Calibration note: Suitable min and max heating flows must be selected in order to maintain flow through energized electric coils of at least 200 fpm and at least 70 cfm/kW throughout the entire operating range.

LEGEND

- FACTORY FLOW SENSOR TUBING
- FACTORY ELECTRICAL WIRING
- FIELD ELECTRICAL WIRING

CONTROL GRAPH



Sequence of Operation -- Constant Volume Heat/cool changeover OR Cooling With Analog modulating reheat - Pressure Independent

On power up the damper will calibrate closed for 2 minutes.
****If no SAT sensor is present, the controller assumes Cool supply air at all times****
 While the space is occupied, the unit fan operates continuously supplying a constant volume of supply air.

Cool supply air: On an increase in space temperature the controller regulates the actuator to open the VAV damper and increase the flow of cool air. On an increase of space temperature greater than the cooling proportional band, the airflow is maintained at its pre-selected maximum setting.

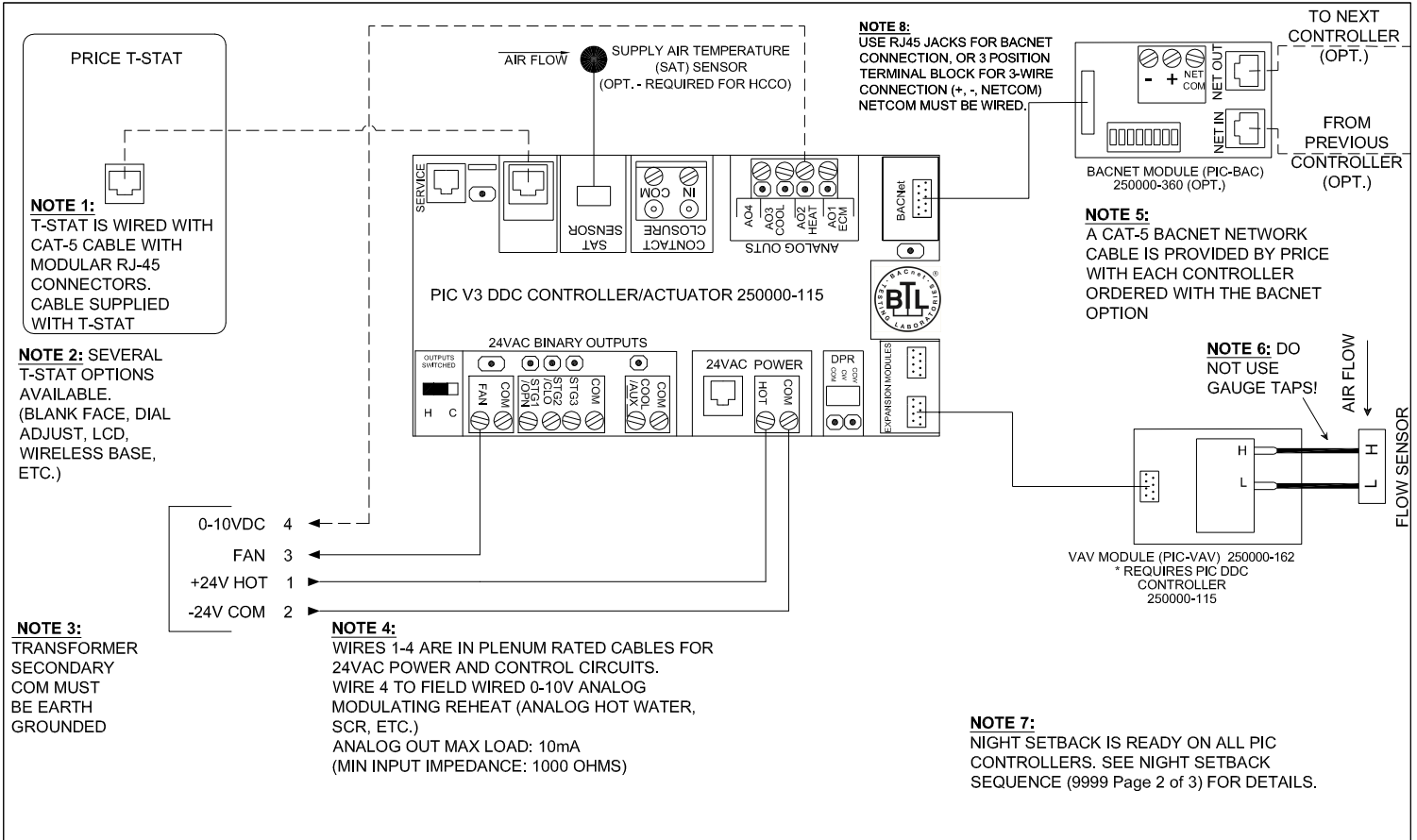
On a decrease in space temperature the controller regulates the actuator to close the VAV damper and reduce the flow of cool air. If the space temperature decreases to less than the cooling proportional band, the airflow is maintained at the pre-selected minimum setting.

Warm supply air: On a decrease in space temperature the controller regulates the actuator to open the VAV damper and increase the flow of warm air. On a decrease of space temperature greater than the heating proportional band, the airflow is maintained at its pre-selected maximum setting.

On an increase in space temperature the controller regulates the actuator to close the VAV damper and reduce the flow of warm air. If the space temperature increases above the heating proportional band, the airflow is maintained at the pre-selected minimum setting.

Reheat Operation: On a decrease in space temperature, the controller modulates the 0-10VDC output to increase heat proportionally to the room demand.

PROJECT:		PRICE [®]	
ENGINEER:		 FAN POWERED CONSTANT VOLUME SERIES FLOW C.V. PRESSURE INDEPENDENT HEAT/COOL C/O OR COOLING WITH ANALOG ELECTRIC HEAT FACTORY WIRED	
CUSTOMER:		249509	
SUBMITTAL DATE:	SPEC. SYMBOL:	2017/08/11	

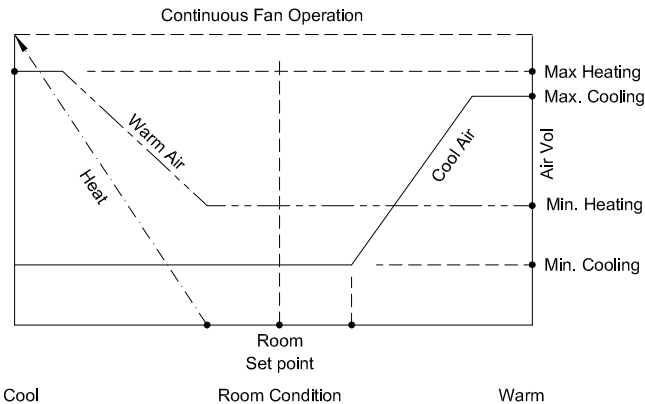


Calibration note: Suitable min and max heating flows must be selected in order to maintain flow through energized electric coils of at least 200 fpm and at least 70 cfm/kW throughout the entire operating range.

LEGEND

- FACTORY FLOW SENSOR TUBING
- FACTORY ELECTRICAL WIRING
- - - - - FIELD ELECTRICAL WIRING

CONTROL GRAPH




Sequence of Operation -- Constant Volume Heat/cool changeover OR Cooling With Analog modulating reheat - Pressure Independent

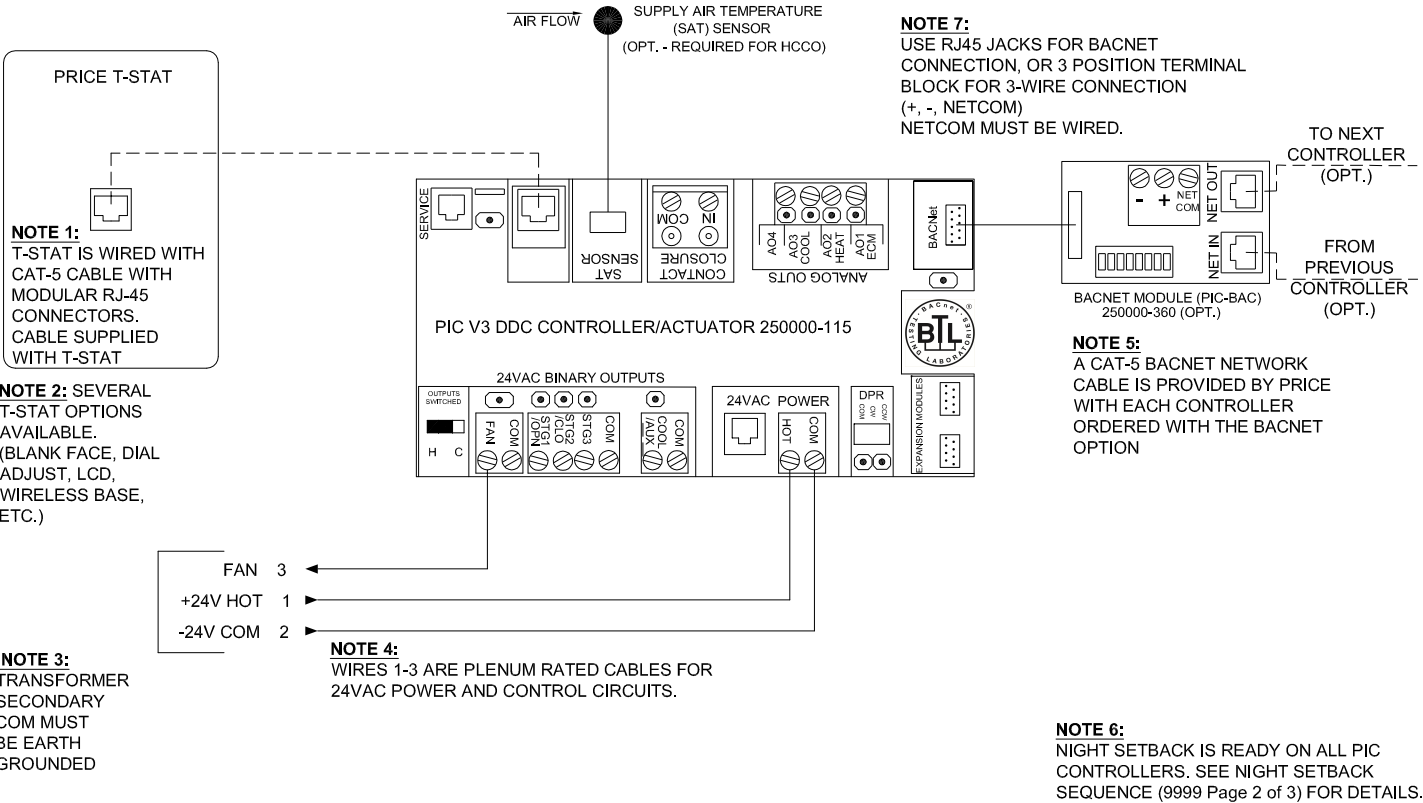
On power up the damper will calibrate closed for 2 minutes.
 If no SAT sensor is present, the controller assumes Cool supply air at all times
 While the space is occupied, the unit fan operates continuously supplying a constant volume of supply air.

Cool supply air: On an increase in space temperature the controller regulates the actuator to open the VAV damper and increase the flow of cool air. On an increase of space temperature greater than the cooling proportional band, the airflow is maintained at its pre-selected maximum setting. On a decrease in space temperature the controller regulates the actuator to close the VAV damper and reduce the flow of cool air. If the space temperature decreases to less than the cooling proportional band, the airflow is maintained at the pre-selected minimum setting.

Warm supply air: On a decrease in space temperature the controller regulates the actuator to open the VAV damper and increase the flow of warm air. On a decrease of space temperature greater than the heating proportional band, the airflow is maintained at its pre-selected maximum setting. On an increase in space temperature the controller regulates the actuator to close the VAV damper and reduce the flow of warm air. If the space temperature increases above the heating proportional band, the airflow is maintained at the pre-selected minimum setting.

Reheat Operation: On a decrease in space temperature, the controller modulates the 0-10VDC output to increase heat proportionally to the room demand.

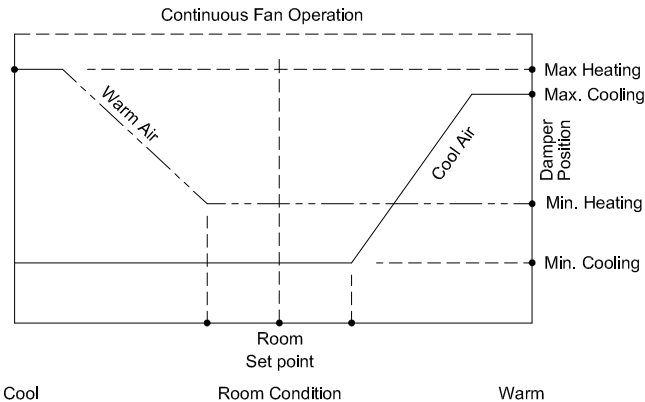
PROJECT:		 FAN POWERED CONSTANT VOLUME SERIES FLOW C.V. PRESSURE INDEPENDENT HEAT/COOL C/O OR COOLING WITH ANALOG HEAT FIELD WIRED
ENGINEER:		
CUSTOMER:		
SUBMITTAL DATE:	SPEC. SYMBOL:	



LEGEND

- FACTORY ELECTRICAL WIRING
- - - - - FIELD ELECTRICAL WIRING

CONTROL GRAPH



Sequence of Operation -- Constant Volume Heat/cool changeover OR cooling only - Pressure Dependent

On power up the damper will calibrate closed for 2 minutes.
 If no SAT sensor is present, the controller assumes Cool supply air at all times

While the space is occupied, the unit fan operates continuously supplying a constant volume of supply air.

Cool supply air: On an increase in space temperature the controller regulates the actuator to open the air damper and increase the flow of cool air. On an increase of space temperature greater than the cooling proportional band, the damper position (%) is maintained at its pre-selected maximum setting.

On a decrease in space temperature the controller regulates the actuator to close the air damper and reduce the flow of cool air. If the space temperature decreases to less than the cooling proportional band, the damper position (%) is maintained at the pre-selected minimum setting.

Warm supply air: On a decrease in space temperature the controller regulates the actuator to open the air damper and increase the flow of warm air. On a decrease of space temperature greater than the heating proportional band, the damper position (%) is maintained at its pre-selected maximum setting.

On an increase in space temperature the controller regulates the actuator to close the air damper and reduce the flow of warm air. If the space temperature increases above the heating proportional band, the damper position (%) is maintained at the pre-selected minimum setting.

PROJECT:

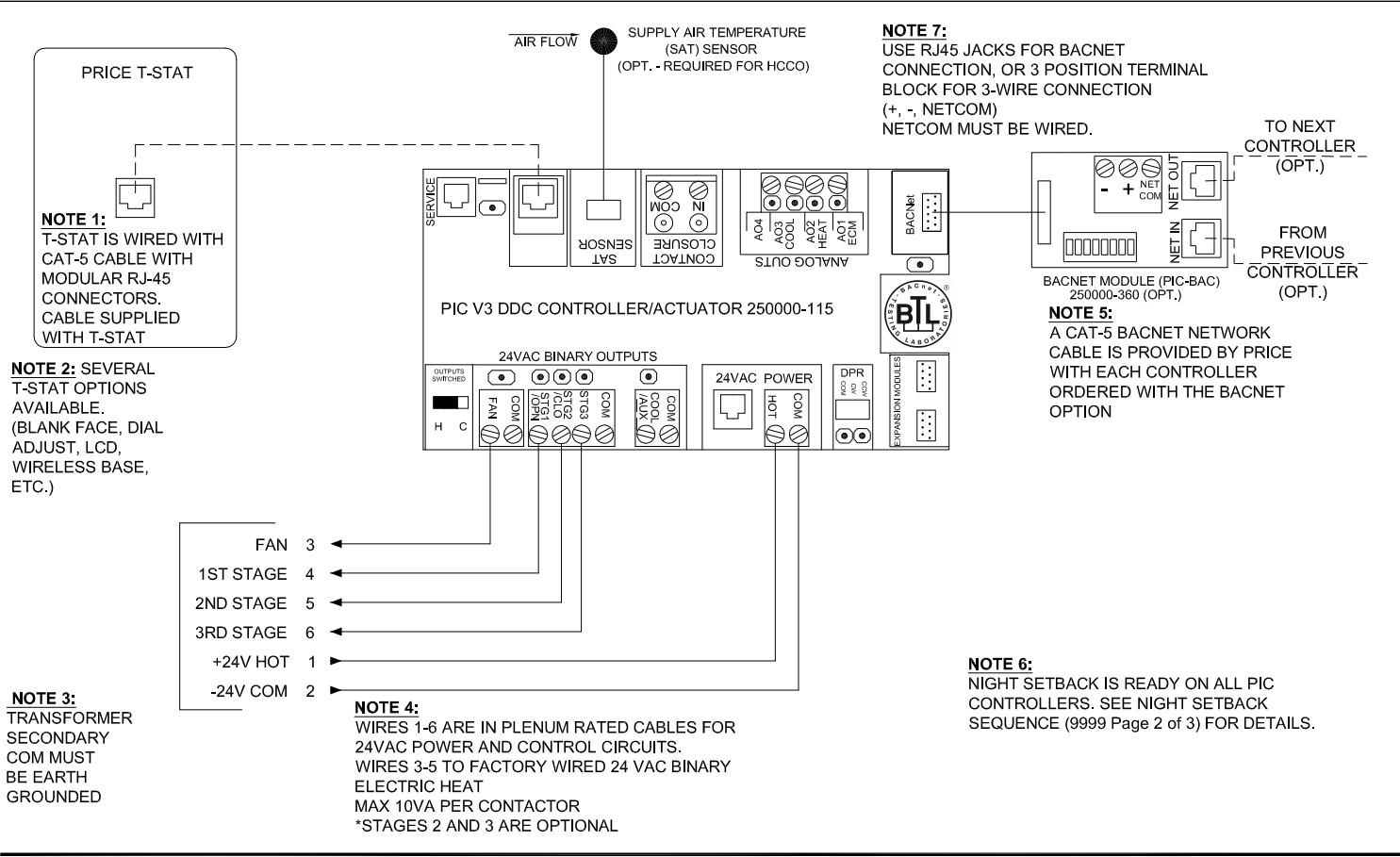
ENGINEER:

CUSTOMER:

SUBMITTAL DATE:

SPEC. SYMBOL:

PRICE®	
	FAN POWERED CONSTANT VOLUME SERIES FLOW C.V. PRESSURE DEPENDENT HEAT/COOL CHANGEOVER OR COOLING ONLY NO LOCAL REHEAT CONTROL
249511	
2017/08/11	

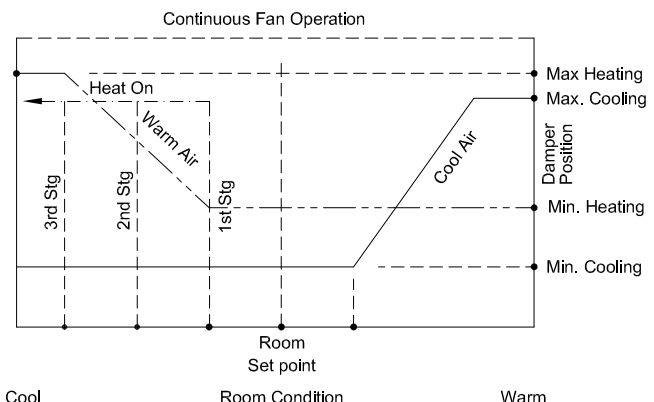


Calibration note: Suitable min and max heating flows must be selected in order to maintain flow through energized electric coils of at least 200 fpm and at least 70 cfm/kW throughout the entire operating range.

LEGEND

- FACTORY ELECTRICAL WIRING
- - - - - FIELD ELECTRICAL WIRING

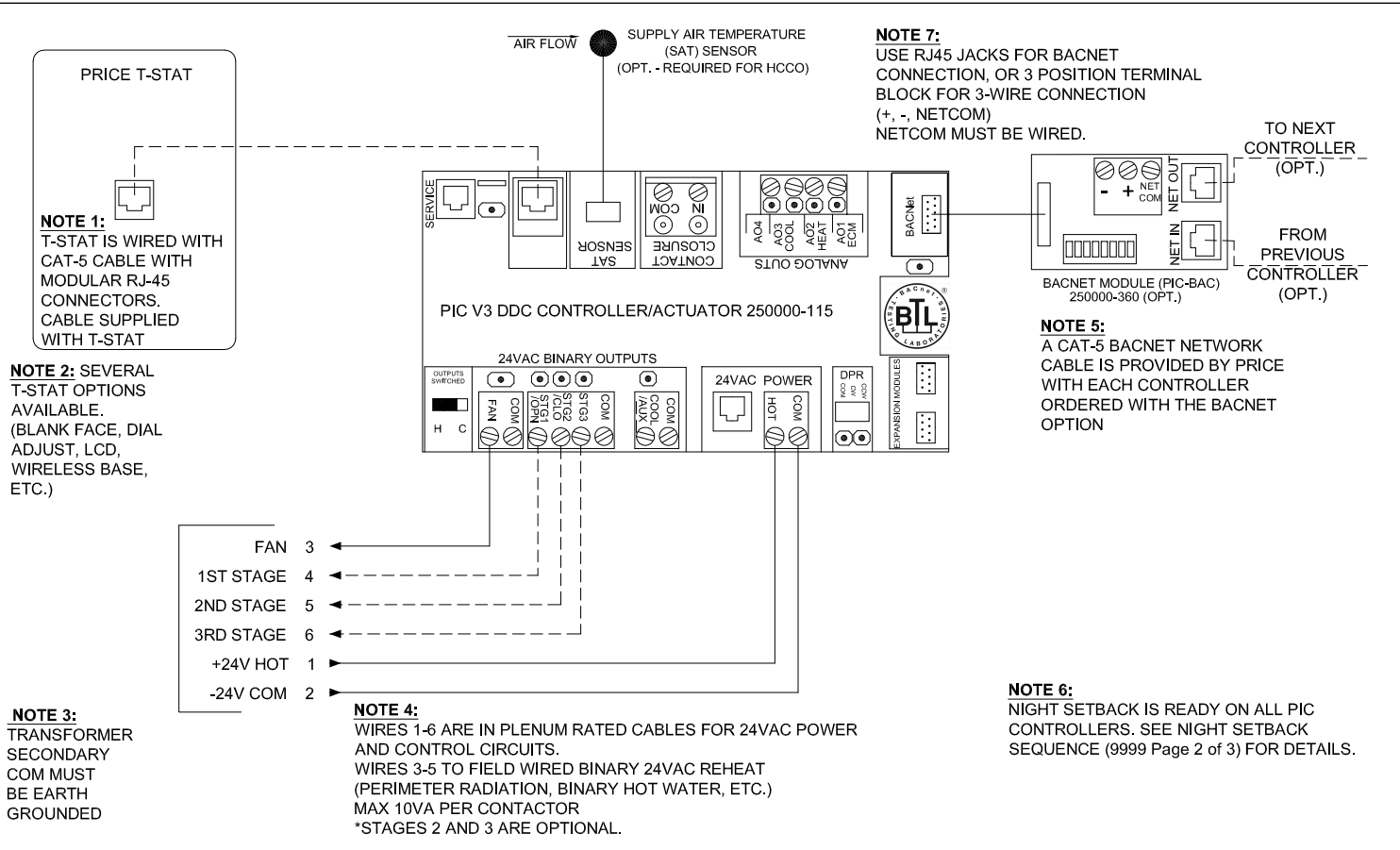
CONTROL GRAPH



Sequence of Operation – Constant Volume Heat/cool changeover OR cooling With 3 up to stage binary reheat - Pressure Dependent

On power up the damper will calibrate closed for 2 minutes.
****If no SAT sensor is present, the controller assumes Cool supply air at all times****
 While the space is occupied, the unit fan operates continuously supplying a constant volume of supply air.
Cool supply air: On an increase in space temperature the controller regulates the actuator to open the air damper and increase the flow of cool air. On an increase of space temperature greater than the cooling proportional band, the damper position (%) is maintained at its pre-selected maximum setting. On a decrease in space temperature the controller regulates the actuator to close the air damper and reduce the flow of cool air. If the space temperature decreases to less than the cooling proportional band, the damper position (%) is maintained at the pre-selected minimum setting.
Warm supply air: On a decrease in space temperature the controller regulates the actuator to open the air damper and increase the flow of warm air. On a decrease of space temperature greater than the heating proportional band, the damper position (%) is maintained at its pre-selected maximum setting. On an increase in space temperature the controller regulates the actuator to close the air damper and reduce the flow of warm air. If the space temperature increases above the heating proportional band, the damper position (%) is maintained at the pre-selected minimum setting.
Reheat Operation: On a decrease in space temperature into the heating proportional band, the 1st stage binary 24VAC reheat output will energize. Upon further decreases, the 2nd then 3rd stages of reheat (if used) will energize.

PROJECT:		PRICE [®]	
ENGINEER:		BE MB	FAN POWERED CONSTANT VOLUME SERIES FLOW
CUSTOMER:		249512	C.V. PRESSURE DEPENDENT HEAT/COOL C/O OR COOLING WITH UP TO 3 STG BINARY REHEAT
SUBMITTAL DATE:	SPEC. SYMBOL:	2017/08/11	FACTORY WIRED

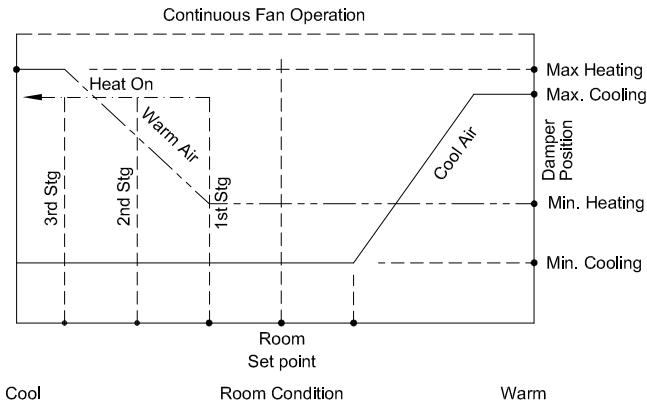


Calibration note: Suitable min and max heating flows must be selected in order to maintain flow through energized electric coils of at least 200 fpm and at least 70 cfm/kW throughout the entire operating range.

LEGEND

- FACTORY ELECTRICAL WIRING
- - - - - FIELD ELECTRICAL WIRING

CONTROL GRAPH



Sequence of Operation – Constant Volume Heat/cool changeover OR cooling With up to 3 stage binary reheat - Pressure Dependent

On power up the damper will calibrate closed for 2 minutes. **If no SAT sensor is present, the controller assumes Cool supply air at all times**

While the space is occupied, the unit fan operates continuously supplying a constant volume of supply air.

Cool supply air: On an increase in space temperature the controller regulates the actuator to open the air damper and increase the flow of cool air. On an increase of space temperature greater than the cooling proportional band, the damper position (%) is maintained at its pre-selected maximum setting. On a decrease in space temperature the controller regulates the actuator to close the air damper and reduce the flow of cool air. If the space temperature decreases to less than the cooling proportional band, the damper position (%) is maintained at the pre-selected minimum setting.

Warm supply air: On a decrease in space temperature the controller regulates the actuator to open the air damper and increase the flow of warm air. On a decrease of space temperature greater than the heating proportional band, the damper position (%) is maintained at its pre-selected maximum setting. On an increase in space temperature the controller regulates the actuator to close the air damper and reduce the flow of warm air. If the space temperature increases above the heating proportional band, the damper position (%) is maintained at the pre-selected minimum setting.

Reheat Operation: On a decrease in space temperature into the heating proportional band, the 1st stage binary 24VAC reheat output will energize. Upon further decreases, the 2nd then 3rd stages of reheat (if used) will energize.

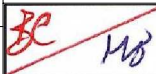
PROJECT:

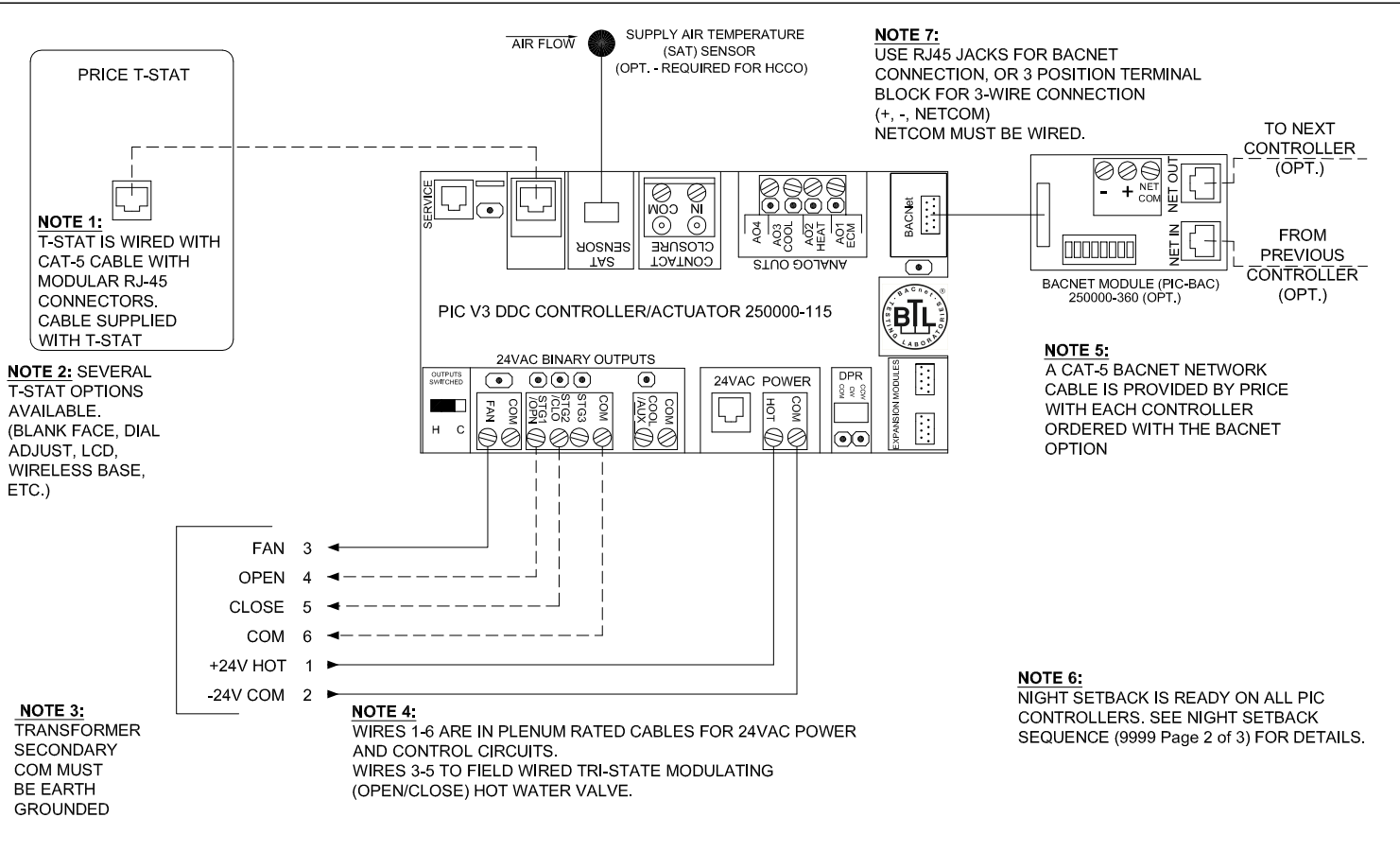
ENGINEER:

CUSTOMER:

SUBMITTAL DATE:

SPEC. SYMBOL:

PRICE [®]	
	FAN POWERED CONSTANT VOLUME SERIES FLOW C.V. PRESSURE DEPENDENT HEAT/COOL C/O OR COOLING WITH UP TO STG BINARY REHEAT FIELD WIRED
249513	
2017/08/11	



Sequence of Operation – Constant Volume Heat/cool changeover OR Cooling With Tri-State modulating HW reheat - Pressure Dependent

On power up the damper will calibrate closed for 2 minutes.
 If no SAT sensor is present, the controller assumes Cool supply air at all times
 While the space is occupied, the unit fan operates continuously supplying a constant volume of supply air.

Cool supply air: On an increase in space temperature the controller regulates the actuator to open the air damper and increase the flow of cool air. On an increase of space temperature greater than the cooling proportional band, the damper position (%) is maintained at its pre-selected maximum setting. On a decrease in space temperature the controller regulates the actuator to close the air damper and reduce the flow of cool air. If the space temperature decreases to less than the cooling proportional band, the damper position (%) is maintained at the pre-selected minimum setting.

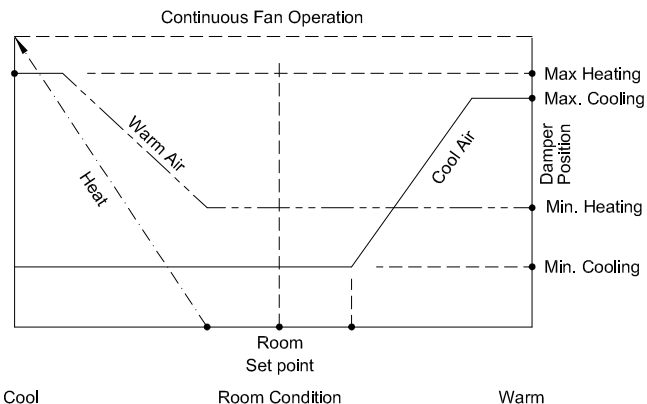
Warm supply air: On a decrease in space temperature the controller regulates the actuator to open the air damper and increase the flow of warm air. On a decrease of space temperature greater than the heating proportional band, the damper position (%) is maintained at its pre-selected maximum setting. On an increase in space temperature the controller regulates the actuator to close the air damper and reduce the flow of warm air. If the space temperature increases above the heating proportional band, the damper position (%) is maintained at the pre-selected minimum setting.

Reheat Operation: On a decrease in space temperature, the heating valve is modulated to increase heat proportionally to the room demand.

LEGEND

- FACTORY ELECTRICAL WIRING
- - - - - FIELD ELECTRICAL WIRING

CONTROL GRAPH



PROJECT:

ENGINEER:

CUSTOMER:

SUBMITTAL DATE:

SPEC. SYMBOL:

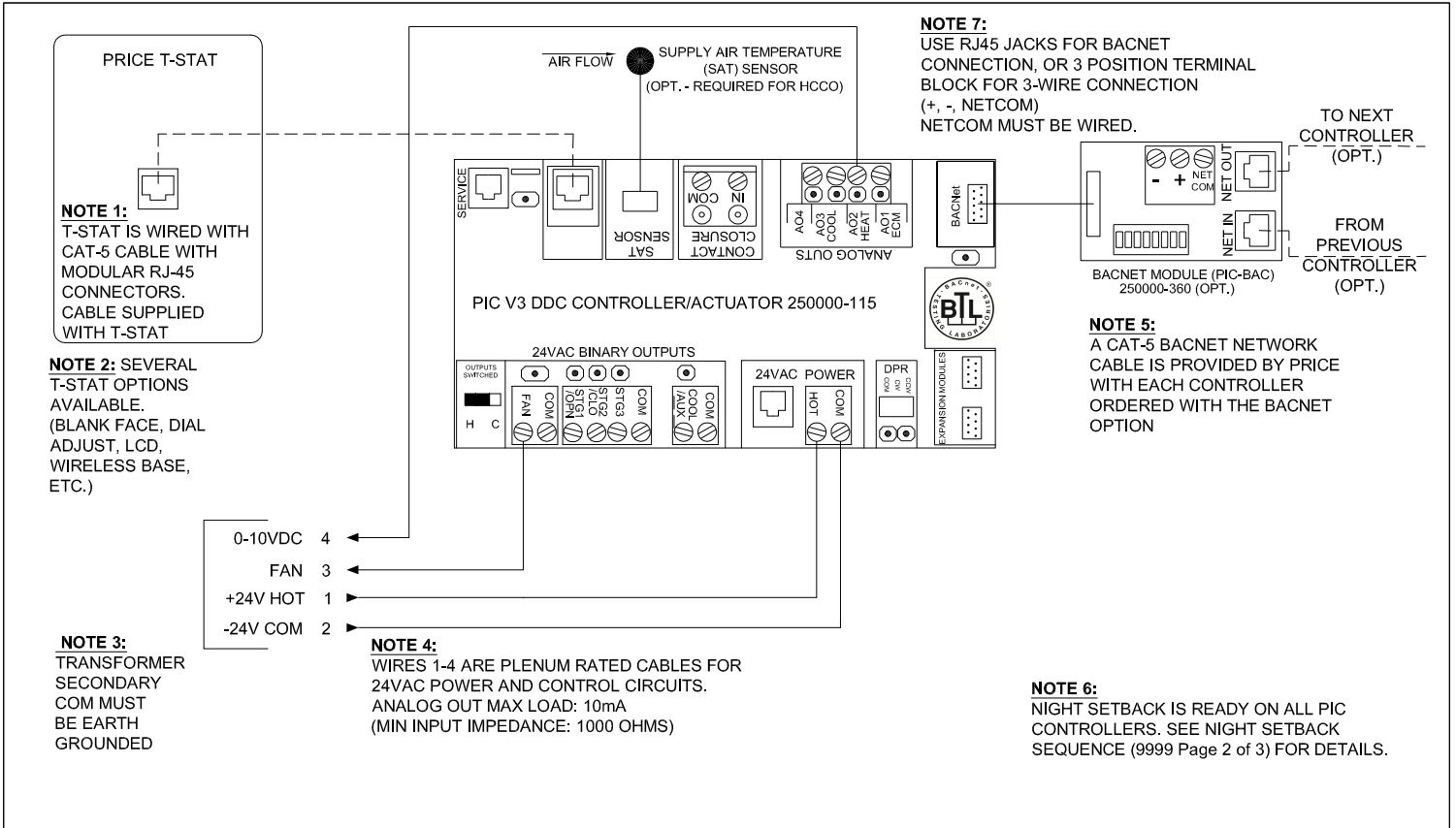


BE MB

FAN POWERED CONSTANT VOLUME SERIES FLOW
 C.V. PRESSURE DEPENDENT
 HEAT/COOL C/O OR COOLING
 WITH TRI-STATE MODULATING
 HOT WATER REHEAT, FIELD WIRED

249514

2017/08/11

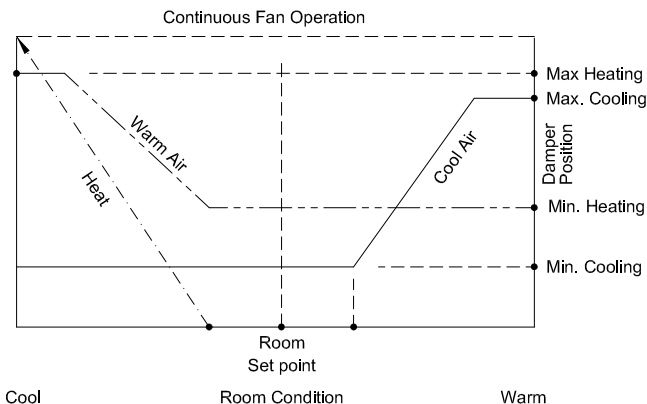


Calibration note: Suitable min and max heating flows must be selected in order to maintain flow through energized electric coils of at least 200 fpm and at least 70 cfm/kW throughout the entire operating range.

LEGEND

- FACTORY ELECTRICAL WIRING
- - - - - FIELD ELECTRICAL WIRING

CONTROL GRAPH



Sequence of Operation -- Constant Volume Heat/cool changeover OR Cooling With Analog modulating reheat - Pressure Dependent

On power up the damper will calibrate closed for 2 minutes.
 If no SAT sensor is present, the controller assumes Cool supply air at all times
 While the space is occupied, the unit fan operates continuously supplying a constant volume of supply air.

Cool supply air: On an increase in space temperature the controller regulates the actuator to open the air damper and increase the flow of cool air. On an increase of space temperature greater than the cooling proportional band, the damper position (%) is maintained at its pre-selected maximum setting. On a decrease in space temperature the controller regulates the actuator to close the air damper and reduce the flow of cool air. If the space temperature decreases to less than the cooling proportional band, the damper position (%) is maintained at the pre-selected minimum setting.

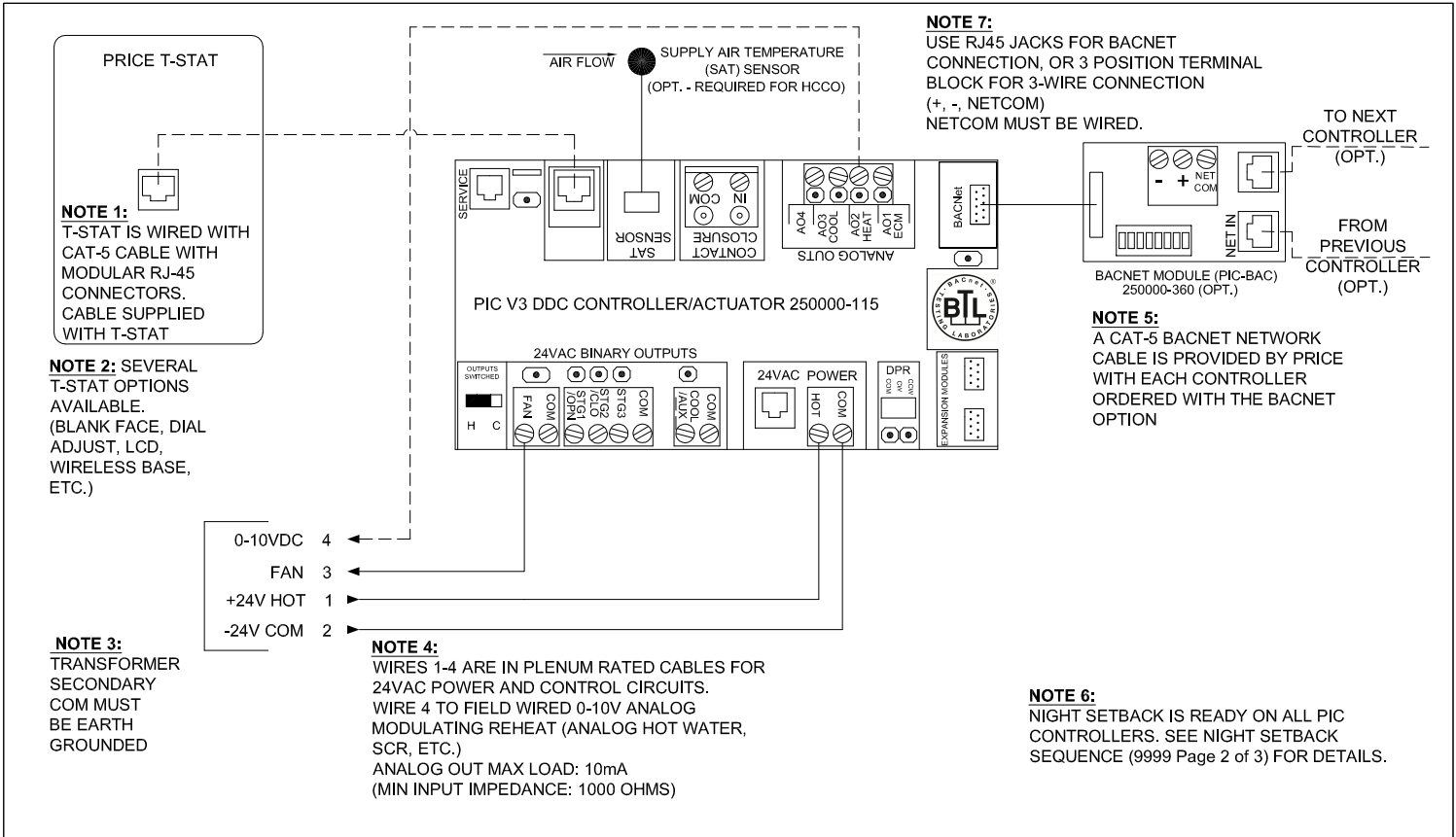
Warm supply air: On a decrease in space temperature the controller regulates the actuator to open the air damper and increase the flow of warm air. On a decrease of space temperature greater than the heating proportional band, the damper position (%) is maintained at its pre-selected maximum setting.

On an increase in space temperature the controller regulates the actuator to close the air damper and reduce the flow of warm air. If the space temperature increases above the heating proportional band, the damper position (%) is maintained at the pre-selected minimum setting.

Reheat Operation: On a decrease in space temperature, the controller modulates the 0-10VDC output to increase heat proportionally to the room demand.

PROJECT:		PRICE®
ENGINEER:		
CUSTOMER:		249515
SUBMITTAL DATE:	SPEC. SYMBOL:	2017/08/11

FAN POWERED CONSTANT VOLUME SERIES FLOW
 C.V. PRESSURE DEPENDENT HEAT/COOL C/O OR COOLING WITH ANALOG ELECTRIC HEAT
 FACTORY WIRED

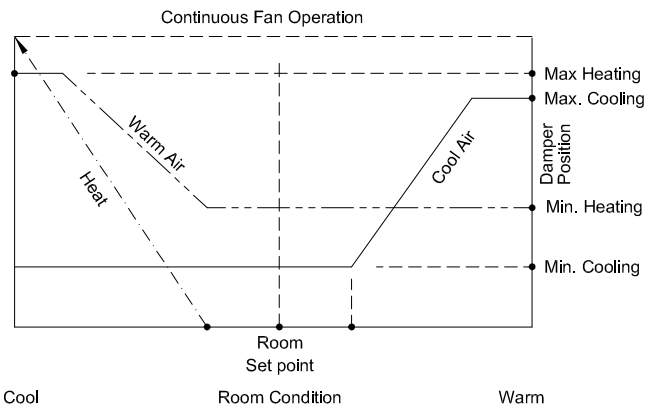


Calibration note: Suitable min and max heating flows must be selected in order to maintain flow through energized electric coils of at least 200 fpm and at least 70 cfm/kW throughout the entire operating range.

LEGEND

- FACTORY ELECTRICAL WIRING
- - - - - FIELD ELECTRICAL WIRING

CONTROL GRAPH



Sequence of Operation – Constant Volume Heat/cool changeover OR Cooling With Analog modulating reheat - Pressure Dependent

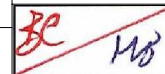
On power up the damper will calibrate closed for 2 minutes.
 If no SAT sensor is present, the controller assumes Cool supply air at all times
 While the space is occupied, the unit fan operates continuously supplying a constant volume of supply air.

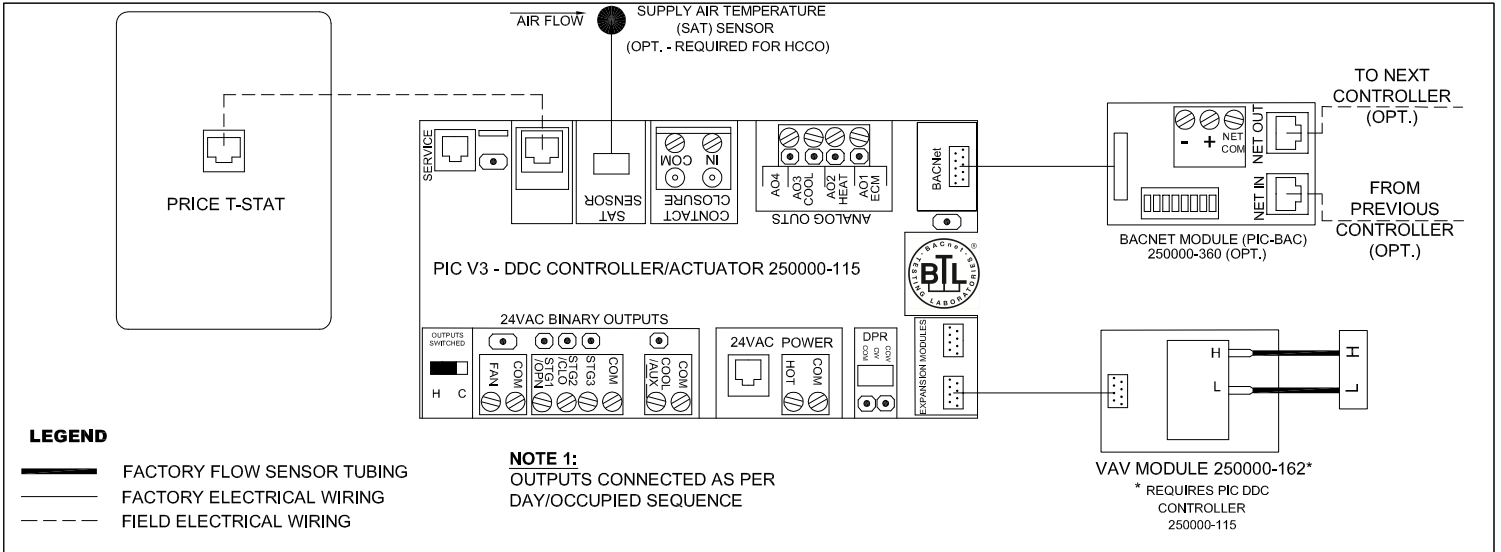
Cool supply air: On an increase in space temperature the controller regulates the actuator to open the air damper and increase the flow of cool air. On an increase of space temperature greater than the cooling proportional band, the damper position (%) is maintained at its pre-selected maximum setting. On a decrease in space temperature the controller regulates the actuator to close the air damper and reduce the flow of cool air. If the space temperature decreases to less than the cooling proportional band, the damper position (%) is maintained at the pre-selected minimum setting.

Warm supply air: On a decrease in space temperature the controller regulates the actuator to open the air damper and increase the flow of warm air. On a decrease of space temperature greater than the heating proportional band, the damper position (%) is maintained at its pre-selected maximum setting.

On an increase in space temperature the controller regulates the actuator to close the air damper and reduce the flow of warm air. If the space temperature increases above the heating proportional band, the damper position (%) is maintained at the pre-selected minimum setting.

Reheat Operation: On a decrease in space temperature, the controller modulates the 0-10VDC output to increase heat proportionally to the room demand.

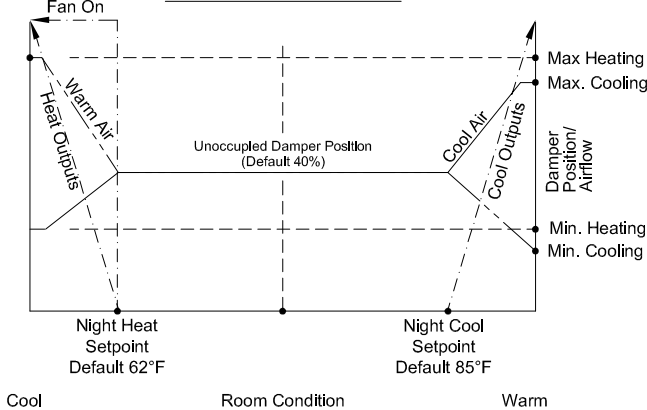
PROJECT:		PRICE®	
ENGINEER:			
CUSTOMER:		FAN POWERED CONSTANT VOLUME SERIES FLOW	
SUBMITTAL DATE:		C.V. PRESSURE DEPENDENT HEAT/COOL C/O OR COOLING WITH ANALOG HEAT FIELD WIRED	
SPEC. SYMBOL:		249516	2017/08/11



Entering and Exiting Night Setback: There are several methods for the PIC to enter and exit night setback (unoccupied mode). All of the following methods can be enabled or disabled in software or from the T-Stat menu.

- 1. Airflow Failure:** (Disabled by default) If using a Pressure Independent day sequence (with the PIC-VAV module), the controller will enter night setback when minimal airflow is sensed in the duct. The controller does this based on Day Flow Trip and Night Flow Trip (adjustable).
Day Flow Trip is enabled when the controller sees more than 1/2 of its minimum airflow - i.e. min airflow = 132 cfm, Day Flow Trip = 66 cfm.
Night Flow Trip is enabled when the controller sees less than 1/2 of its day flow trip value - i.e. 33 cfm
- 2. Motion Sensor:** (Disabled by default) If a motion sensor T-Stat is used, the controller can enter night setback if no motion has been detected in the space for a specified period of time (default: 4 hours).
- 3. Contact Closure:** (Disabled by default) Connecting the two contact closure inputs together using a dry contact will cause the controller to enter night setback. The controller will exit night setback once the contacts are released.
- 4. T-Stat Button:** The T-Stat button allows the user to exit night setback. Pressing any button on the T-Stat will cause the controller to exit night setback for the override time period. (default: 4 hours). Occupancy override by T-Stat button is always enabled and cannot be disabled.

CONTROL GRAPH - FDC8



Sequence of Operation -- FAN POWERED CONSTANT VOLUME SERIES FLOW - PIC CONTROLLER - NIGHT SETBACK

During night setback, the controller will respond to its night heat setpoint and its night cool setpoint. While the room temperature is between the two night setpoints, by default the controller will maintain the damper position at 25% open (adjustable). All outputs (Fan, Heat, etc.) will go to their OFF or IDLE states.

Room temperature below Night Heat Setpoint:

Fan Operation: On a decrease in space temperature into the heating proportional band, the unit fan will energize.

Reheat Operation: On a decrease in space temperature into the heating proportional band, the reheat outputs (if used) are energized proportionally.

Cool supply air: On a decrease in space temperature the controller regulates the actuator to close the VAV damper and reduce the flow of cool air. The airflow is maintained at the pre-selected minimum setting.

Warm supply air: On a decrease in space temperature the controller regulates the actuator to open the VAV damper and increase the flow of warm air. On a decrease of space temperature greater than the heating proportional band, the airflow is maintained at its pre-selected maximum setting.

Room temperature above Night Cool Setpoint:

Fan Operation: On an increase in space temperature into the cooling proportional band, the unit fan typically will not energize. It is possible to configure the controller to energize the fan if using cooling coils.

Cooling Output Operation: On an increase in space temperature into the cooling proportional band, the cooling outputs (if used) are energized proportionally.

Cool supply air: On an increase in space temperature the controller regulates the actuator to open the VAV damper and increase the flow of cool air. On an increase of space temperature greater than the cooling proportional band, the airflow is maintained at its pre-selected maximum setting.

Warm supply air: On an increase in space temperature the controller regulates the actuator to close the VAV damper and reduce the flow of warm air. The airflow is maintained at the pre-selected minimum setting.

PROJECT:

ENGINEER:

CUSTOMER:

SUBMITTAL DATE:

SPEC. SYMBOL:

PRICE[®]

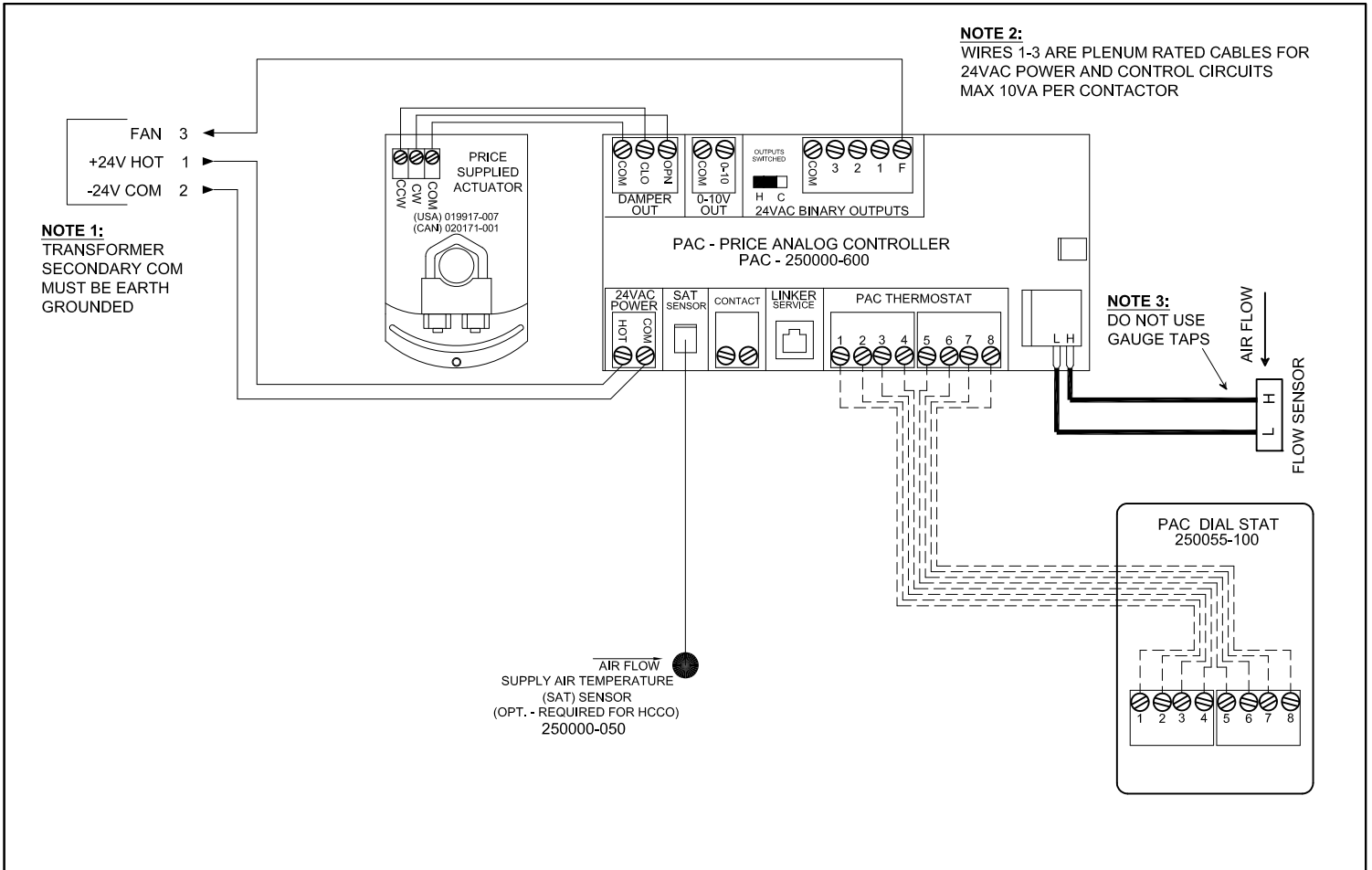
BE MB

**FAN POWERED SERIES FLOW
NIGHT SETBACK SEQUENCE**

PIC - DDC CONTROLLER
FDC

269251

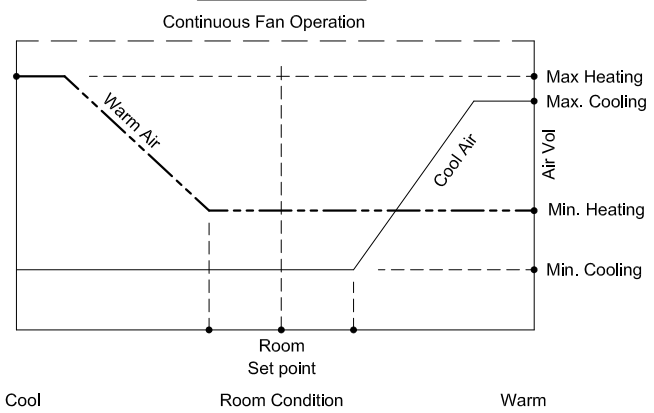
2017/11/22



LEGEND

- FACTORY FLOW SENSOR TUBING
- FACTORY ELECTRICAL WIRING
- FIELD ELECTRICAL WIRING

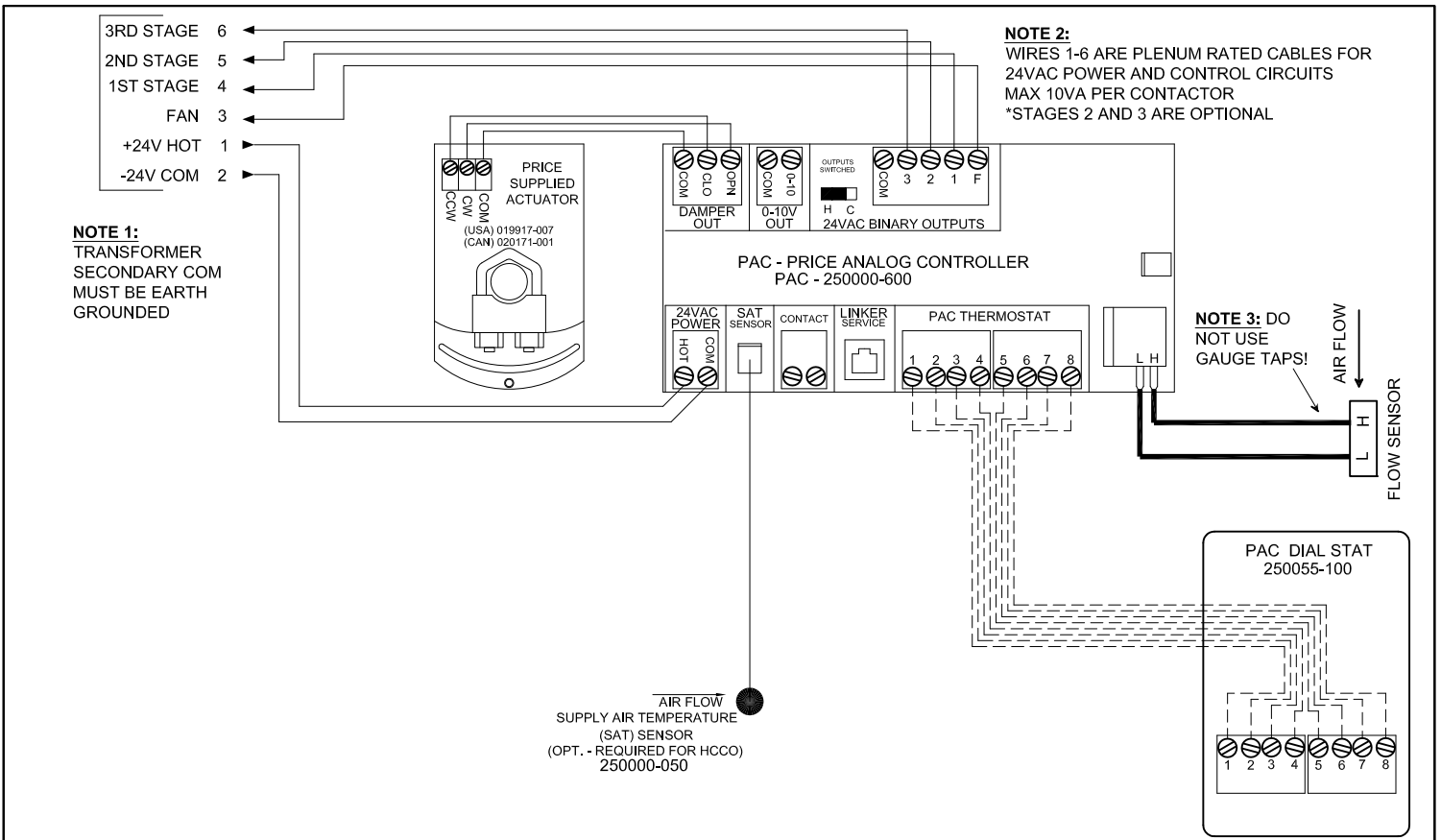
CONTROL GRAPH



Sequence of Operation – Constant Volume Heat/cool changeover OR cooling only - Pressure Independent

On power up the damper will calibrate closed for 2 minutes.
****If no SAT sensor is present, the controller assumes Cool supply air at all times****
 While the space is occupied, the unit fan operates continuously supplying a constant volume of supply air.
Cool supply air: On an increase in space temperature the controller regulates the actuator to open the VAV damper and increase the flow of cool air. On an increase of space temperature greater than the cooling proportional band, the airflow is maintained at its pre-selected maximum setting.
 On a decrease in space temperature the controller regulates the actuator to close the VAV damper and reduce the flow of cool air. If the space temperature decreases to less than the cooling proportional band, the airflow is maintained at the pre-selected minimum setting.
Warm supply air: On a decrease in space temperature the controller regulates the actuator to open the VAV damper and increase the flow of warm air. On a decrease of space temperature greater than the heating proportional band, the airflow is maintained at its pre-selected maximum setting.
 On an increase in space temperature the controller regulates the actuator to close the VAV damper and reduce the flow of warm air. If the space temperature increases above the heating proportional band, the airflow is maintained at the pre-selected minimum setting.

PROJECT:		
ENGINEER:		
CUSTOMER:		KR/mm
SUBMITTAL DATE:		254835
SPEC. SYMBOL:		2012/11/13
		FAN POWERED PAC C.V.PRESSURE INDEPENDENT HEAT/COOL CHANGEOVER OR COOLING ONLY NO LOCAL REHEAT CONTROL

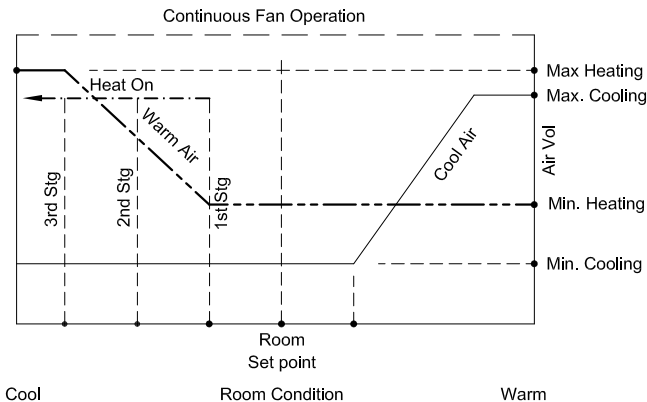


Calibration note: Suitable min and max heating flows must be selected in order to maintain flow through energized electric coils of at least 200 fpm and at least 70 cfm/kW throughout the entire operating range.

LEGEND

- FACTORY FLOW SENSOR TUBING
- FACTORY ELECTRICAL WIRING
- - - - - FIELD ELECTRICAL WIRING

CONTROL GRAPH



Sequence of Operation – Constant Volume Heat/cool changeover OR cooling With up to 3 stage binary reheat - Pressure Independent

On power up the damper will calibrate closed for 2 minutes.
If no SAT sensor is present, the controller assumes Cool supply air at all times

While the space is occupied, the unit fan operates continuously supplying a constant volume of supply air.

Cool supply air: On an increase in space temperature the controller regulates the actuator to open the VAV damper and increase the flow of cool air. On an increase of space temperature greater than the cooling proportional band, the airflow is maintained at its pre-selected maximum setting.

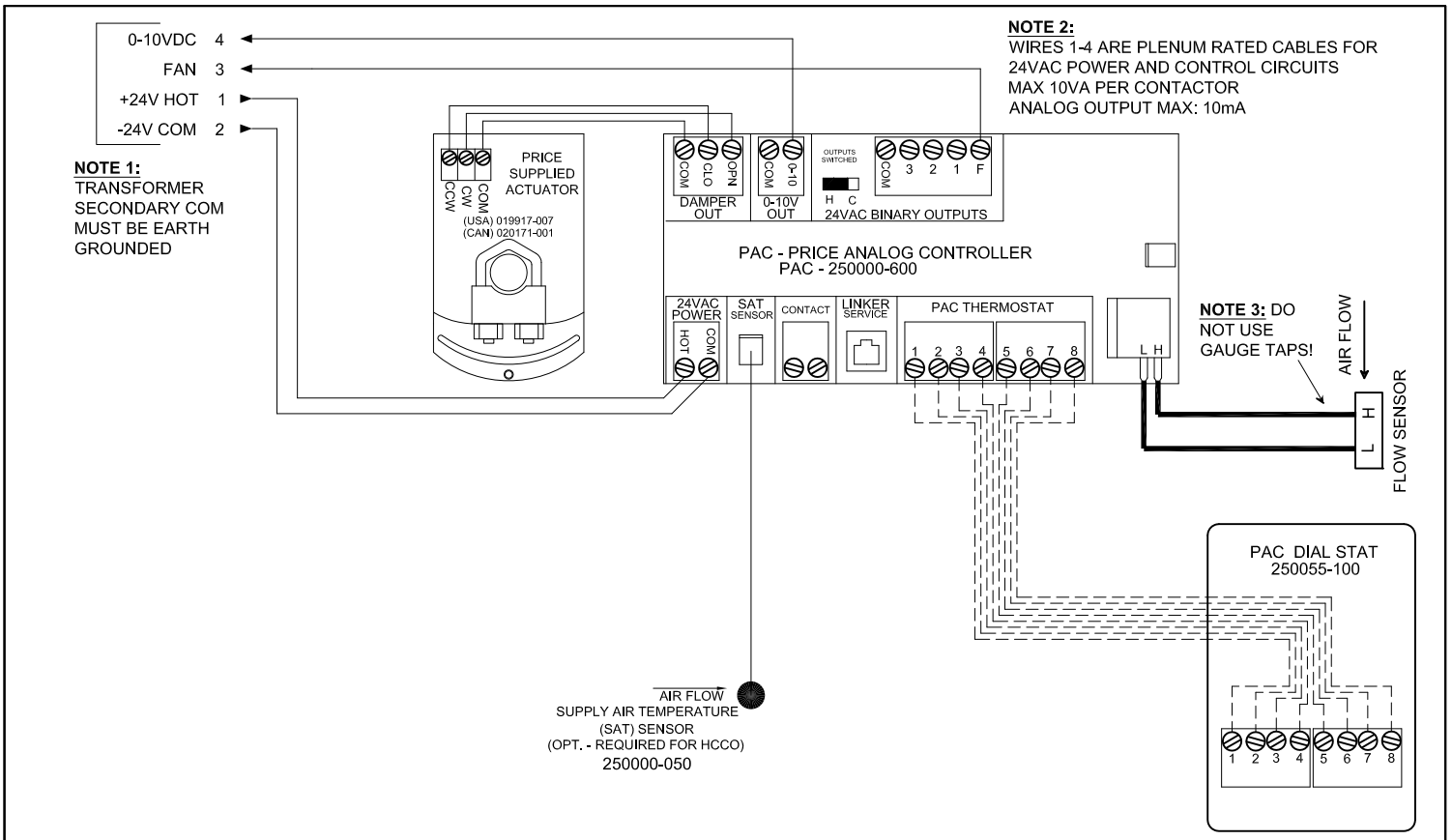
On a decrease in space temperature the controller regulates the actuator to close the VAV damper and reduce the flow of cool air. If the space temperature decreases to less than the cooling proportional band, the airflow is maintained at the pre-selected minimum setting.

Warm supply air: On a decrease in space temperature the controller regulates the actuator to open the VAV damper and increase the flow of warm air. On a decrease of space temperature greater than the heating proportional band, the airflow is maintained at its pre-selected maximum setting.

On an increase in space temperature the controller regulates the actuator to close the VAV damper and reduce the flow of warm air. If the space temperature increases above the heating proportional band, the airflow is maintained at the pre-selected minimum setting.

Reheat Operation: On a decrease in space temperature into the heating proportional band, the 1st stage binary 24VAC reheat output will energize. Upon further decreases, the 2nd then 3rd stages of reheat (if used) will energize.

PROJECT:		PRICE [®]
ENGINEER:		
CUSTOMER:		KR/mm
SUBMITTAL DATE:		254836
SPEC. SYMBOL:		2012/11/13
		FAN POWERED PAC C.V.PRESSURE INDEPENDENT HEAT/COOL C/O OR COOLING WITH UP TO 3 STG BINARY REHEAT

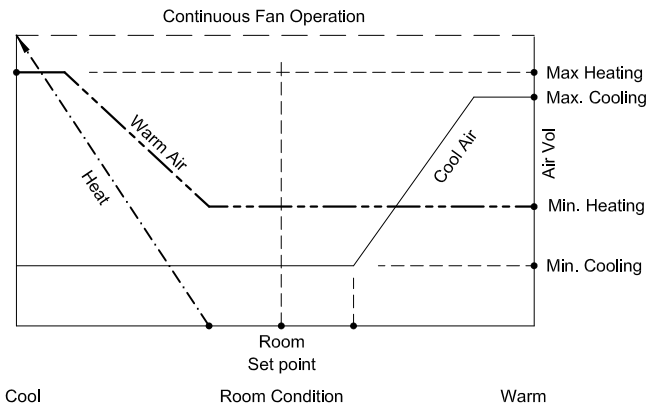


Calibration note: Suitable min and max heating flows must be selected in order to maintain flow through energized electric coils of at least 200 fpm and at least 70 cfm/kW throughout the entire operating range.

LEGEND

- FACTORY FLOW SENSOR TUBING
- FACTORY ELECTRICAL WIRING
- FIELD ELECTRICAL WIRING

CONTROL GRAPH



Sequence of Operation – Constant Volume Heat/cool changeover OR Cooling With Analog modulating reheat - Pressure Independent

On power up the damper will calibrate closed for 2 minutes.

****If no SAT sensor is present, the controller assumes Cool supply air at all times****

While the space is occupied, the unit fan operates continuously supplying a constant volume of supply air.

Cool supply air: On an increase in space temperature the controller regulates the actuator to open the VAV damper and increase the flow of cool air. On an increase of space temperature greater than the cooling proportional band, the airflow is maintained at its pre-selected maximum setting.

On a decrease in space temperature the controller regulates the actuator to close the VAV damper and reduce the flow of cool air. If the space temperature decreases to less than the cooling proportional band, the airflow is maintained at the pre-selected minimum setting.

Warm supply air: On a decrease in space temperature the controller regulates the actuator to open the VAV damper and increase the flow of warm air. On a decrease of space temperature greater than the heating proportional band, the airflow is maintained at its pre-selected maximum setting.

On an increase in space temperature the controller regulates the actuator to close the VAV damper and reduce the flow of warm air. If the space temperature increases above the heating proportional band, the airflow is maintained at the pre-selected minimum setting.

Reheat Operation: On a decrease in space temperature, the controller modulates the 0-10VDC output to increase heat proportionally to the room demand.

PROJECT:

ENGINEER:

CUSTOMER:

SUBMITTAL DATE:

SPEC. SYMBOL:



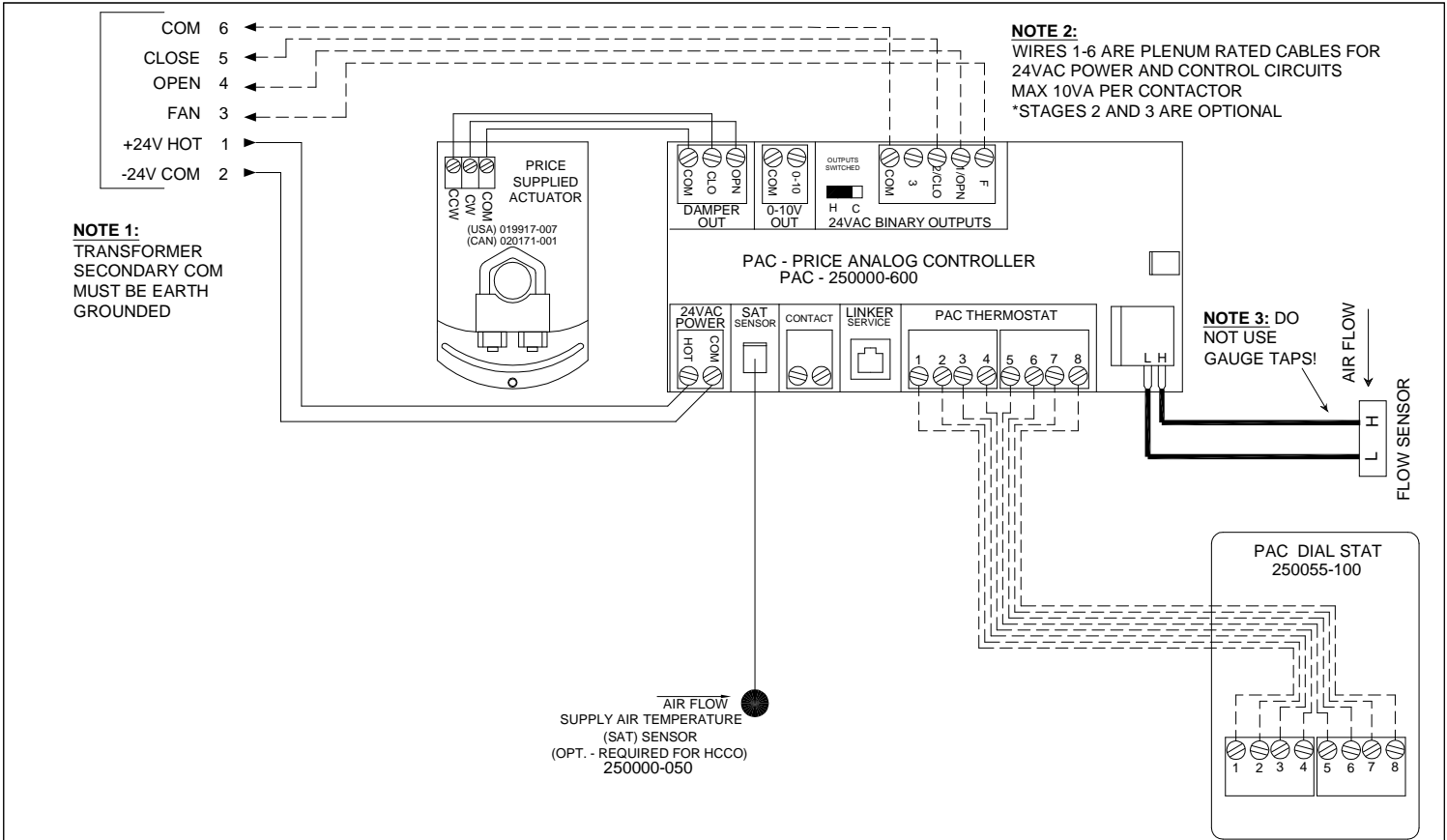
KR/mm

**FAN POWERED
PAC**

C.V.PRESSURE INDEPENDENT
HEAT/COOL C/O OR COOLING
WITH ANALOG ELECTRIC HEAT

254837

2012/11/13

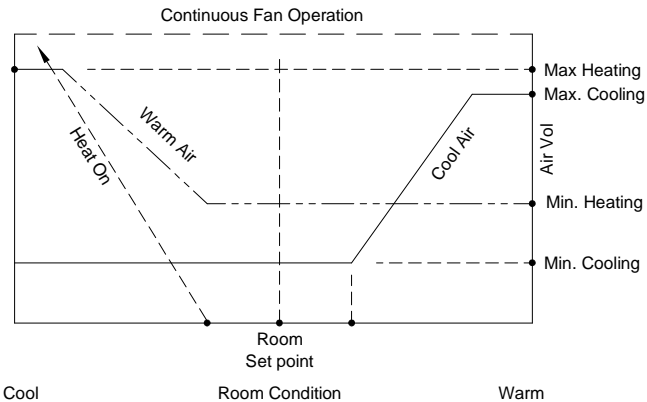


Calibration note: Suitable min and max heating flows must be selected in order to maintain flow through energized electric coils of at least 200 fpm and at least 70 cfm/kW throughout the entire operating range.

LEGEND

- FACTORY FLOW SENSOR TUBING
- FACTORY ELECTRICAL WIRING
- FIELD ELECTRICAL WIRING

CONTROL GRAPH



Sequence of Operation -- Constant Volume Heat/cool changeover OR cooling With up to 3 stage binary reheat - Pressure Independent

On power up the damper will calibrate closed for 2 minutes.

If no SAT sensor is present, the controller assumes Cool supply air at all times

While the space is occupied, the unit fan operates continuously supplying a constant volume of supply air.

Cool supply air: On an increase in space temperature the controller regulates the actuator to open the VAV damper and increase the flow of cool air. On an increase of space temperature greater than the cooling proportional band, the airflow is maintained at its pre-selected maximum setting.

On a decrease in space temperature the controller regulates the actuator to close the VAV damper and reduce the flow of cool air. If the space temperature decreases to less than the cooling proportional band, the airflow is maintained at the pre-selected minimum setting.

Warm supply air: On a decrease in space temperature the controller regulates the actuator to open the VAV damper and increase the flow of warm air. On a decrease of space temperature greater than the heating proportional band, the airflow is maintained at its pre-selected maximum setting.

On an increase in space temperature the controller regulates the actuator to close the VAV damper and reduce the flow of warm air. If the space temperature increases above the heating proportional band, the airflow is maintained at the pre-selected minimum setting.

Reheat Operation: On a decrease in space temperature into the heating proportional band, the HW valve is modulated to increase heat proportionally to room demand.

PROJECT:

ENGINEER:

CUSTOMER:

SUBMITTAL DATE:

SPEC. SYMBOL:

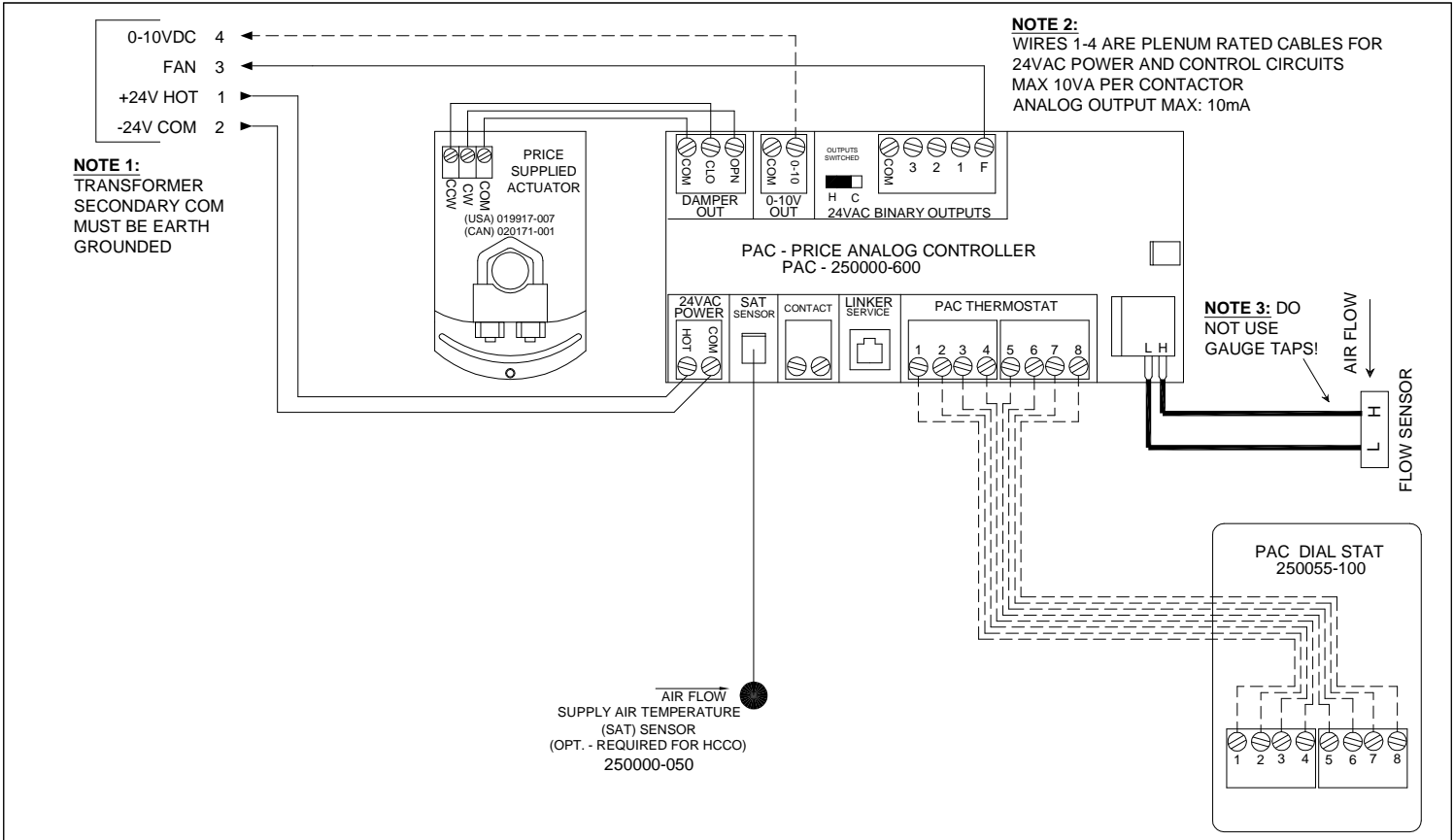


GF mm

264453

2014/03/14

**FAN POWERED
PAC**
C.V.PRESSURE INDEPENDENT
HEAT/COOL C/O OR COOLING
WITHFIELD WIRED TRI-STATE HW

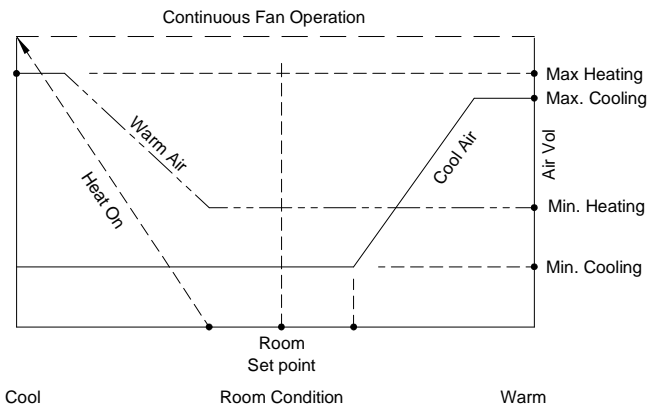


Calibration note: Suitable min and max heating flows must be selected in order to maintain flow through energized electric coils of at least 200 fpm and at least 70 cfm/kW throughout the entire operating range.

LEGEND

- FACTORY FLOW SENSOR TUBING
- FACTORY ELECTRICAL WIRING
- FIELD ELECTRICAL WIRING

CONTROL GRAPH



Sequence of Operation -- Constant Volume Heat/cool changeover OR Cooling With Analog modulating reheat - Pressure Independent

On power up the damper will calibrate closed for 2 minutes.

If no SAT sensor is present, the controller assumes Cool supply air at all times

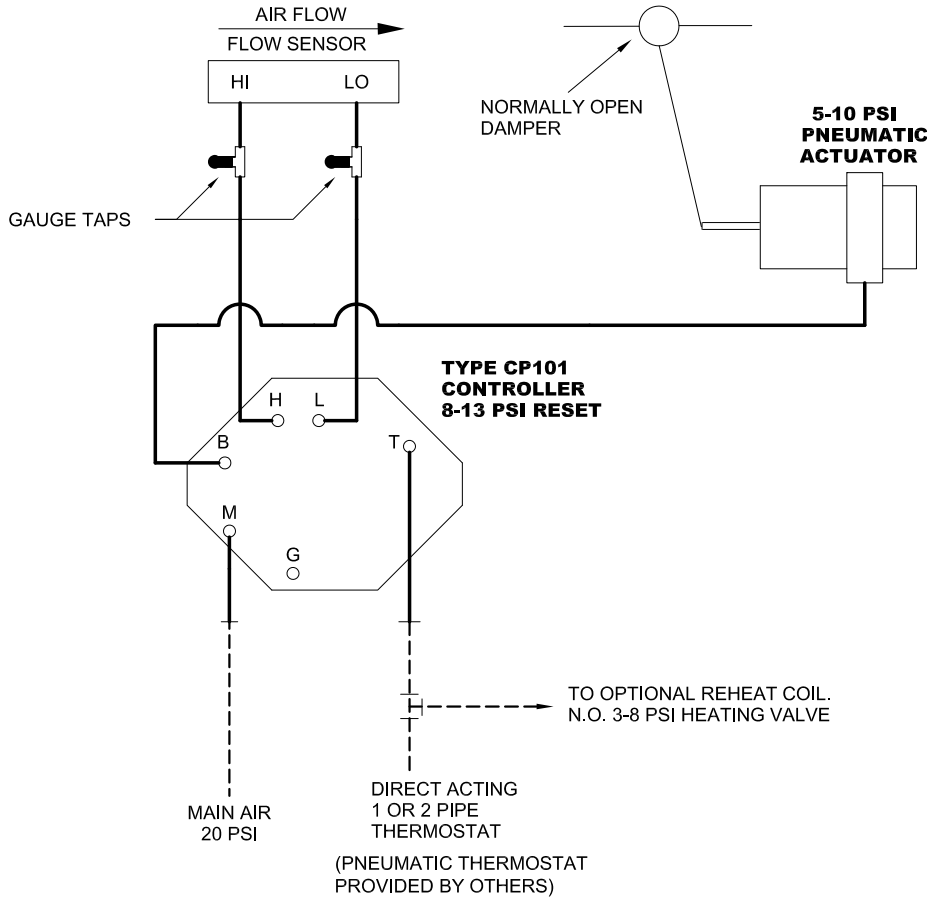
While the space is occupied, the unit fan operates continuously supplying a constant volume of supply air.

Cool supply air: On an increase in space temperature the controller regulates the actuator to open the VAV damper and increase the flow of cool air. On an increase of space temperature greater than the cooling proportional band, the airflow is maintained at its pre-selected maximum setting. On a decrease in space temperature the controller regulates the actuator to close the VAV damper and reduce the flow of cool air. If the space temperature decreases to less than the cooling proportional band, the airflow is maintained at the pre-selected minimum setting.

Warm supply air: On a decrease in space temperature the controller regulates the actuator to open the VAV damper and increase the flow of warm air. On a decrease of space temperature greater than the heating proportional band, the airflow is maintained at its pre-selected maximum setting. On an increase in space temperature the controller regulates the actuator to close the VAV damper and reduce the flow of warm air. If the space temperature increases above the heating proportional band, the airflow is maintained at the pre-selected minimum setting.

Reheat Operation: On a decrease in space temperature, the controller modulates the 0-10VDC output to increase heat proportionally to the room demand.

PROJECT:		PRICE [®]	
ENGINEER:		<i>GF mm</i>	FAN POWERED PAC
CUSTOMER:			C.V.PRESSURE INDEPENDENT HEAT/COOL C/O OR COOLING WITH FIELD WIRED ANALOG HW
SUBMITTAL DATE:	SPEC. SYMBOL:	264454	2014/03/14



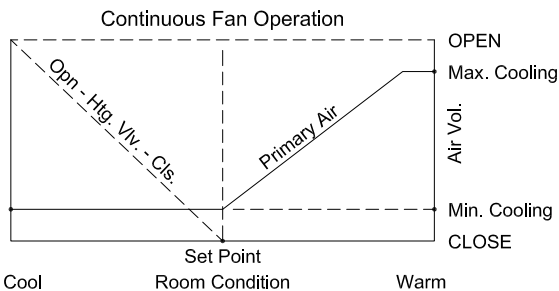
NOTES:

1. TOTAL AIR CONSUMPTION 0.017 SCFM.

LEGEND

- FACTORY PNEUMATIC TUBING
- FIELD PNEUMATIC TUBING

CONTROL GRAPH



Sequence of Operation -- Constant volume, continuous fan, pressure independent, normally open, direct acting cooling application. HW reheat is optional.

The unit fan operates continuously.

An increase in space temperature increases the thermostat output pressure. When the thermostat output increases to 13 psi or more, the VAV box damper is maintained at the pre-selected maximum flow setting.

A decrease in space temperature decreases the thermostat output pressure. When the thermostat output decreases to 8 psi or less, the VAV box damper is maintained at the pre-selected minimum flow setting.

At thermostat output pressures between 8 & 13 psi the VAV damper modulates between minimum & maximum flow settings.

At thermostat output pressures below 8 psi the minimum flow setting is maintained, and the thermostat may control an optional reheat coil.

Normally Open Damper: On failure of the main air supply the damper will fail to the open position.

PROJECT:



ENGINEER:

BTH/BC

CUSTOMER:

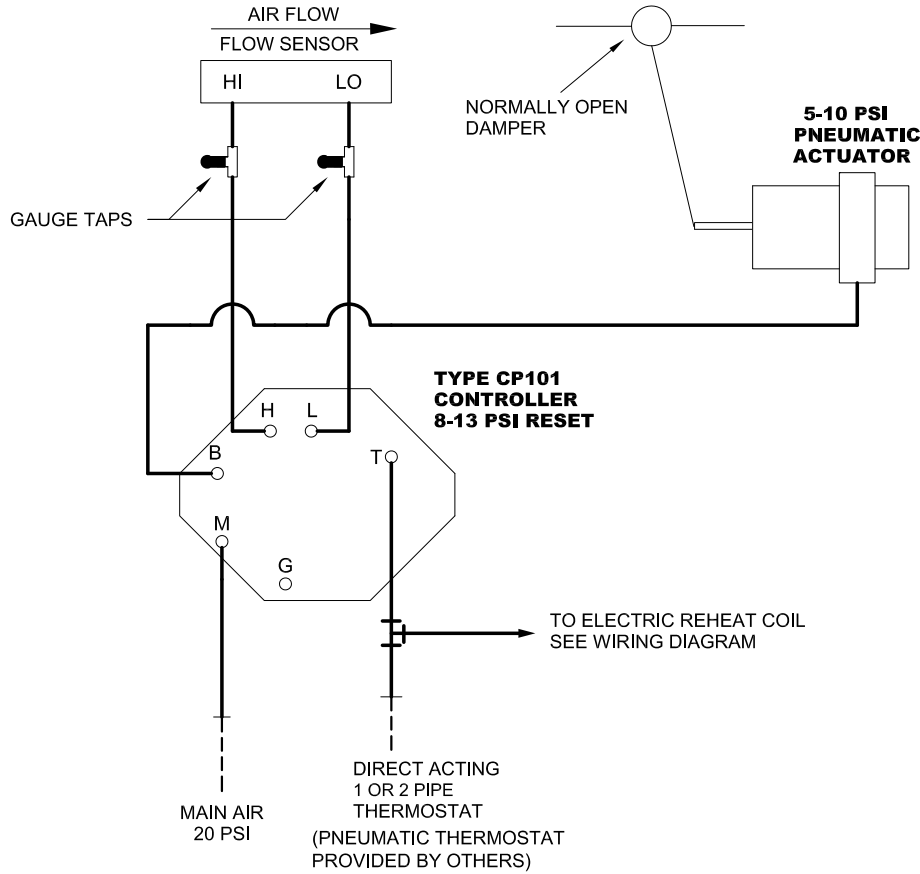
231760

SUBMITTAL DATE:

SPEC. SYMBOL:

2011/11/07

FPC8 / FPCE8 / FPCQ8
Kreuter CP-101
Clg., HW Reheat Optional
Constant Vol., Continuous Fan
Pressure Independent
D.A. T'Stat, N.O. Damper



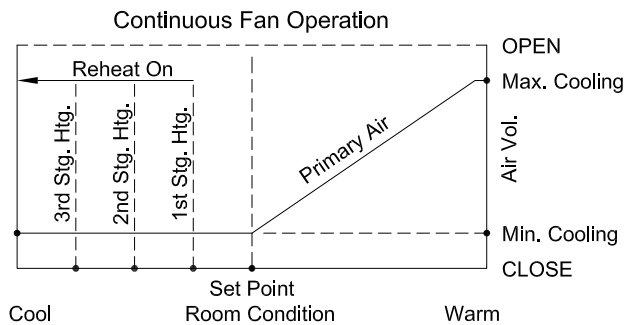
NOTES:

1. TOTAL AIR CONSUMPTION 0.017 SCFM.

LEGEND

————— FACTORY PNEUMATIC TUBING
----- FIELD PNEUMATIC TUBING

CONTROL GRAPH



Sequence of Operation -- Constant volume, continuous fan, pressure independent, normally open, direct acting cooling application with electric reheat coil.

The unit fan operates continuously.
An increase in space temperature increases the thermostat output pressure. When the thermostat output increases to 13 psi or more, the VAV box damper is maintained at the pre-selected maximum flow setting.
A decrease in space temperature decreases the thermostat output pressure. When the thermostat output decreases to 8 psi or less, the VAV box damper is maintained at the pre-selected minimum flow setting.

At thermostat output pressures between 8 & 13 psi the VAV damper modulates between minimum & maximum flow settings.
At thermostat output pressures below 8 psi the minimum flow setting is maintained, and the thermostat will control the electric reheat coil.
Airflow is held constant at any given thermostat output pressure regardless of changes in inlet duct static pressure.

Normally Open Damper: On failure of the main air supply the damper will fail to the open position.

PROJECT:

ENGINEER:

CUSTOMER:

SUBMITTAL DATE:

SPEC. SYMBOL:

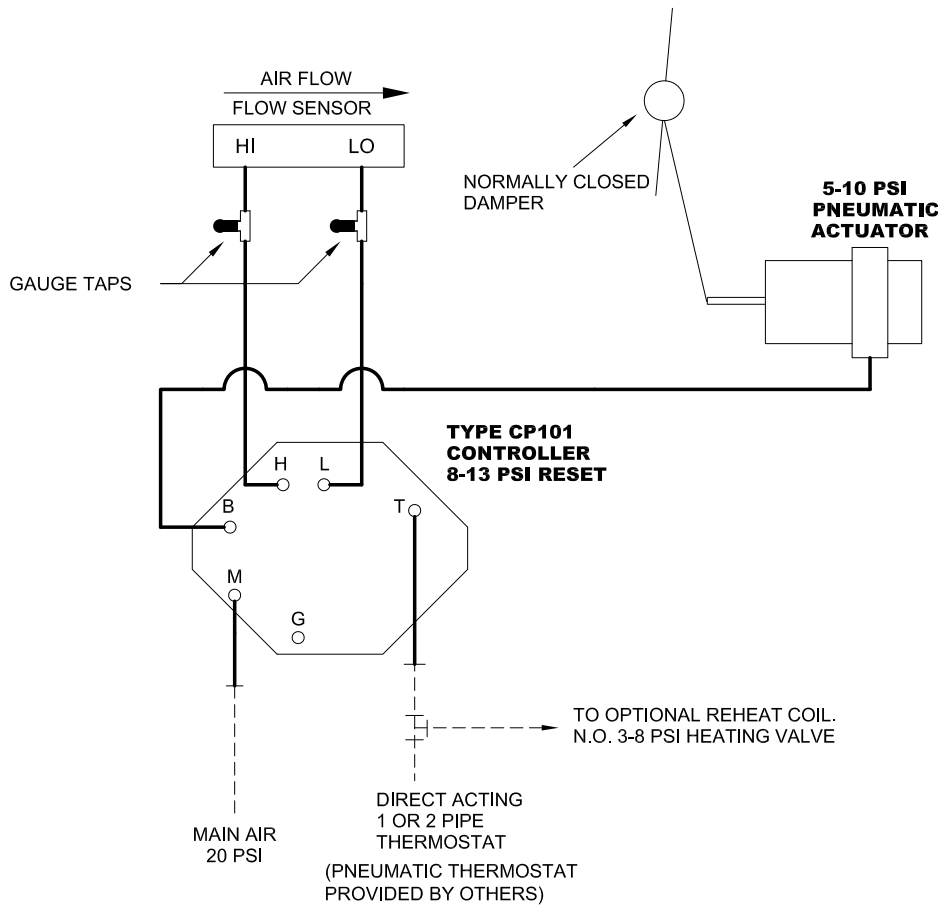


BTG/BC

231761

2011/11/07

FPC8 / FPCE8 / FPCQ8
Kreuter CP-101
Clg., Electric Reheat Coil
Constant Vol., Continuous Fan
Pressure Independent
D.A. T'Stat, N.O. Damper



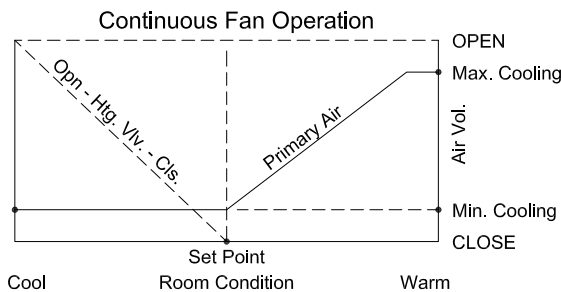
NOTES:

1. TOTAL AIR CONSUMPTION 0.017 SCFM.

LEGEND

———— FACTORY PNEUMATIC TUBING
 - - - - - FIELD PNEUMATIC TUBING

CONTROL GRAPH



Sequence of Operation -- Constant volume, continuous fan, pressure independent, normally closed, direct acting cooling application. HW reheat is optional.

The unit fan operates continuously.

An increase in space temperature increases the thermostat output pressure. When the thermostat output increases to 13 psi or more, the VAV box damper is maintained at the pre-selected maximum flow setting.

A decrease in space temperature decreases the thermostat output pressure. When the thermostat output decreases to 8 psi or less, the VAV box damper is maintained at the pre-selected minimum flow setting.

At thermostat output pressures between 8 & 13 psi the VAV damper modulates between minimum & maximum flow settings.

At thermostat output pressures below 8 psi the minimum flow setting is maintained, and the thermostat may also control an optional reheat coil.

Normally Closed Damper: On failure of the main air supply the damper will fail to the closed position.

PROJECT:

ENGINEER:

CUSTOMER:

SUBMITTAL DATE:

SPEC. SYMBOL:

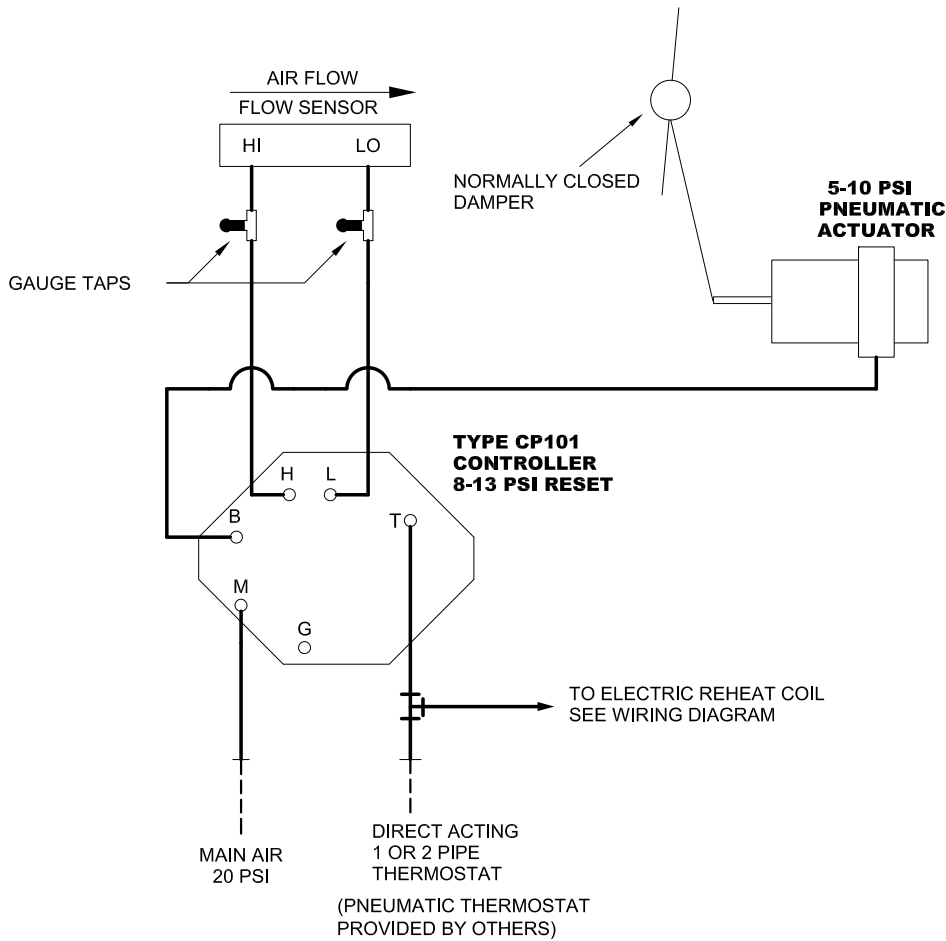


BTG/BL

231762

2011/11/07

FPC8 / FPCE8 / FPCQ8
 Kreuter CP-101
 Clg., HW Reheat Optional
 Constant Vol., Continuous Fan
 Pressure Independent
 D.A. T'Stat, N.C. Damper



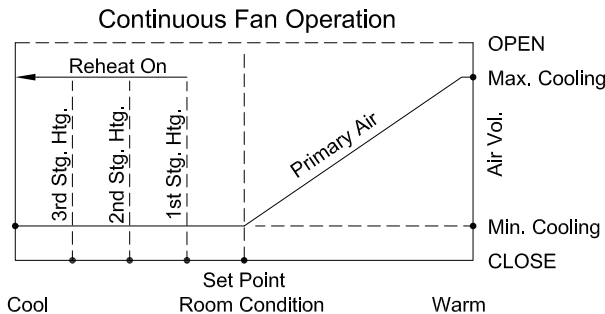
NOTES:

1. TOTAL AIR CONSUMPTION 0.017 SCFM.

LEGEND

————— FACTORY PNEUMATIC TUBING
----- FIELD PNEUMATIC TUBING

CONTROL GRAPH



Sequence of Operation -- Constant volume, continuous fan, pressure independent, normally closed, direct acting cooling application with electric reheat coil.

The unit fan operates continuously.

An increase in space temperature increases the thermostat output pressure. When the thermostat output increases to 13 psi or more, the VAV box damper is maintained at the pre-selected maximum flow setting.

A decrease in space temperature decreases the thermostat output pressure. When the thermostat output decreases to 8 psi or less, the VAV box damper is maintained at the pre-selected minimum flow setting.

At thermostat output pressures between 8 & 13 psi the VAV damper modulates between minimum & maximum flow settings.

At thermostat output pressures below 8 psi the minimum flow setting is maintained, and the thermostat will control the electric reheat coil.

Normally Closed Damper: On failure of the main air supply the damper will fail to the closed position.

PROJECT:

ENGINEER:

CUSTOMER:

SUBMITTAL DATE:

SPEC. SYMBOL:

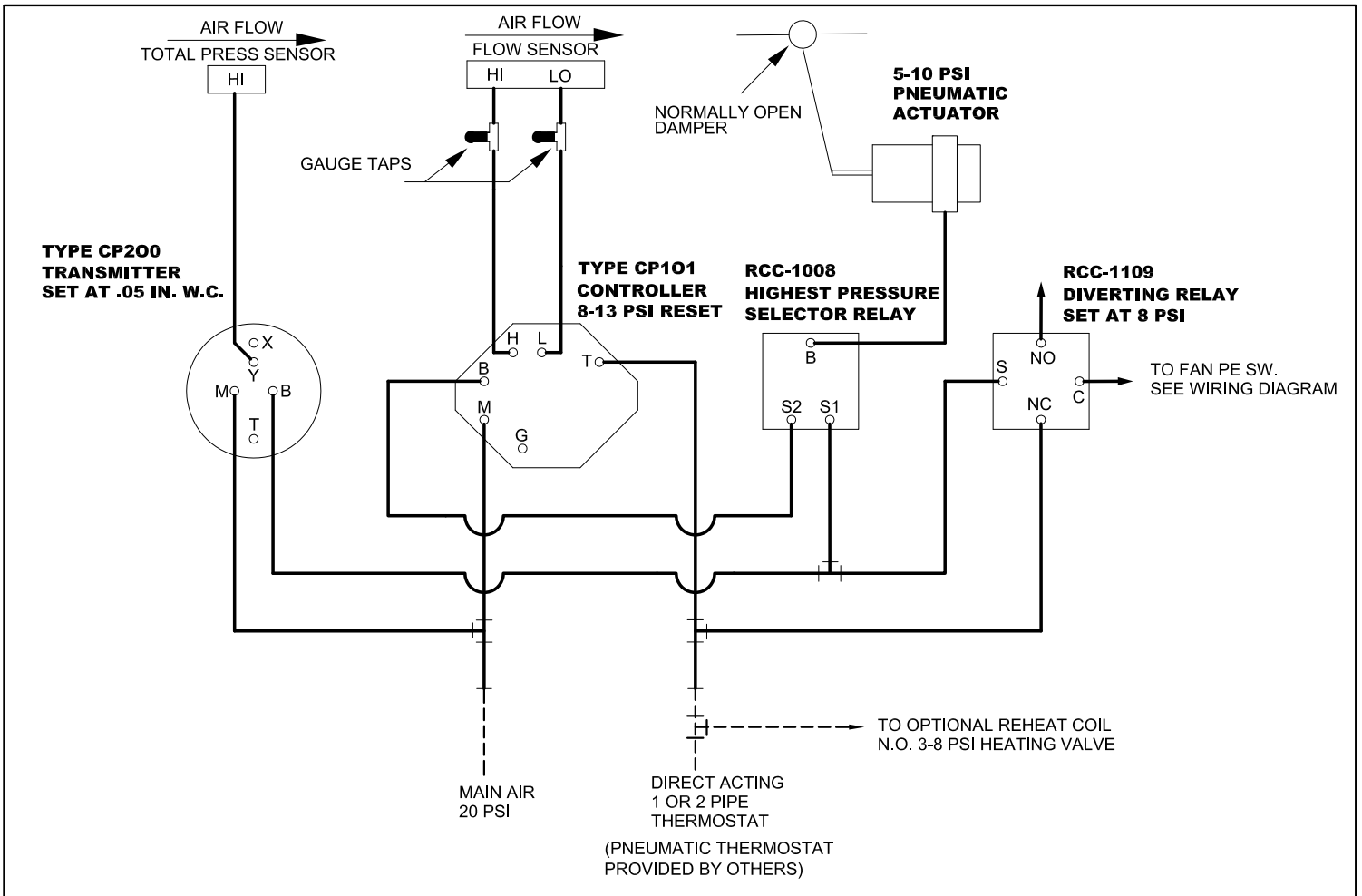


BTG/BC

231763

2011/11/07

FPC8 / FPCE8 / FPCQ8
Kreuter CP-101
Clg., Electric Reheat Coil
Constant Vol., Continuous Fan
Pressure Independent
D.A. T'Stat, N.C. Damper



NOTES:

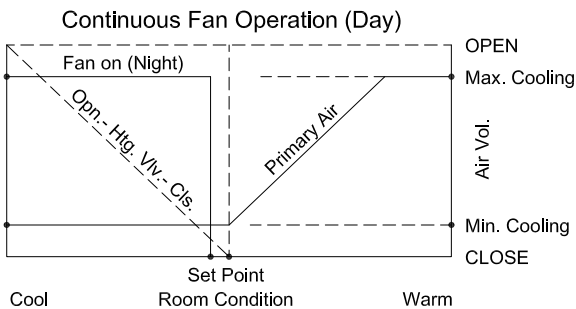
1. TOTAL AIR CONSUMPTION 0.025 SCFM.

LEGEND

————— FACTORY PNEUMATIC TUBING

- - - - - FIELD PNEUMATIC TUBING

CONTROL GRAPH



Sequence of Operation -- Constant volume, fan interlock, pressure independent, normally open, direct acting cooling application with primary damper close-off. HW reheat is optional.

Day Operation: The unit fan starts and runs continuously when primary air static pressure is sensed at the CP200 controller. An increase in space temperature increases the thermostat output pressure. When the thermostat output increases to 13 psi or more, the VAV box damper is maintained at the pre-selected maximum flow setting. A decrease in space temperature decreases the thermostat output pressure. When the thermostat output decreases to 8 psi, the VAV box damper is maintained at the pre-selected minimum flow setting. At thermostat output pressures below 8 psi, the minimum flow setting is maintained, and the thermostat may also control an optional reheat coil. Airflow is held constant at any given thermostat output pressure regardless of changes in inlet duct static pressure.

Night Operation: When no primary air static pressure is sensed at the CP200 controller the VAV damper is driven to the closed position and the unit fan is off.

On a continued decrease in space temperature the thermostat will energize the unit fan and control an optional reheat coil to maintain the thermostat setting.

Normally Open Damper: On failure of the main air supply the damper will fail to the open position.

PROJECT:

ENGINEER:

CUSTOMER:

SUBMITTAL DATE:

SPEC. SYMBOL:

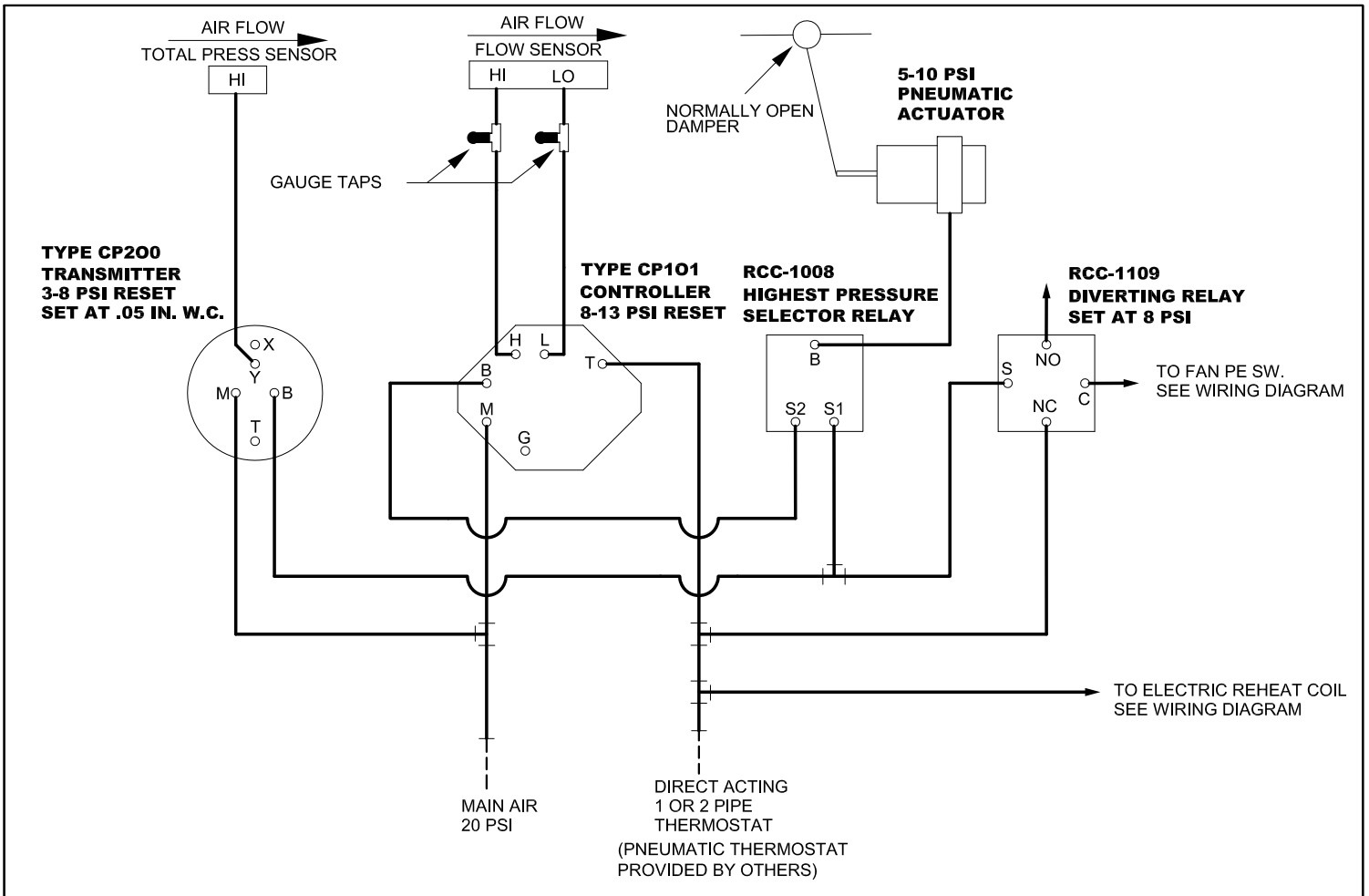


BTH/BL

231764

2011/11/07

FPC8 / FPCE8 / FPCQ8
Kreuter CP-101
Clg., HW Reheat Optional
Constant Vol., Fan Interlock
Pressure Independent
D.A. T'Stat, N.O. Damper



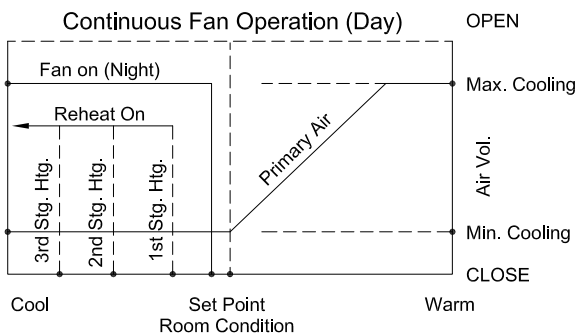
NOTES:

1. TOTAL AIR CONSUMPTION 0.025 SCFM.

LEGEND

- FACTORY PNEUMATIC TUBING
- - - - - FIELD PNEUMATIC TUBING

CONTROL GRAPH



Sequence of Operation -- Constant volume, fan interlock, pressure independent, normally open, direct acting cooling application with electric reheat coil and primary damper close-off.

Day Operation: The unit fan starts and runs continuously when primary air static pressure is sensed at the CP200 controller. An increase in space temperature increases the thermostat output pressure. When the thermostat output increases to 13 psi or more, the VAV box damper is maintained at the pre-selected maximum flow setting. A decrease in space temperature decreases the thermostat output pressure. When the thermostat output decreases to 8 psi, the VAV box damper is maintained at the pre-selected minimum flow setting. At thermostat output pressures below 8 psi, the minimum flow setting is maintained, and the thermostat will also control the electric reheat coil. Airflow is held constant at any given thermostat output pressure regardless of changes in inlet duct static pressure.

Night Operation: When no primary air static pressure is sensed at the CP200 controller the VAV damper is driven to the closed position and the unit fan is off.

On a continued decrease in space temperature the thermostat will energize the unit fan and control an electric reheat coil to maintain the thermostat setting.

Normally Open Damper: On failure of the main air supply the damper will fail to the open position.

PROJECT:

ENGINEER:

CUSTOMER:

SUBMITTAL DATE:

SPEC. SYMBOL:

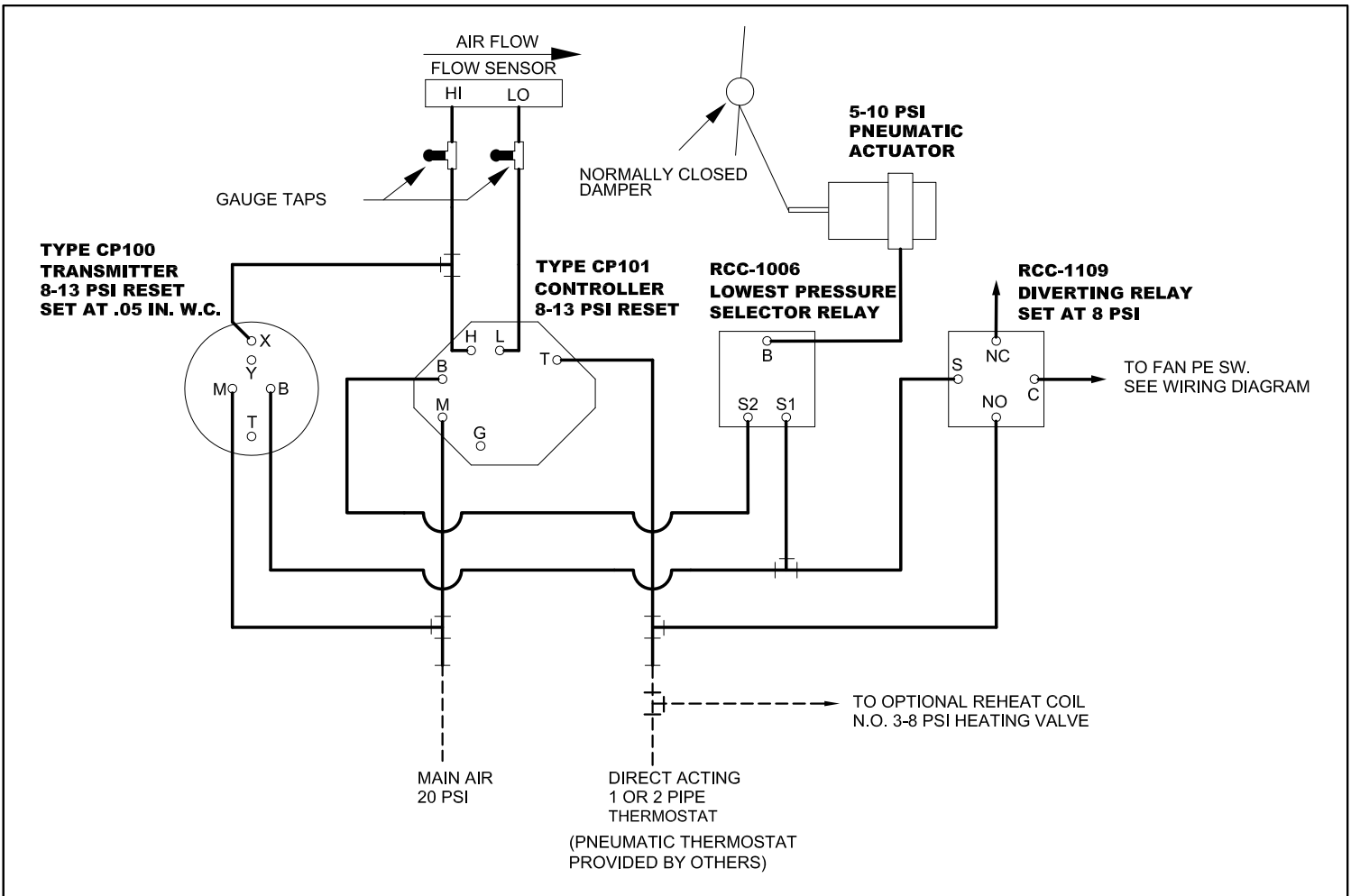


BTH/BL

FPC8 / FPCE8 / FPCQ8
Kreuter CP-101
Clg., Electric Reheat Coil
Constant Vol., Fan Interlock
Pressure Independent
D.A. T'Stat, N.O. Damper

231765

2011/11/07



NOTES:

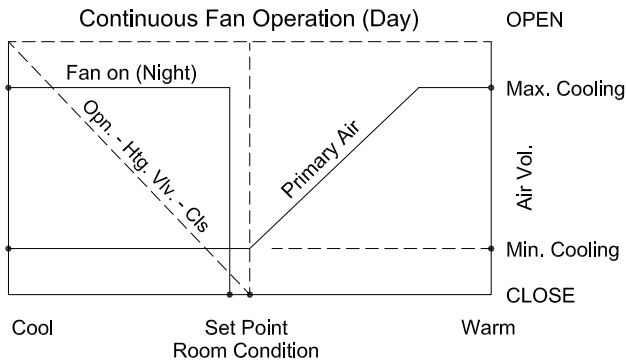
1. TOTAL AIR CONSUMPTION 0.038 SCFM.

LEGEND

————— FACTORY PNEUMATIC TUBING

- - - - - FIELD PNEUMATIC TUBING

CONTROL GRAPH



Sequence of Operation -- Constant volume, fan interlock, pressure independent, normally closed, direct acting cooling application with primary damper close-off. HW reheat coil is optional.

Day Operation: The unit fan starts and runs continuously when primary air static pressure is sensed at the CP100 controller. An increase in space temperature decreases the thermostat output pressure. When the thermostat output increases to 13 psi or more, the VAV box damper is maintained at the pre-selected maximum flow setting. A decrease in space temperature decreases the thermostat output pressure. When the thermostat output decreases to 8 psi, the VAV box damper is maintained at the pre-selected minimum flow setting. At thermostat output pressures below 8 psi, the minimum flow setting is maintained, and the thermostat may also control an optional reheat coil. Airflow is held constant at any given thermostat output pressure regardless of changes in inlet duct static pressure.

Night Operation: When no primary air static pressure is sensed at the CP100 controller the VAV damper is driven to the closed position and the unit fan is off.

On a continued decrease in space temperature the thermostat will energize the unit fan and control an optional reheat coil to maintain the thermostat setting.

Normally Closed Damper: On failure of the main air supply the damper will fail to the closed position.

PROJECT:

ENGINEER:

CUSTOMER:

SUBMITTAL DATE:

SPEC. SYMBOL:

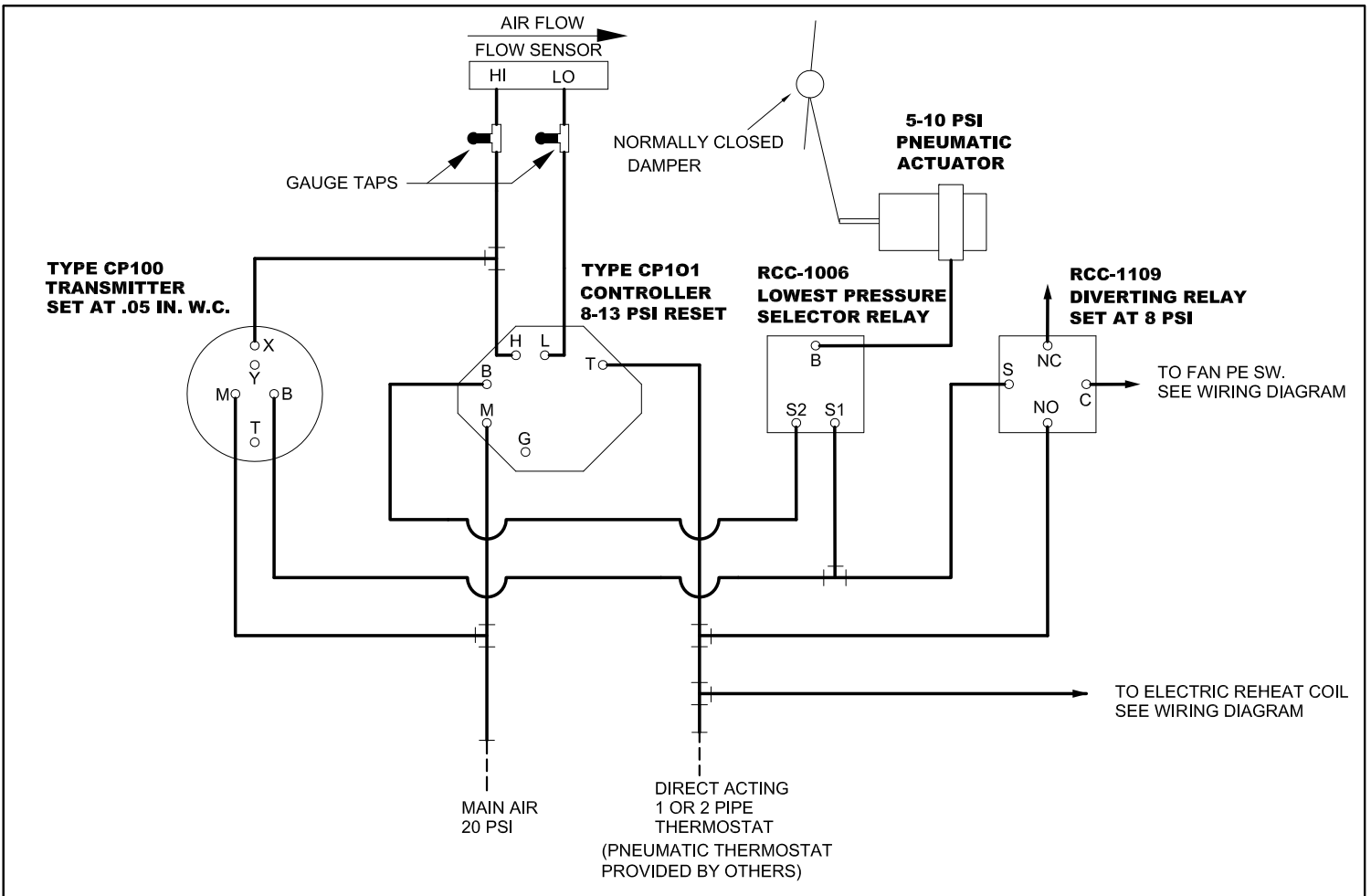


BTG/BC

231766

2011/11/07

FPC8 / FPCE8 / FPCQ8
Kreuter CP-101
Clg., HW Reheat Optional
Constant Vol., Fan Interlock
Pressure Independent
D.A. T'Stat, N.C. Damper



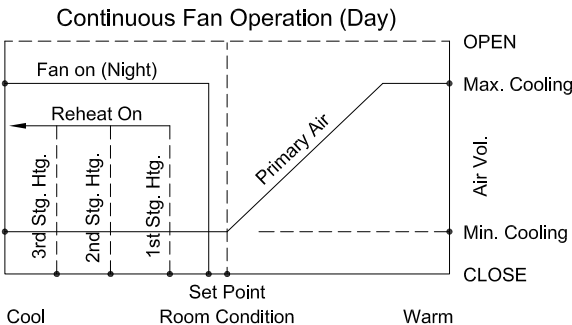
NOTES:

1. TOTAL AIR CONSUMPTION 0.038 SCFM.

LEGEND

————— FACTORY PNEUMATIC TUBING
 - - - - - FIELD PNEUMATIC TUBING

CONTROL GRAPH



Sequence of Operation -- Constant volume, fan interlock, pressure independent, normally closed, direct acting cooling application with electric reheat coil and primary damper close-off.

Day Operation: The unit fan starts and runs continuously when primary air static pressure is sensed at the CP100 controller.

An increase in space temperature increases the thermostat output pressure. When the thermostat output increases to 13 psi or more, the VAV box damper is maintained at the pre-selected maximum flow setting.

A decrease in space temperature decreases the thermostat output pressure. When the thermostat output decreases to 8 psi, the VAV box damper is maintained at the pre-selected minimum flow setting. At thermostat output pressures below 8 psi the minimum flow setting is maintained, and the thermostat will also control the electric reheat coil.

Airflow is held constant at any given thermostat output pressure regardless of changes in inlet duct static pressure.

Night Operation: When no primary air static pressure is sensed at the CP100 controller the VAV damper is driven to the closed position and the unit fan is off. On a continued decrease in space temperature the thermostat will energize the unit fan and control an electric reheat coil to maintain the thermostat setting.

Normally Closed Damper: On failure of the main air supply the damper will fail to the closed position.

PROJECT:

ENGINEER:

CUSTOMER:

SUBMITTAL DATE:

SPEC. SYMBOL:

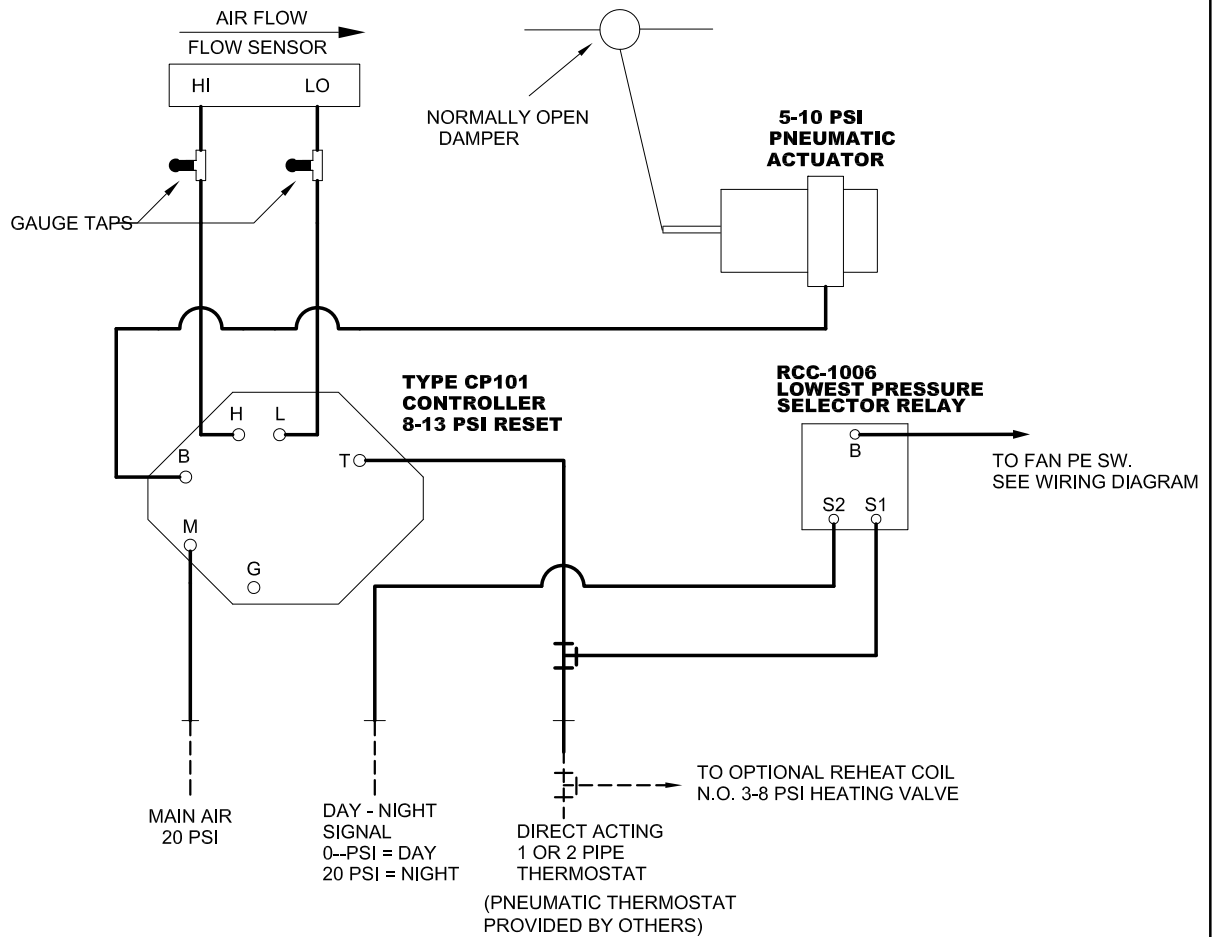


BTG/BC

231767

2011/11/07

FPC8 / FPCE8 / FPCQ8
 Kreuter CP-101
 Clg., Electric Reheat Coil
 Constant Vol., Fan Interlock
 Pressure Independent
 D.A. T'Stat, N.C. Damper



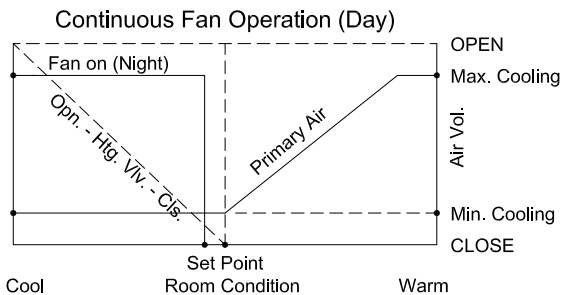
NOTES:

1. TOTAL AIR CONSUMPTION 0.0295 SCFM.

LEGEND

- FACTORY PNEUMATIC TUBING
- FIELD PNEUMATIC TUBING

CONTROL GRAPH



Sequence of Operation -- Constant volume, Day-Night Fan, pressure independent, normally open, direct acting cooling application with optional HW reheat.

Day Operation: The unit fan starts and runs continuously when the pneumatic signal from the central control system is at 0 psi.

An increase in space temperature increases the thermostat output pressure. When the thermostat output increases to 13 psi or more, the VAV box damper is maintained at the pre-selected maximum flow setting.

A decrease in space temperature decreases the thermostat output pressure. When the thermostat output pressure decreases to 8 psi, the VAV box damper is maintained at the pre-selected minimum flow setting. A thermostat output pressures below 8 psi the minimum flow setting is maintained, and the thermostat may also control an optional reheat coil.

Airflow is held constant at any given thermostat output pressure regardless of changes in inlet duct static pressure.

Night Operation: The unit fan is off when the pneumatic signal from the central control system is at 20 psi. On a continued decrease in space temperature the thermostat will energize the unit fan and control an optional reheat coil to maintain the thermostat setting.

Normally Open Damper: On failure of the main air supply the damper will fail to the open position.

PROJECT:

ENGINEER:

CUSTOMER:

SUBMITTAL DATE:

SPEC. SYMBOL:

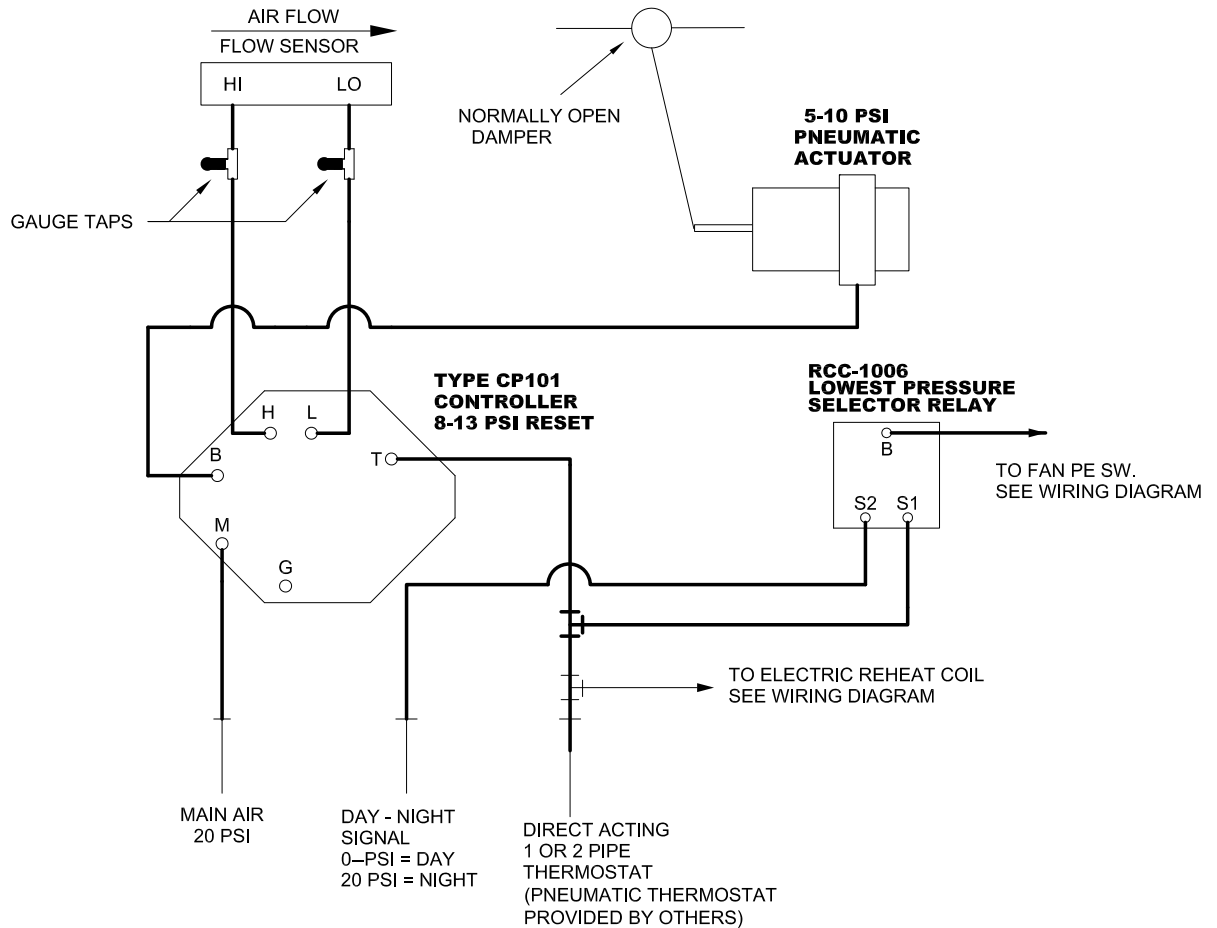


BTG/BL

231768

2011/11/07

FPC8 / FPCE8 / FPCQ8
Kreuter CP-101
Clg., HW Reheat Optional
Constant Vol., Day-Night Fan
Pressure Independent
D.A. T'Stat, N.O. Damper



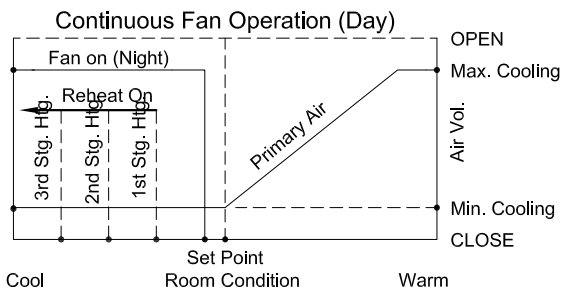
NOTES:

1. TOTAL AIR CONSUMPTION 0.0295 SCFM.

LEGEND

————— FACTORY PNEUMATIC TUBING
 - - - - - FIELD PNEUMATIC TUBING

CONTROL GRAPH



Sequence of Operation -- Constant volume, Day-Night Fan, pressure independent, normally open, direct acting cooling application with electric reheat coil.

Day Operation: The unit fan starts and runs continuously when the pneumatic signal from the central control system is at 0 psi. An increase in space temperature increases the thermostat output pressure. When the thermostat output increases to 13 psi or more, the VAV box damper is maintained at the pre-selected maximum flow setting. A decrease in space temperature decreases the thermostat output pressure. When the thermostat output pressure decreases to 8 psi, the VAV box damper is maintained at the pre-selected minimum flow setting. At thermostat output pressures below 8 psi the minimum flow setting is maintained, and the thermostat will control the electric reheat coil. Airflow is held constant at any given thermostat output pressure regardless of changes in inlet duct static pressure.

Night Operation: The unit fan is off when the pneumatic signal from the central control system is at 20 psi. On a continued decrease in space temperature the thermostat will energize the unit fan and control an electric reheat coil to maintain the thermostat setting.

Normally Open Damper: On failure of the main air supply the damper will fail to the open position.

PROJECT:

ENGINEER:

CUSTOMER:

SUBMITTAL DATE:

SPEC. SYMBOL:

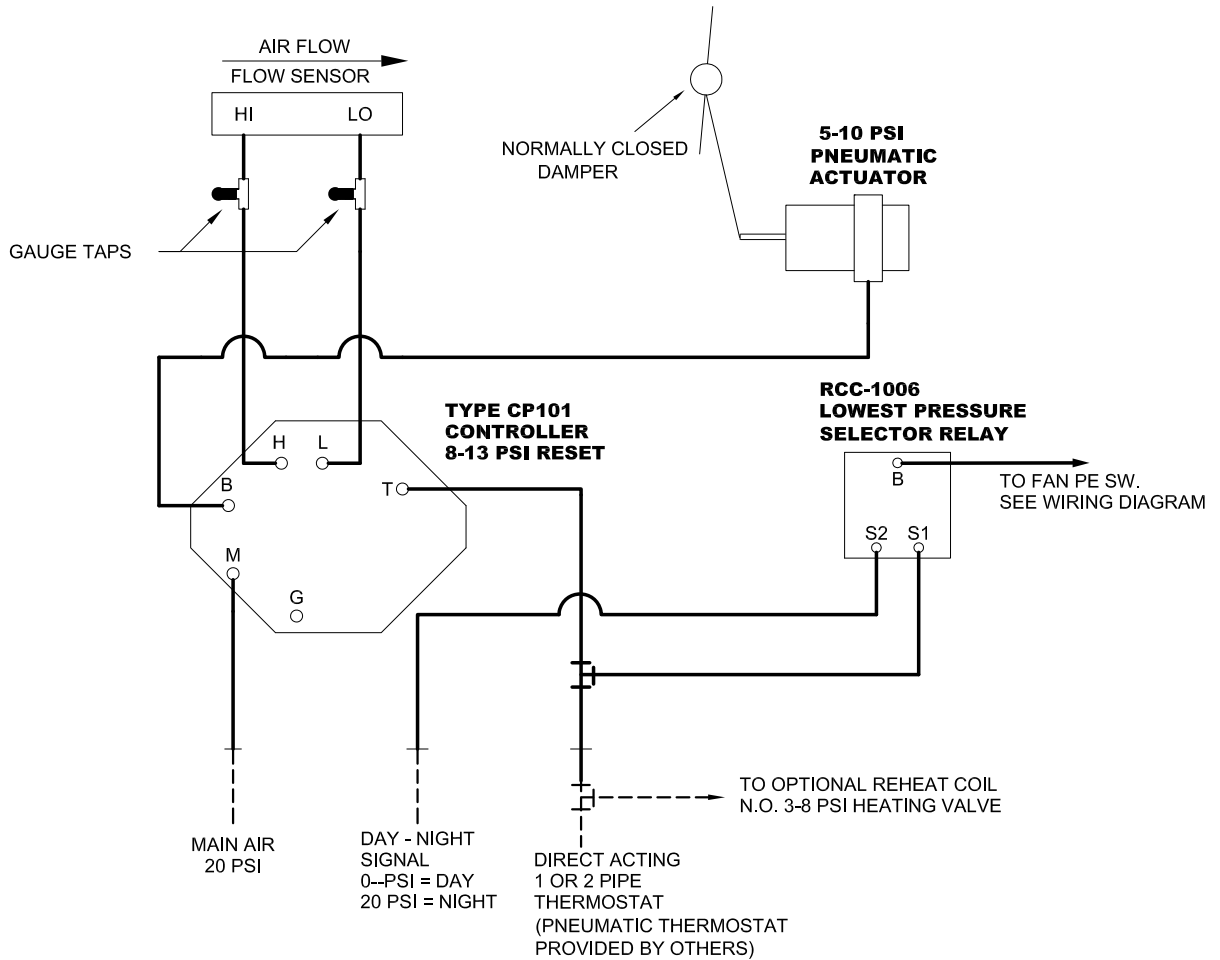


BTG/BC

231769

2011/11/07

FPC8 / FPCE8 / FPCQ8
 Kreuter CP-101
 Clg., Electric Reheat Coil
 Constant Vol., Day-Night Fan
 Pressure Independent
 D.A. T'Stat, N.O. Damper



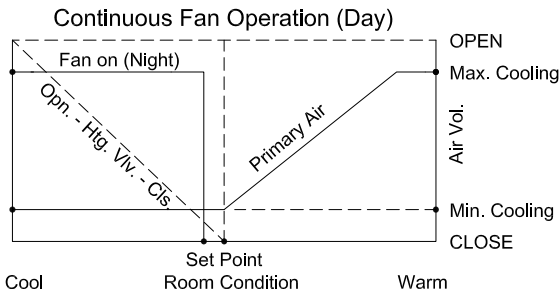
NOTES:

1. TOTAL AIR CONSUMPTION 0.0295 SCFM.

LEGEND

————— FACTORY PNEUMATIC TUBING
 - - - - - FIELD PNEUMATIC TUBING

CONTROL GRAPH



Sequence of Operation -- Constant volume, Day-Night Fan, pressure independent, normally closed, direct acting cooling application with optional HW reheat.

Day Operation: The unit fan starts and runs continuously when the pneumatic signal from the central control system is at 0 psi.

An increase in space temperature increases the thermostat pressure. When the thermostat output increases to 13 psi or more, the VAV box damper is maintained at the pre-selected maximum flow setting.

A decrease in space temperature decreases the thermostat output pressure. When the thermostat output pressure decreases to 8 psi, the VAV box damper is maintained at the pre-selected minimum flow setting. At thermostat output pressures below 8 psi the minimum flow setting is maintained, and the thermostat may also control an optional reheat coil.

Airflow is held constant at any given thermostat output pressure regardless of changes in the inlet duct static pressure.

Night Operation: The fan is off when the pneumatic signal from the central control system is at 20 psi. On a continued decrease in space temperature the thermostat will energize the unit fan and control an optional reheat coil to maintain the thermostat setting.

Normally Closed Damper: On failure of the main air supply the damper will fail to the closed position.

PROJECT:

ENGINEER:

CUSTOMER:

SUBMITTAL DATE:

SPEC. SYMBOL:

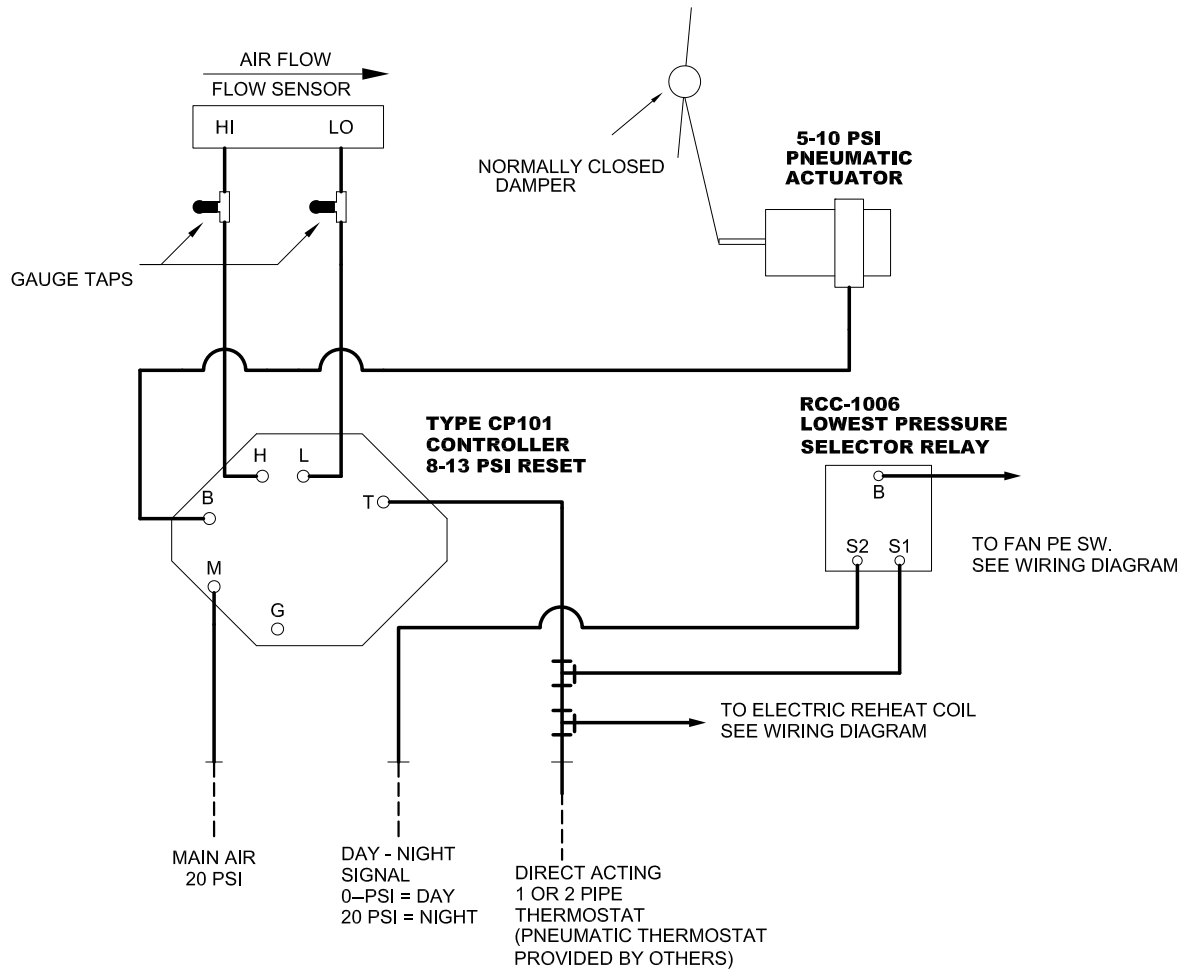


BTG/BC

231770

2011/11/07

FPC8 / FPCE8 / FPCQ8
 Kreuter CP-101
 Clg., HW Reheat Optional
 Constant Vol., Day-Night Fan
 Pressure Independent
 D.A. T'Stat, N.C. Damper



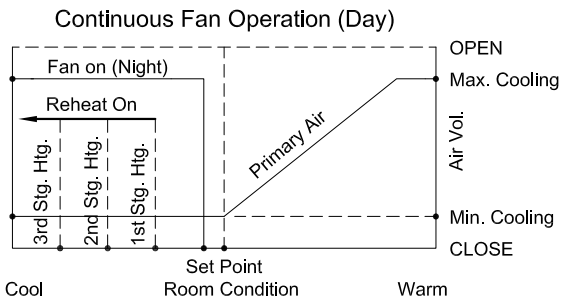
NOTES:

1. TOTAL AIR CONSUMPTION 0.0295 SCFM.

LEGEND

————— FACTORY PNEUMATIC TUBING
 - - - - - FIELD PNEUMATIC TUBING

CONTROL GRAPH



Sequence of Operation -- Constant volume, Day-Night Fan, pressure independent, normally closed, direct acting cooling application with electric reheat coil.

Day Operation: The unit fan starts and runs continuously when the pneumatic signal from the central control system is at 0 psi. An increase in space temperature increases the thermostat output pressure. When the thermostat output increases to 13 psi or more, the VAV box damper is maintained at the pre-selected maximum flow setting.

A decrease in space temperature decreases the thermostat output pressure. When the thermostat output pressure decreases to 8 psi, the VAV box damper is maintained at the pre-selected minimum flow setting. At thermostat output pressures below 8 psi the minimum flow setting is maintained, and the thermostat will control an electric reheat coil.

Airflow is held constant at any given thermostat output pressure regardless of changes in inlet duct static pressure.

Night Operation: The unit fan is off when the pneumatic signal from the central control system is at 20 psi. On a continued decrease in space temperature the thermostat will energize the unit fan and control an electric reheat coil to maintain the thermostat setting.

Normally Closed Damper: On failure of the main air supply the damper will fail to the closed position.

PROJECT:



ENGINEER:

BTG/BL

CUSTOMER:

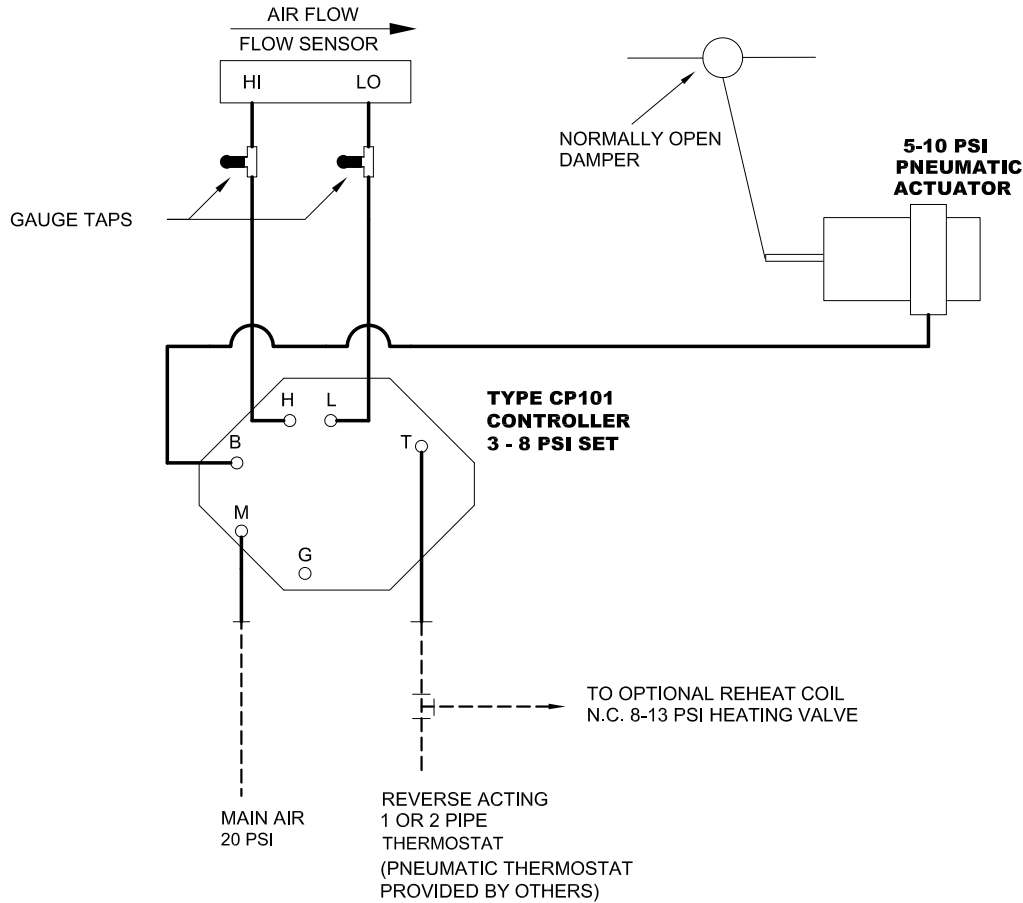
231771

SUBMITTAL DATE:

SPEC. SYMBOL:

2011/11/07

FPC8 / FPCE8 / FPCQ8
 Kreuter CP-101
 Clg., Electric Reheat Coil
 Constant Vol., Day-Night Fan
 Pressure Independent
 D.A. T'Stat, N.C. Damper



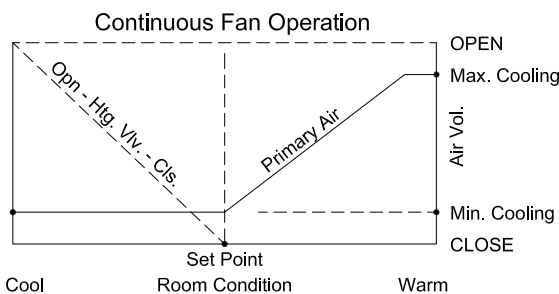
NOTES:

1. TOTAL AIR CONSUMPTION 0.017 SCFM.

LEGEND

- FACTORY PNEUMATIC TUBING
- FIELD PNEUMATIC TUBING

CONTROL GRAPH



Sequence of Operation -- Constant volume, continuous fan, pressure independent, reverse acting, normally open cooling application. HW reheat coil is optional.

The unit fan operates continuously.
 An increase in space temperature decreases the thermostat output pressure. When the thermostat output decreases to 3 psi or less, the VAV box damper is maintained at the pre-selected maximum flow setting. A decrease in space temperature increases the thermostat output pressure. When the thermostat output increases to 8 psi or more, the VAV box damper is maintained at the pre-selected minimum flow setting. At thermostat output pressures between 3 & 8 psi the VAV damper modulates between minimum & maximum flow settings. At thermostat output pressures above 8 psi the minimum flow setting is maintained, and the thermostat may control an optional reheat coil. Airflow is held constant at any given thermostat output pressure regardless of changes in inlet duct static pressure.
Normally Open Damper: On failure of the main air supply the damper will fail to the open position.

PROJECT:



ENGINEER:

BTH/BC

CUSTOMER:

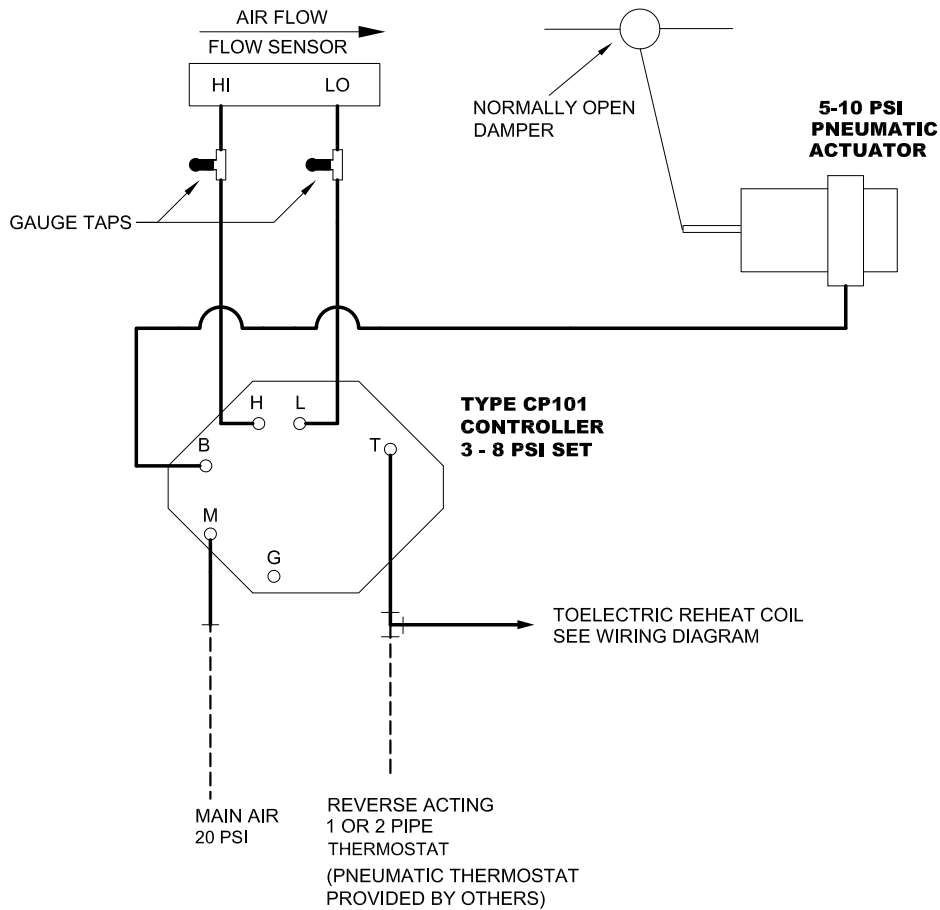
231774

SUBMITTAL DATE:

SPEC. SYMBOL:

2011/11/07

FPC8 / FPCE8 / FPCQ8
 Kreuter CP-101
 Clg., HW Reheat Optional
 Constant Vol., Continuous Fan
 Pressure Independent
 R.A. T'Stat, N.O. Damper



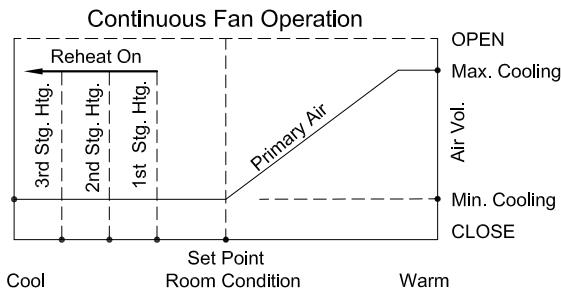
NOTES:

1. TOTAL AIR CONSUMPTION 0.017 SCFM.

LEGEND

————— FACTORY PNEUMATIC TUBING
- - - - - FIELD PNEUMATIC TUBING

CONTROL GRAPH



Sequence of Operation -- Constant volume, continuous fan, pressure independent, normally open, reverse acting cooling application with electric reheat coil.

The unit fan operates continuously.

An increase in space temperature decreases the thermostat output pressure. When the thermostat output decreases to 3 psi or less, the VAV box damper is maintained at the pre-selected maximum flow setting.

A decrease in space temperature increases the thermostat output pressure. When the thermostat output increases to 8 psi or more, the VAV box damper is maintained at the pre-selected minimum flow setting.

At thermostat output pressures between 3 & 8 psi the VAV damper modulates between minimum & maximum flow settings.

At thermostat output pressures above 8 psi the minimum flow setting is maintained, and the thermostat will control the electric reheat coil. Airflow is held constant at any given thermostat output pressure regardless of changes in inlet duct static pressure.

Normally Open Damper: On failure of the main air supply the damper will fail to the open position.

PROJECT:

ENGINEER:

CUSTOMER:

SUBMITTAL DATE:

SPEC. SYMBOL:

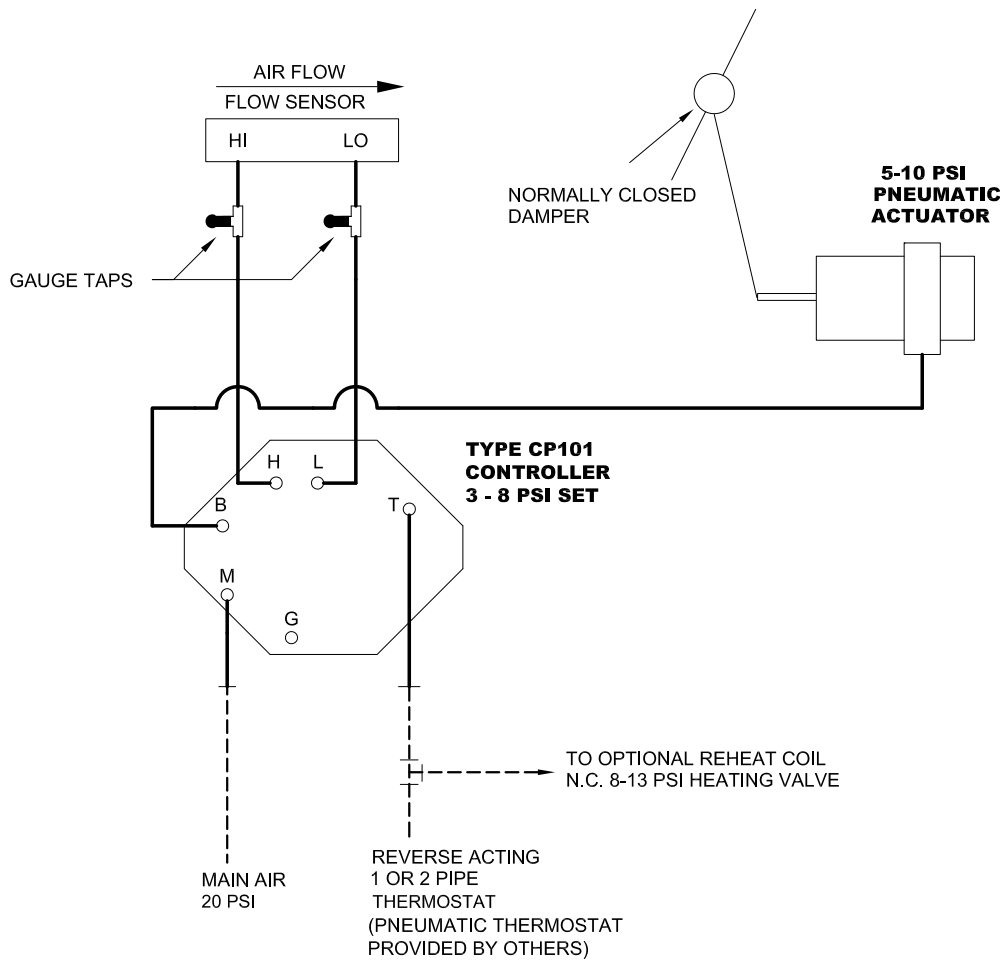


BTG/BL

231775

2011/11/07

FPC8 / FPCE8 / FPCQ8
Kreuter CP-101
Clg., Electric Reheat Coil
Constant Vol., Continuous Fan
Pressure Independent
R.A. T'Stat, N.O. Damper



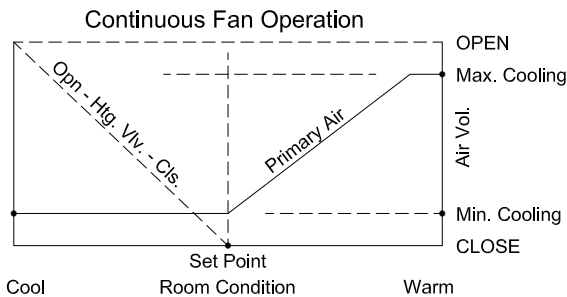
NOTES:

1. TOTAL AIR CONSUMPTION 0.017 SCFM.

LEGEND

- FACTORY PNEUMATIC TUBING
- FIELD PNEUMATIC TUBING

CONTROL GRAPH



Sequence of Operation -- Constant volume, continuous fan, pressure independent, reverse acting, normally closed cooling application. HW reheat coil is optional.

The unit fan operates continuously. An increase in space temperature decreases the thermostat output pressure. When the thermostat output decreases to 3 psi or less, the VAV box damper is maintained at the pre-selected maximum flow setting. A decrease in space temperature increases the thermostat output pressure. When the thermostat output increases to 8 psi or more, the VAV box damper is maintained at the pre-selected minimum flow setting. At thermostat output pressures between 3 & 8 psi the VAV damper modulates between minimum & maximum flow settings. At thermostat output pressures above 8 psi the minimum flow setting is maintained, and the thermostat may control an optional reheat coil. Airflow is held constant at any given thermostat output pressure regardless of changes in inlet duct static pressure. **Normally Closed Damper:** On failure of the main air supply the damper will fail to the closed position.

PROJECT:



ENGINEER:

BTH/BL

CUSTOMER:

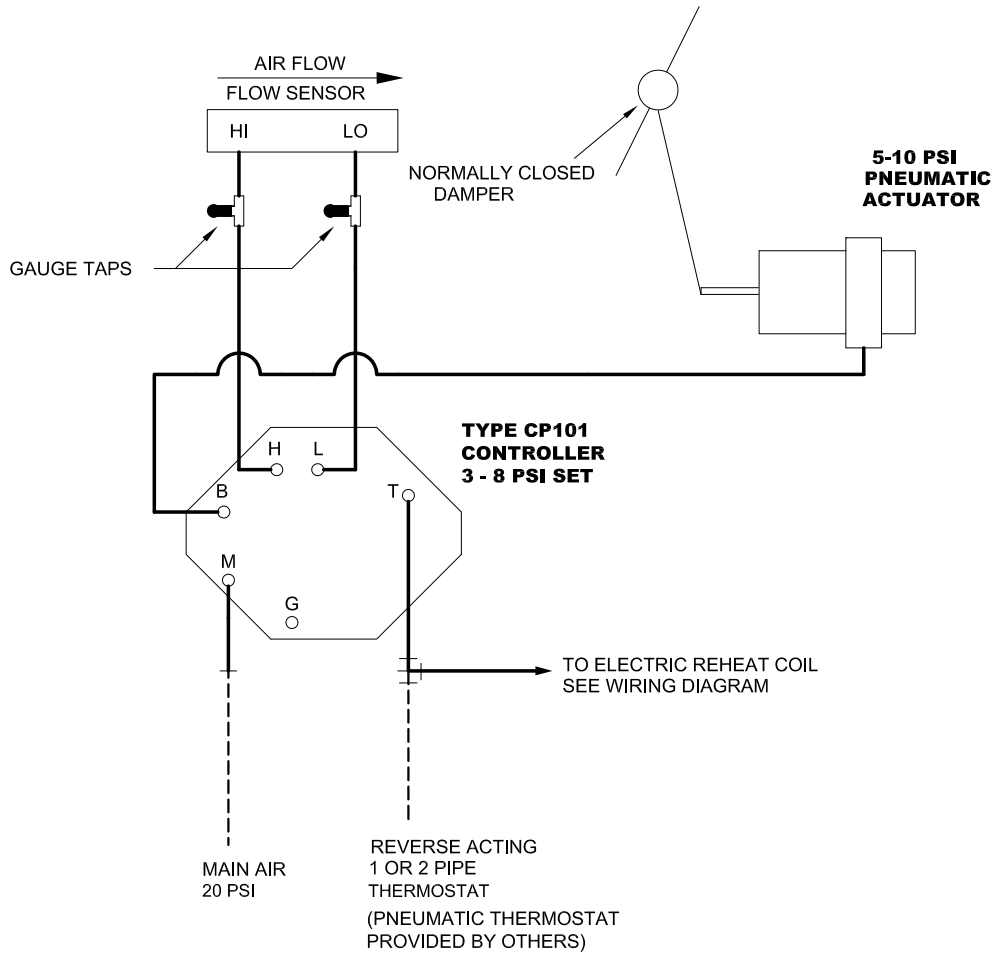
231776

SUBMITTAL DATE:

SPEC. SYMBOL:

2011/11/07

FPC8 / FPCE8 / FPCQ8
Kreuter CP-101
Clg., HW Reheat Optional
Constant Vol., Continuous Fan
Pressure Independent
R.A. T'Stat, N.C. Damper



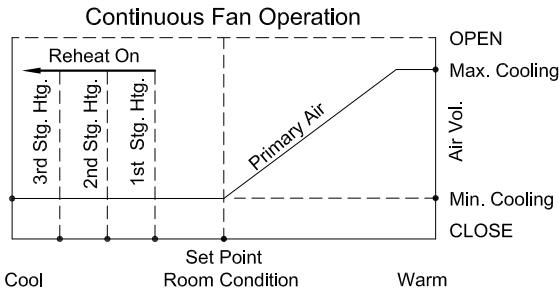
NOTES:

1. TOTAL AIR CONSUMPTION 0.017 SCFM.

LEGEND

————— FACTORY PNEUMATIC TUBING
- - - - - FIELD PNEUMATIC TUBING

CONTROL GRAPH



Sequence of Operation -- Constant volume, continuous fan, pressure independent, normally closed, reverse acting cooling application with electric reheat coil.

The unit fan operates continuously.
An increase in space temperature decreases the thermostat output pressure. When the thermostat output decreases to 3 psi or less, the VAV box damper is maintained at the pre-selected maximum flow setting. A decrease in space temperature increases the thermostat output pressure. When the thermostat output increases to 8 psi or more, the VAV box damper is maintained at the pre-selected minimum flow setting. At thermostat output pressures between 3 & 8 psi the VAV damper modulates between minimum & maximum flow settings. At thermostat output pressures above 8 psi the minimum flow setting is maintained, and the thermostat will control the electric reheat coil. Airflow is held constant at any given thermostat output pressure regardless of changes in inlet duct static pressure.
Normally Closed Damper: On failure of the main air supply the damper will fail to the closed position.

PROJECT:

ENGINEER:

CUSTOMER:

SUBMITTAL DATE:

SPEC. SYMBOL:

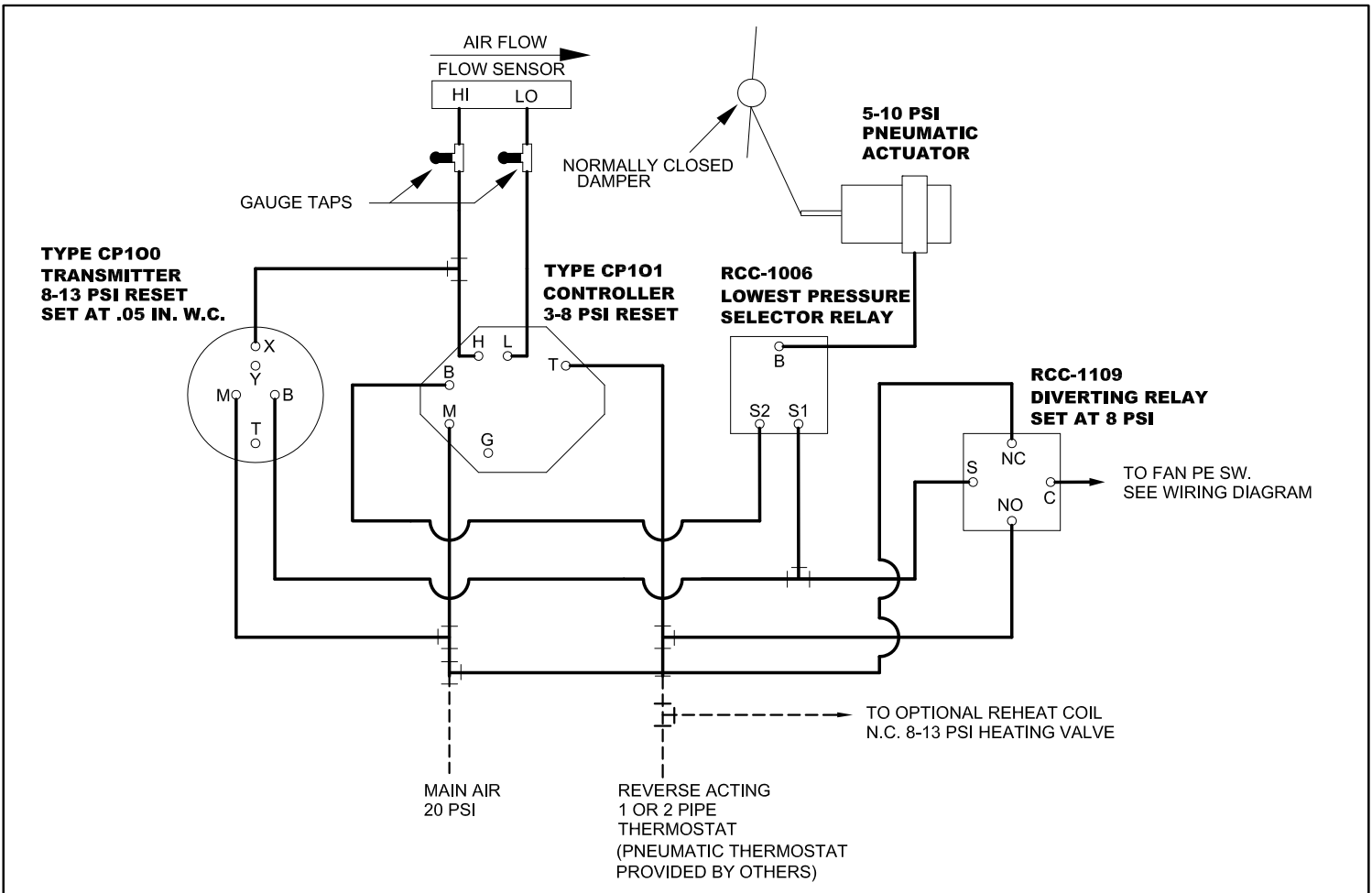


BTG/BC

231777

2011/11/07

FPC8 / FPCE8 / FPCQ8
Kreuter CP-101
Clg., Electric Reheat Coil
Constant Vol., Continuous Fan
Pressure Independent
R.A. T'Stat, N.C. Damper



NOTES:

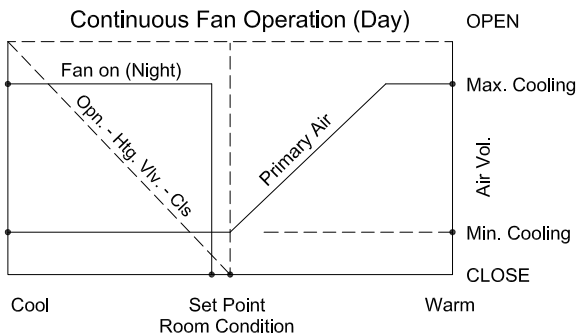
1. TOTAL AIR CONSUMPTION 0.038 SCFM.

LEGEND

————— FACTORY PNEUMATIC TUBING

----- FIELD PNEUMATIC TUBING

CONTROL GRAPH



Sequence of Operation -- Constant volume, fan interlock, pressure independent, normally closed, reverse acting cooling application with primary damper close-off. HW reheat coil is optional.

Day Operation: The unit fan starts and runs continuously when primary air static pressure is sensed at the CP100 controller. An increase in space temperature decreases the thermostat output pressure. When the thermostat output decreases to 3 psi or less, the VAV box damper is maintained at the pre-selected maximum flow setting.

A decrease in space temperature increases the thermostat output pressure. When the thermostat output increases to 8 psi, the VAV box damper is maintained at the pre-selected minimum flow setting. At thermostat output pressures above 8 psi, the minimum flow setting is maintained, and the thermostat may also control an optional reheat coil.

Airflow is held constant at any given thermostat output pressure regardless of changes in inlet duct static pressure.

Night Operation: When no primary air static pressure is sensed at the CP100 controller the VAV damper is driven to the closed position and the unit fan is off. On a continued decrease in space temperature the thermostat will energize the unit fan and control an optional reheat coil to maintain the thermostat setting.

Normally Closed Damper: On failure of the main air supply the damper will fail to the closed position.

PROJECT:

ENGINEER:

CUSTOMER:

SUBMITTAL DATE:

SPEC. SYMBOL:

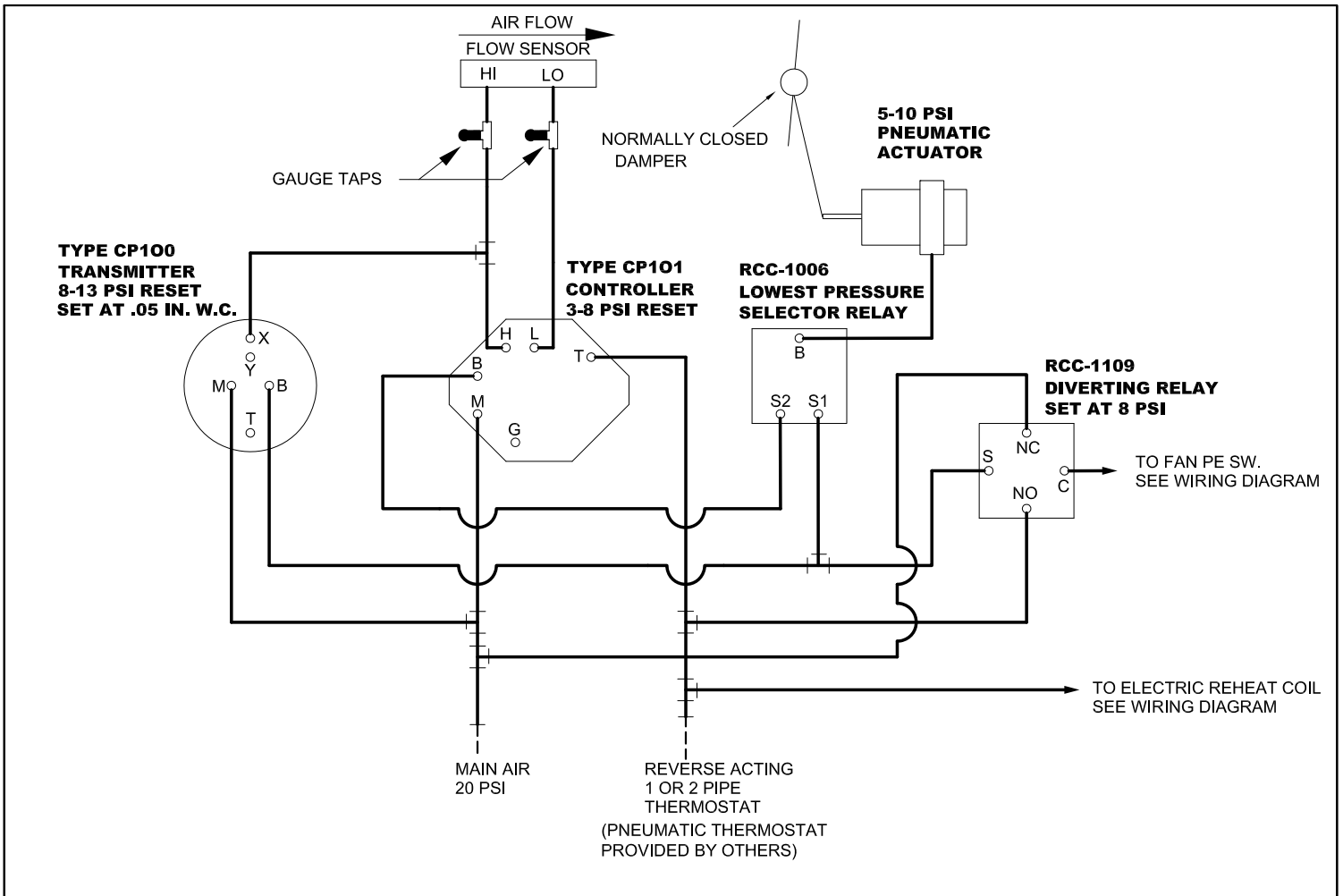


BTH/BL

231778

2011/11/07

FPC8 / FPCE8 / FPCQ8
Kreuter CP-101
Clg., HW Reheat Optional
Constant Vol., Fan Interlock
Pressure Independent
R.A. T'Stat, N.C. Damper



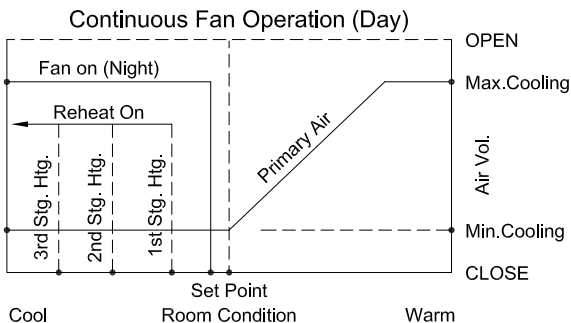
NOTES:

1. TOTAL AIR CONSUMPTION 0.038 SCFM.

LEGEND

- FACTORY PNEUMATIC TUBING
- - - - - FIELD PNEUMATIC TUBING

CONTROL GRAPH



Sequence of Operation -- Constant volume, fan interlock, pressure independent, normally closed, reverse acting cooling application with electric reheat coil and primary damper close-off.

Day Operation: The unit fan starts and runs continuously when primary air static pressure is sensed at the CP100 controller.

An increase in space temperature decreases the thermostat output pressure. When the thermostat output decreases to 3 psi or less, the VAV box damper is maintained at the pre-selected maximum flow setting.

A decrease in space temperature increases the thermostat output pressure. When the thermostat output increases to 8 psi, the VAV box damper is maintained at the pre-selected minimum flow setting. At thermostat output pressures above 8 psi, the minimum flow setting is maintained, and the thermostat may also control the electric reheat coil.

Airflow is held constant at any given thermostat output pressure regardless of changes in inlet duct static pressure.

Night Operation: When no primary air static pressure is sensed at the CP100 controller the VAV damper is driven to the closed position and the unit fan is off.

On a continued decrease in space temperature the thermostat will energize the unit fan and control an electric reheat coil to maintain the thermostat setting.

Normally Closed Damper: On failure of the main air supply the damper will fail to the closed position.

PROJECT:

ENGINEER:

CUSTOMER:

SUBMITTAL DATE:

SPEC. SYMBOL:

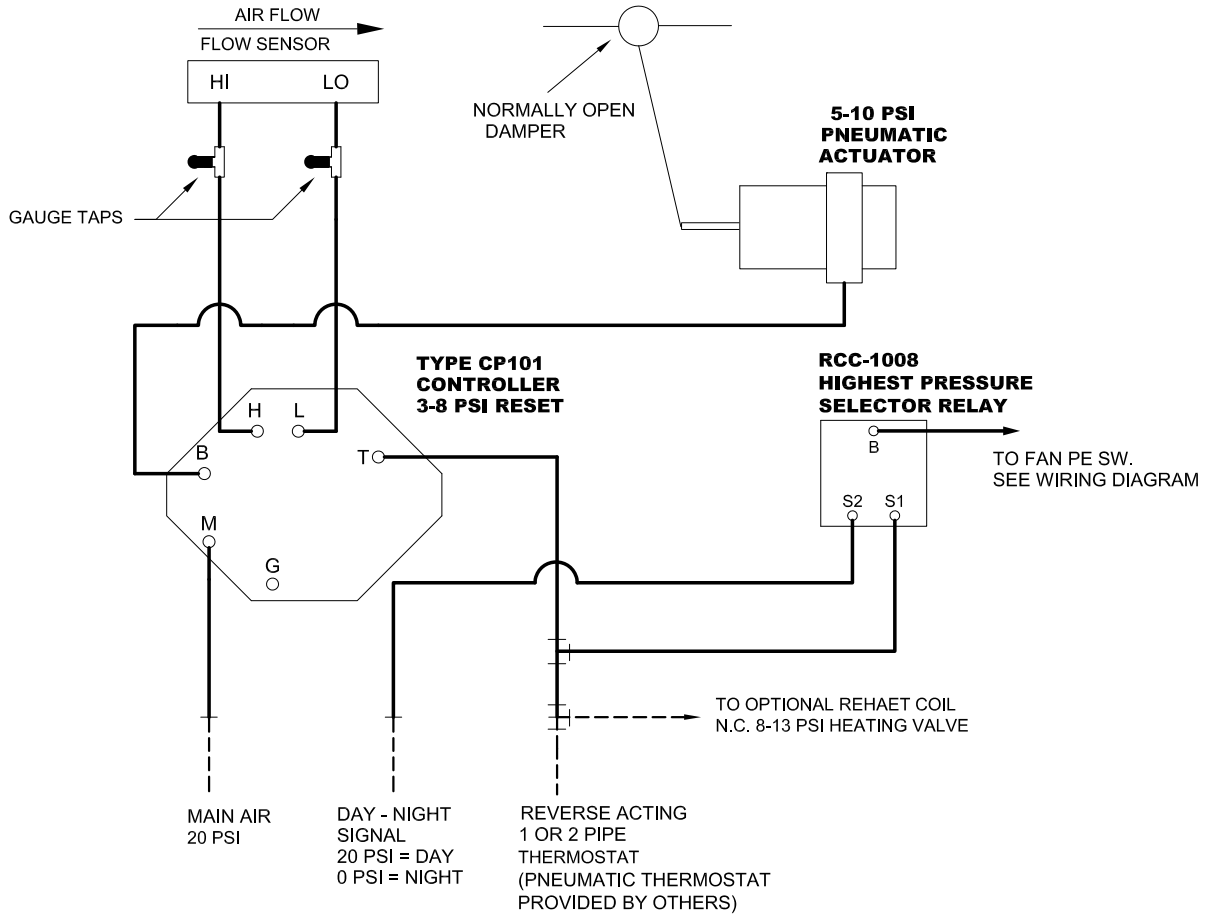


BTG/BL

231779

2011/11/07

FPC8 / FPC8 / FPCQ8
Kreuter CP-101
Clg., Electric Reheat Coil
Constant Vol., Fan Interlock
Pressure Independent
R.A. T'Stat, N.C. Damper



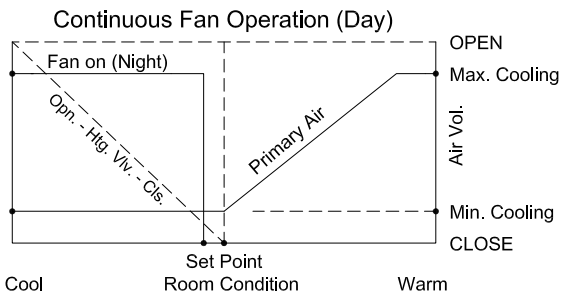
NOTES:

1. TOTAL AIR CONSUMPTION 0.017 SCFM.

LEGEND

————— FACTORY PNEUMATIC TUBING
 - - - - - FIELD PNEUMATIC TUBING

CONTROL GRAPH



Sequence of Operation -- Constant volume, Day-Night fan, pressure independent, normally open, reverse acting cooling application. HW reheat coil is optional.

Day Operation: The unit fan starts and runs continuously when the pneumatic signal from the central control system is at 20 psi. An increase in space temperature decreases the thermostat output pressure. When the thermostat output decreases to 3 psi or less, the VAV box damper is maintained at the pre-selected maximum flow setting. A decrease in space temperature increases the thermostat output pressure. When the thermostat output increases to 8 psi the VAV box damper is maintained at the pre-selected minimum flow setting. At thermostat output pressures above 8 psi the minimum flow setting is maintained, and the thermostat may also control an optional reheat coil. Airflow is held constant at any given thermostat output pressure regardless of changes in inlet duct static pressure.

Night Operation: The unit fan is off when the pneumatic signal from the central control system is at 0 psi. On a continued decrease in space temperature the thermostat will energize the unit fan and control an optional reheat coil to maintain the thermostat setting.

Normally Open Damper: On failure of the main air supply the damper will fail to the open position.

PROJECT:

ENGINEER:

CUSTOMER:

SUBMITTAL DATE:

SPEC. SYMBOL:

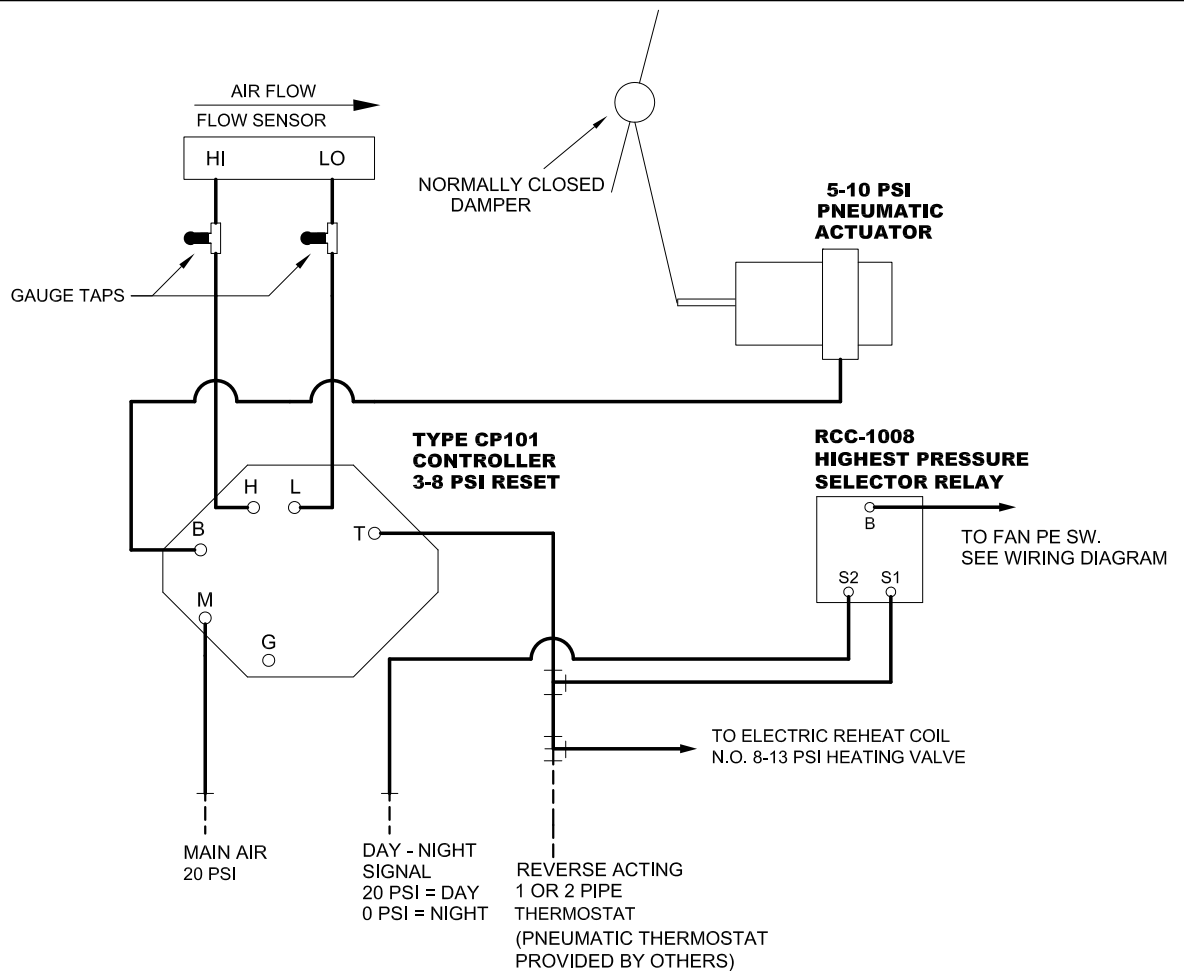


BTG/BC

231780

2011/11/07

FPC8 / FPCE8 / FPCQ8
 Kreuter CP-101
 Clg., HW Reheat Optional
 Constant Vol., Day-Night Fan
 Pressure Independent
 R.A. T'Stat, N.O. Damper



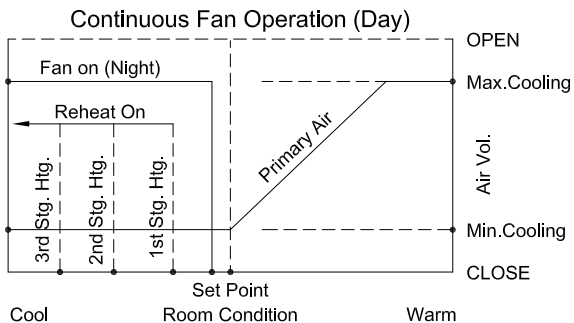
NOTES:

1. TOTAL AIR CONSUMPTION 0.017 SCFM.

LEGEND

- FACTORY PNEUMATIC TUBING
- - - - - FIELD PNEUMATIC TUBING

CONTROL GRAPH



Sequence of Operation -- Constant volume, Day-Night fan, pressure independent, normally closed, reverse acting cooling application with electric reheat coil.

Day Operation: The unit fan starts and runs continuously when the pneumatic signal from the central control system is at 20 psi.

An increase in space temperature decreases the thermostat output pressure. When the thermostat output decreases to 3 psi or less, the VAV box damper is maintained at the pre-selected maximum flow setting.

A decrease in space temperature increases the thermostat output pressure. When the thermostat output increases to 8 psi, the VAV box damper is maintained at the pre-selected minimum flow setting. At thermostat output pressures above 8 psi the minimum flow setting is maintained, and the thermostat may control the electric reheat coil.

Airflow is held constant at any given thermostat output pressure regardless of changes in inlet duct static pressure.

Night Operation: The unit fan is off when the pneumatic signal from the central control system is at 0 psi. On a continued decrease in space temperature the thermostat will energize the unit fan and control an electric reheat coil to maintain the thermostat setting.

Normally Closed Damper: On failure of the main air supply the damper will fail to the closed position.

PROJECT:

ENGINEER:

CUSTOMER:

SUBMITTAL DATE:

SPEC. SYMBOL:

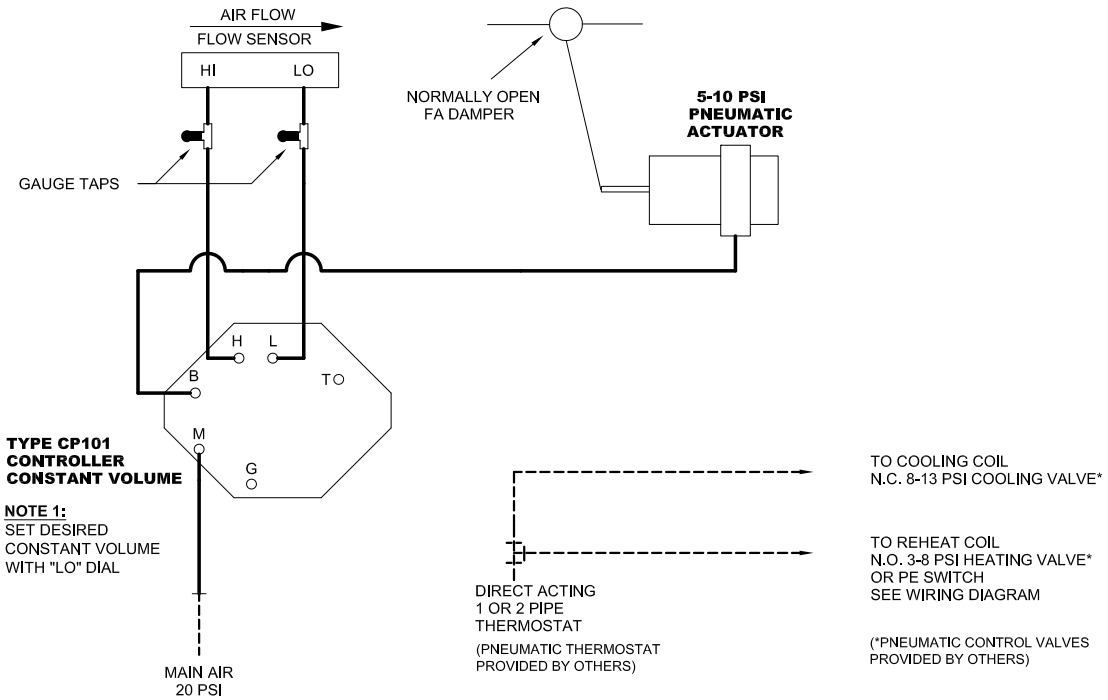


BTH/BL

231781

2011/11/07

FPC8 / FPCE8 / FPCQ8
Kreuter CP-101
Clg., Electric Reheat Coil
Constant Vol., Day-Night Fan
Pressure Independent
R.A. T'Stat, N.C. Damper



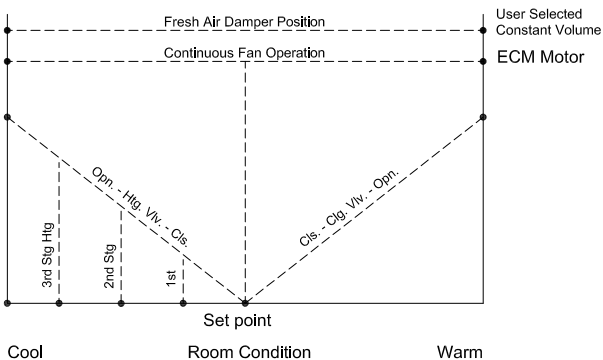
LEGEND

- FACTORY PNEUMATIC TUBING
- - - - - FIELD PNEUMATIC TUBING

NOTES:

1. TOTAL AIR CONSUMPTION 0.017 SCFM.

CONTROL GRAPH



Sequence of Operation – Constant Volume, pressure independant fresh Air, continous fan, normally open, direct acting heating/cooling application.

Operation:

The unit fan runs continuously.

An increase in space temperature increases the thermostat output pressure. When the thermostat output increases from 8 PSI or more, the CW valve is modulated open.

A decrease in space temperature decreases the thermostat output pressure. When the thermostat output pressure decreases from 8 PSI or less, the CW valve is closed and the HW valve is modulated open or PE switches activate one or more stages of electric reheat.

Fresh air volume is held constant at any given thermostat output pressure regardless of changes in thermostat pressure.

Normally Open Damper:

On failure of the main air supply the fresh air damper will fail to the open position.

PROJECT:

ENGINEER:

CUSTOMER:

SUBMITTAL DATE:

SPEC. SYMBOL:



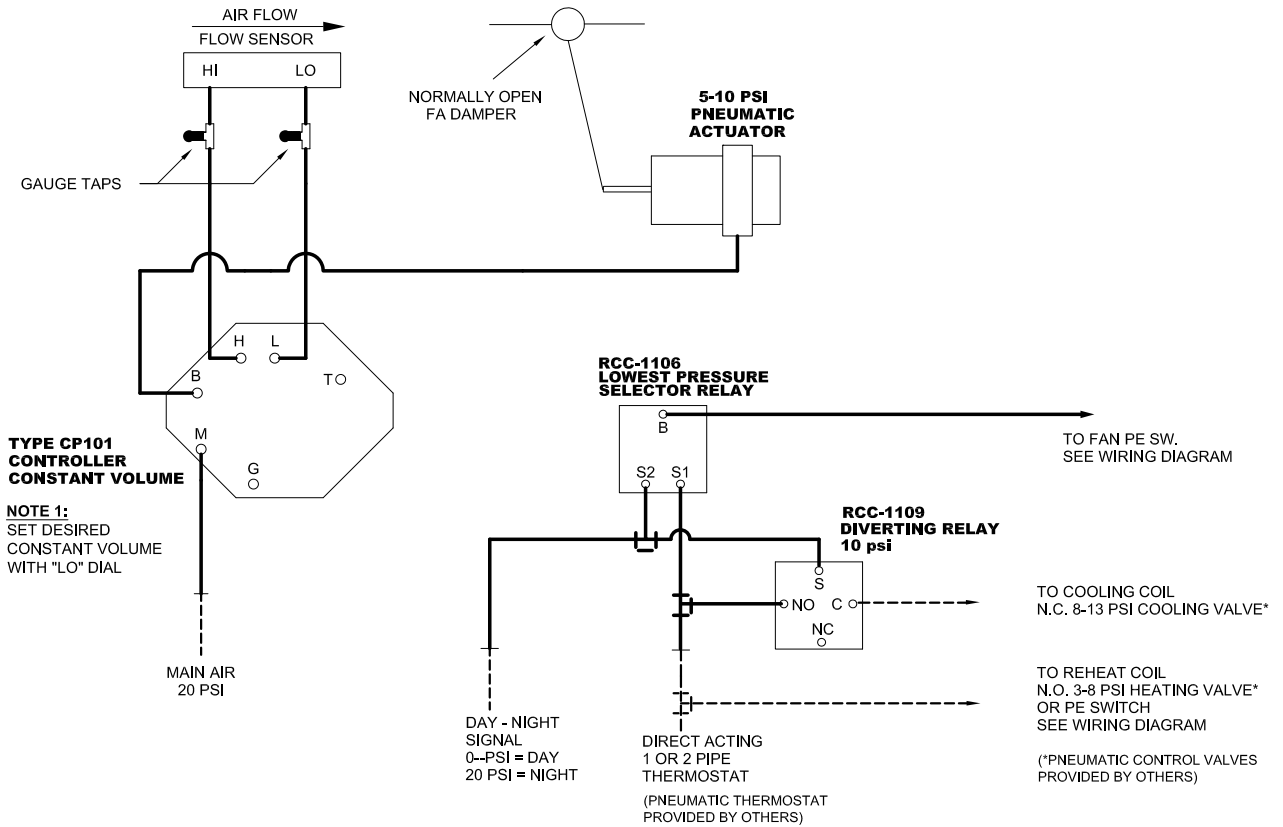
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261371

2012/10/19

FPCOA

KREUTER CP-101
FA, CLG/HTG
Constant Volume, Continuous Fan
D.A. T-STAT, N.O. DAMPER
NON-CONDENSING APPLICATION



LEGEND

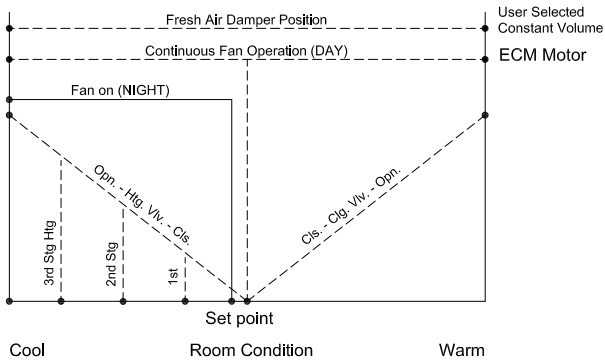
————— FACTORY PNEUMATIC TUBING

- - - - - FIELD PNEUMATIC TUBING

NOTES:

1. TOTAL AIR CONSUMPTION 0.0291 SCFM.

CONTROL GRAPH



Sequence of Operation – Constant Volume, pressure independant fresh Air, day/night fan, normally open, direct acting heating/cooling application.

Day Operation:

The unit fan starts and runs continuously when the pneumatic signal from the central control system is 0 PSI.

An increase in space temperature increases the thermostat output pressure. When the thermostat output increases from 8 PSI or more, the CW valve is modulated open.

A decrease in space temperature decreases the thermostat output pressure. When the thermostat output pressure decreases from 8 PSI or less, the CW valve is closed and the HW valve is modulated open or PE switches activate one or more stages of electric reheat.

Fresh air volume is held constant at any given thermostat output pressure regardless of changes in thermostat pressure.

Night Operation:

The unit fan is off when the pneumatic signal from the central control system is at 20 PSI.

On a continued decrease in space temperature the thermostat will energize the unit fan and control the reheat coil to maintain the thermostat setting. The CW valve is disabled.

Normally Open Damper:

On failure of the main air supply the fresh air damper will fail to the open position.

PROJECT:

ENGINEER:

CUSTOMER:

SUBMITTAL DATE:

SPEC. SYMBOL:

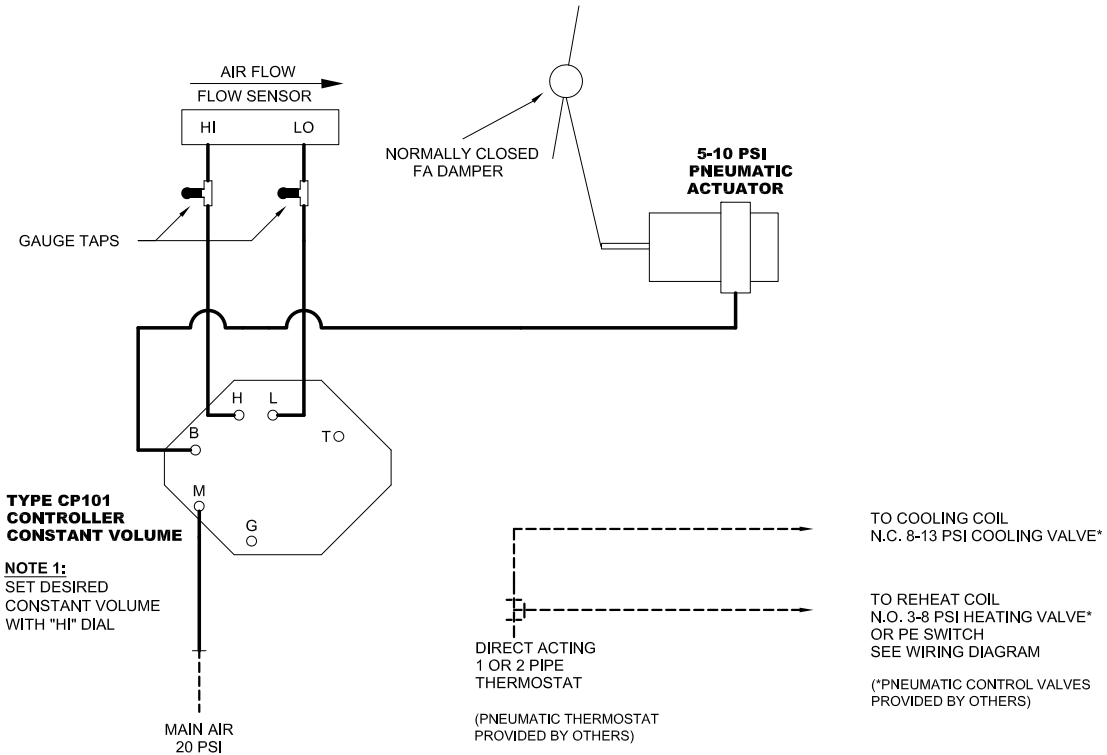


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FPCOA
KREUTER CP-101
FA, CLG/HTG
Constant Volume, Day-Night Fan
D.A.T-STAT, N.O. DAMPER
NON-CONDENSING APPLICATION

261372

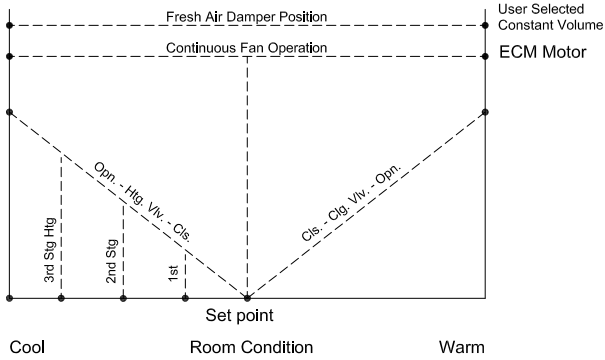
2012/10/19



LEGEND
 ——— FACTORY PNEUMATIC TUBING
 - - - - - FIELD PNEUMATIC TUBING

NOTES:
 1. TOTAL AIR CONSUMPTION 0.017 SCFM.

CONTROL GRAPH



Sequence of Operation – Constant Volume, pressure independant fresh Air, continous fan, normally open, direct acting heating/cooling application.

Operation:
 The unit fan runs continuously.

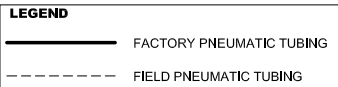
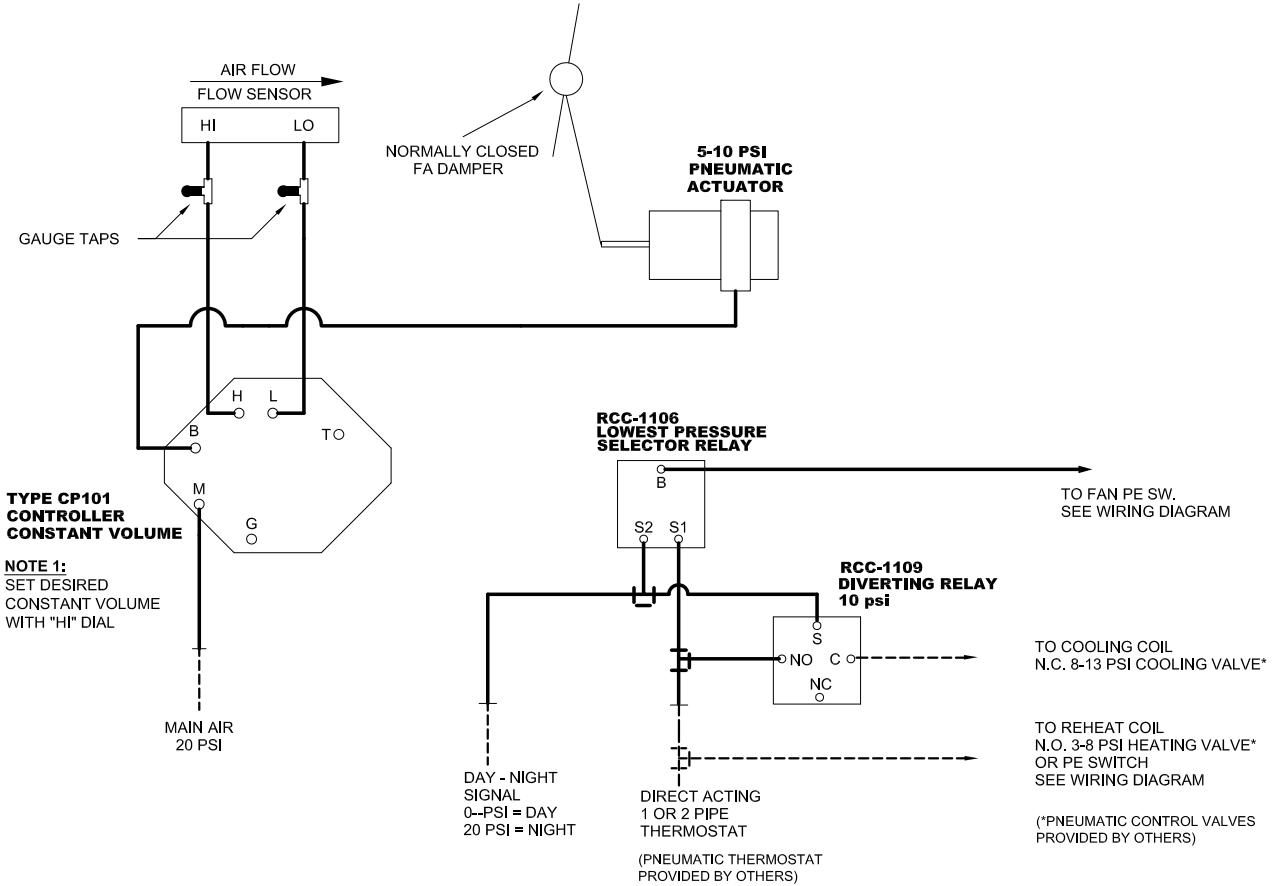
An increase in space temperature increases the thermostat output pressure. When the thermostat output increases from 8 PSI or more, the CW valve is modulated open.

A decrease in space temperature decreases the thermostat output pressure. When the thermostat output pressure decreases from 8 PSI or less, the CW valve is closed and the HW valve is modulated open or PE switches activate one or more stages of electric reheat.

Fresh air volume is held constant at any given thermostat output pressure regardless of changes in thermostat pressure.

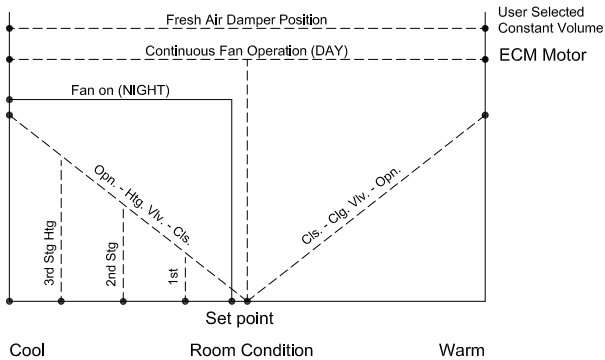
Normally Closed Damper:
 On failure of the main air supply the fresh air damper will fail to the closed position.

PROJECT:		PRICE [®]	
ENGINEER:			
CUSTOMER:		261373	FPCOA KREUTER CP-101 FA, CLG/HTG Constant Volume, Continuous Fan D.A. T-STAT, N.C. DAMPER NON-CONDENSING APPLICATION
SUBMITTAL DATE:	SPEC. SYMBOL:	2012/10/19	



NOTES:
1. TOTAL AIR CONSUMPTION 0.0291 SCFM.

CONTROL GRAPH



Sequence of Operation – Constant Volume, pressure independant fresh Air, day/night fan, normally open, direct acting heating/cooling application.

Day Operation:

The unit fan starts and runs continuously when the pneumatic signal from the central control system is 0 PSI.

An increase in space temperature increases the thermostat output pressure. When the thermostat output increases from 8 PSI or more, the CW valve is modulated open.

A decrease in space temperature decreases the thermostat output pressure. When the thermostat output pressure decreases from 8 PSI or less, the CW valve is closed and the HW valve is modulated open or PE switches activate one or more stages of electric reheat.

Fresh air volume is held constant at any given thermostat output pressure regardless of changes in thermostat pressure.

Night Operation:

The unit fan is off when the pneumatic signal from the central control system is at 20 PSI.

On a continued decrease in space temperature the thermostat will energize the unit fan and control the reheat coil to maintain the thermostat setting. The CW valve is disabled.

Normally Closed Damper:

On failure of the main air supply the fresh air damper will fail to the closed position.

PROJECT:

ENGINEER:

CUSTOMER:

SUBMITTAL DATE:

SPEC. SYMBOL:

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261374

2012/10/19